DEA1, and UGU'S.

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—WANTED, a SITUATION as Town or Country TRAVELLER; attifactory references given. Address J. B., HERALD Office.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS—Wanted, a
well-educated YOUTH, of good address, as an
APPRENTICE Apply to W. BROCKLEBANK, Globe
Disconnect Globe

Dispensary, Glebe.

TO CAPITALISTS.—Required, a PARTNER, either sleeping or active, with about £3000 capital, in a first-rate business, many years established in Sydney. Every satisfaction given as to connection, profits, &c. References required, and none but principals treated with. For particulars apply to CHARLES MOORE and CO., auctioneers, Pitt-street.

WANTED -Families, requiring good Servants will find them at Mrs. CAPPS' Office, King-street.

WANTED, to BUY City or Suburban Property, Value £400 to £600. Private, HERALD Office.

WANTED, APPRENTICES, to the Dressmaking.
Apply 90, Elizabeth-street North.

WANTED, a CHAFFCUTTER. Address, stating price, &c., to A. W., HERALD Office.

WANTED, 20 bashels Sorghum and Imphes 8EED.
THOMAS DAWSON, suctioneer, 421, George-st.

WANTED, a plain COOK and LAUNDRESS, Mrs. MARTIN, corner of Kent and Crescent sta

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, from 15 to 16. Apply at 76, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL as Nurse; references required. 71, Dowling-street.

WANTED, a PARLOURMAID. Apply to Mrs. JAMES MARTIN, Clarens, Potts Point.

WANTED, a NURSE and NEEDLEWOMAN. Apply, 88, King-street East.

WANTED, Female General SERVANT. 52, King-street West.

warret West.

WANTED, an active young GIRL, to be generally useful. Enquire at 195, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, a GIRL about sixteen, to make herself useful. Apply 289, George-street.

WANTED, a good Fernale COOK, at Montague House. 15, Church-hill.

V ANTED, to purchase SORGHUM. in any quantities. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-street, near Theatre, Sydney.

V ANTED, to purchase SORGHUM. in any quantities. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-street, near Theatre, Sydney.

V ANTED, the Iron Trade to know that a DISPUTE at present exists between P. N. RUSSELL and CO, and their late workmen.

V ANTED, a SITUATION, for a thorough Housemald, or Waitress, in an hotel. Mrs. CAPPS, King-street.

TANTED, a GIRL, of about 14 years, to assist in

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, with good references. Apply at the Prince of Wales Hotel, Lower George-street.

WANTED, Two SADDLERS; none but good work-men need apply. HINTON, BROTHERS, 417, George-street.

WANTED, a steady Man, as SECOND WAITER; one who understands his duties. Apply to the HOUSE STEWARD, Union Club; reference required.

WANTED, a respectable Office YOUTH—secus-tomed to books. Apply to R. NURCOMB, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a respectable Female as NURSE and Needlewoman. Apply Mrs. MOSS, 714, George-street South.

WANTED to Rent, a Six-roomed COTTAGE, with kitchen, &c., in the suburbs, within half-an-hour's ride of the Post Office. Apply by letter, stating terms, to MERCATOR, HERALD Office.

W ANTED, a Man, to assist to dredge oysters, at Newcastle; Lads, for restarsunts; General Farming Men, and numerous Female Domestic Servants in many capacities. Intelligence Offices, King-street.

WANTED, a good Female COOK; also, a General SERVANT—for a Boarding House. References required, and good wages given, Apply early, H. WALLACH, 153, Lower George-street.

W ANTED, 100 Good PICK and SHOVEL MEN, on the Camden and Campbelltown Road. Apply to J. W. HAWTHORN, Camden; or to EDWARD ROUETT, on the works.

WANTED. — Wanted, a YOUTH accustomed to horses, well acquainted with the town. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. this day, at D. JONES and CO. S, George-street.

WANTED, a GENTLEMAN who has been accustomed to the Examination of Copper-fields, to Report upon a Field in Australia; testimonials of computency required. Address Box 184, Post Office.

W ANTED, an UPHOLSTERER, at FREDERICK PEARSON'S cabinet warehouse, 270, Pitt-street. None but a good and steady hand need apply. Opposite Bell's the butcher's.

WANTED, to purchase a good Preshold Property in Balmain, HOUSE to consist of not less than six good rooms, with ether conveniencies stached. Also, garden ground, &c. &c. Apply E. RAMSAY, grocer and house agent, Balmain.

WANTED, by a respectable young Woman SITUATION as HOUSEMAID or Nurser Apply Mrs. WILLIAMSON, 162, Cumberland-street

NO. 7264.--VOL. XLIV.

BIRTHS.
On the 17th instant, 1, Bishopthorpe-terrace, Glebe, Mrs.
On the lift hissant, at Yarnila, Concord, the wife of Mr. Thomas
Walker, of adaughter.
On the lift his ant, at the residence, Colin Cottage, West
Maitland, Mrs. W. T. Lee, of a daughter.

On the 17th astant, at 103, Prince-street, by special license, by the Rev. John Reid, of the Scote 'Church, Church-hill, Henry Booth Moulton, master mariner, native of Kenilworth, Eagthni, to Margare Kennedy, daughter of William Kennedy, Dangarvia, Ireland.

DRATH.

At her residence, 20. Francis-street, Jame, the beloved wife of Mr. Thomas Collier, late of Aberdeenshire, Scotland. SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

O YERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—
THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY'S steamahip

J. M. ROGERS, commander, will be despatched for
GALLE, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, speciel,
seed, touching at MELBOURNE and KING GEORGE'S
SOUND.
For particulars, regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR
AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Limes, apply to

Moor's Wharf, Sydney, 22nd August, 1861.

O TAGO GOLD FIELDS.—STEAM to OFAGO
direct.—The Intercolonial Royal Mail Company's
Steamahip LORD ASHLEY, E. WHEELER, commander, (now loading) will be despatched on MONDAY,
the 23rd September.

This steamer (proceeding to Otago direct) offers a very
favourable opportunity to shippers and passengers. Roturi
tickets issued at reduced rates, entitling the holder to remain
a month in New Zealand.
For further particulars apply at the Company's office,
Series to Shingers.—All Youde must, be on board and

For further particulars apply at the Company's office.

Notice to Shippers.—All goods must be on board and bills of lading presented by five p.m. on SATURDAY, the 21st September.

Grafton Wharf. SAMUEL CLARK, Manager.

Reafton Wharf.

N EW ZEALAND GOLD-FIELDS.—
STEAM TO OTAGO DIRECT,
The splendid steamship KEMBLA,
The fastest vessel in the Australian colonies, will (-hould sufficient inducement offer) leave at an early date for OTAGO DIRECT.
Salcoon, £12 lbs.; stearqe, £9 9s.
From the great speed of this vessel, passengers may rely upon being at the diggrings on the FIFTH DAY.

MANLY BEACH STRAMER DAILY.—Fares,
Circular Quay. Weodloomeoloo. Manly.
10-15, 2-15., 5-45 10-30, 2-30. 8-15, 1-20, 4-30.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—The swift and favourite Boats now ply as follows:—

favourite Boats now ply as follows:—
ON WEEK DAYS.
From Parramatta, at 7 and 11 a.m., and 3 p.m.
From Sydney, at 9 a.m., and 1 and 5 p.m.
ON SUNDAYS.

ON SUNDAYS.

From Parramatta, at 7 a.m., and 4 p.m.
From Sydney, at 9 a.m., and 5.46 p.m.
FARES.
Cabin 1s. 6d.
Ditto return ... 1s. 6d.
Or Ninepence each way.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—
The WILLIAMS, THIS (THURSDAY)
NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.

NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.

Offices, foot of Market-street.

UNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.—Steam to and from the HUNTER, during the months of SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER.

From SYDNEY:

The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 11 p.m.

The WILLIAMS, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 11 p.m.

amstance and newly feet from it to enjoy tered the king pos-of faw or its size, have been

ble meet-e Sunday , in every gathering ing about out 28,500 erformers pectators, t assem-

to his onage ho that his e is thus arrivals, intends

elastic nze kid,

'a uitto.

JOHN

or SALE AND, 13,

street. md-hand, M. TOR-

the above al Station, repair, is or a large a Jackson salubrity

CHARD r. Messrs, ydaey. S. Swan

d, and a two new CARTY.

VES and

BEIL, 6,

ALD.

at 11 p.m. From MORPETH:
The CITY of NEWCASTLE, on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 8 a.m.
The WILLIAMS, ou WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 8 a.m.
A steamer for CLARENCE TOWN, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th, at 11 p.m.
P. J. COHEN, Manager.

Offices, foot of Market-street.

Offices, foot of Market-street.

TLLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO
CLYDE RIVER, THIS DAY, at noon.
MORUYA, THIS DAY, at noon.
WOLLONGONG and KIAMA, THIS DAY, at noon.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN, TO-MORROW, at 11

MERIMBULA, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m. ULLADULLA, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS TO
MELBOURNE, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—
RANGATIRA, TUESDAY APTERNOON, at 3.
EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—RANGATIRA, TUESDAY APTERNOON, at 3.
HUNTER RIVER.—COLLAROY, THIS MORNING
THURSDAY, at 7; and ILLALONG, TOMORROW (FRIDAY) NIGHT, at 11.
CLAIENCE TOWN direct.—COLLAROY, THIS
MORNING, THURSDAY, at 7.
BRISBANE direct.—WARATAH, WEDNESDAY
AFTERNOON, at 6.
MARYBOROUGH direct.—EAGLE, TUESDAY
AFTERNOON, at 6.
GLADSTONE AND ROCKHAMPTON direct.—
BOOMERANG, MONDAY AFTERNOON, at 6
PORT DENISON, via BRISBANE and ROCKHAMPTON.—RAGLE, early in October, if sufficient
inducement offers.

inducement offers.

FROM BRISBANE:
TO IPSWICH.—The IPSWICH and the BRISBANE daily.
To MARYBOROUGH, GLADSTONE, and ROCK-HAMPTON.—CLARENCE, TUESDAY, 1st and

JAMES PATERSON, manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street,

PREIGHT OF WOOL from MORETON BAY, by the A. S. N. Company's steamers.—Wool will be conveyed by the Company's steamers this season, from lpwich or Brisbane to Sydney, at 19s. per bale of ordinary size. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, Sydney, 18th September.

TEAM to THE MANNING RIVER.—The
VICTORIA will leave for the above district twentyfeur hours after arrival.

or hours after arrival. Phoenix Wharf, 17th September

The Mark 17th September.

TEAM to PORT MACQUARIE.—The VICTORIA, on THURSDAY, 3rd October.
Thornix Wharf, 19th September.

TEAM TO OTAGO.—THE NEW GOLD-FIELDS.

TEAM TO OTAGO.—THE NEW GOLD-FIELDS.

TEAM TO OTAGO.—THE NEW GOLD-FIELDS.

The steamship RAINBOW. W. WARNER, cemmander, clears at the Customs TO-MORROW. This vesel offers a most desirable conveyance for passengers, se from he light draught of water she proceeds right up to Duncher.

Dunctin.

Cabin passage, including bedding, &c. £11 0 0

Steerage passage 7 10 0

As she has only room for a few, early application is
necessary, to the Capitain, on board, at Struth's Wharfor to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers. FOR THE MACLEAY RIVER.—The MACLEAY
PACKET, from the Baltic Wharf, first fair wind. POR THE MACLEAY.—The TWINS, on SATUR-DAY. Apply to O'DOWD and CO., Commercial

POR NELLIGEN and MORUYA RIVERS.—The ketch NUMBA, H. BASTON. master, is now receiving cargo, and sails on FRIDAY, 20th instant.

For freight or passago, apply to TROS. M. CAPFERY, Victoria Whatr.

Victoria Wharf.

PIRST VESSEL for MELBOURNE.—The barque willLIAM WATSON, W. S. PENDLETON, commander, is now fast loading, and will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to R. TOWNS and CO.; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers;

FOR MELBOURNE.—The MARY and ROSE clears THIS DAY. ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO.

TANK MELBOURNE WHADE. POR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The clipper schoener BRILLIANT, now receiving cargo, and sails in few days. Apply Pacific Wharf; or WILLIAM WRIGHT, Druitt-street.

POP MELBOURNE DIRECT. — The clipper achooner ABBEY, saits on SATURDAY next. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board; or to BROWN and SON, Market Wharf.

TOR OTAGO.—The Al ship WATRHLOO will pro-oced direct to Otago should a sufficient number of passengers after, and being ready for sea will leave at once. Apply to Captain GREEN, on board, at the Circular-quay; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Margaret-street.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1861.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOR ADELAIDE direct.—The first-class British brig
WOODLARE, J. TAYLOR, commander.

For fruight or passage apply to HENRY FISHER and
SON, George and Argyle streets.

OTAGO GOLD-FIELDS.—EF Shippers of horses
and drays are informed that the brig FORTUNE
will be dispatched in a few days.

For freight or cabin passage only apply to B. M.
SAYERS, George-street; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND,
and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

For sale, affoat, 200 tens Newcastle screened COALS.

OTAGO GOLD-FIELDS.—The ELIZABETH

OT MAGO GOLD-FIELDS.— The ELIZABETH
SHELDON sails on FRIDAY next. Passengers
will please pay balance of passage money by noon, This
Day, the 19th instant, or their borths will be re-let. Has
atill room for two more passengers, and 20 tons more carge.
Apply BROWN and SON, Market Wharf.

still room for two more passengers, and 20 tons more carge. Apply BROWN and SON, Market Wharf.

TOR THE NEW GOLD-FIELDS—OTAGO.—

TOR THE NEW GOLD-FIELDS—OTAGO.—

TO The first-class clipper built ship LADY YOUNG. 800 tons burthen, W. MORRISON (take of the Monarch), commander, will be quickly despatched. Intending passengers are respectfully invited to inspect this vessel at Cuthbert's Wharf. She has most spacious 'tween decks, and thoroughly ventilated, with every accommodation, and offers a most favourable opportunity, both for skippers and passengers.

For freight or passage apply to G. R. DIBBS and CO., Newcastle; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

**One of the owners of this vessel (Mr. J. C. Dibbs) will proceed by her, and will be happy to take charge of any goods consigned to his care.

**EW GOLD FIELDS, OTAGO.—

The amart clipper schooner HIRONDELLE, is now fast loading, and will be quickly despatched. This vessel, from her light draught of water, offers a most favourable opportunity to shippers.

For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

**One of the owners of this vessel will proceed by her.

**One of the owners of this vessel will proceed by her.

(hambers.

, One of the owners of this vessel will proceed by her and will be happy to take charge of goods consigned to his

NEW ZEALAND GOLD-FIELDS.—For OTAGO
Direct.—The fine fast-salling A 1 13 years British
built ship JOHN MASTERMAN, JOHN WEST.
GARTH, commander, will be despatched immediately for
the above port, being already ballasted, and now ready to

the above port, being aiready ballasted, and now ready to receive passengers.

This reasel, having spacious and lofty tween decks, we rettilated with side scuttles the whole length, fore and aft-offers a most desirable opportunity to intending passengers and as the dietary will be on the most liberal scale, a pre-ference is confidently expected, and to that end inspection is invited.

For terms of freight or passage apply to the Captain of Purser on board Botts' Wharf.

Furser on board Botts' Wharf.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.—The fine new Aberdeen
clipper ahip MARQUIS OF ARGYLE, 515 tons
register, JAMES MONRO, Commander, is now receiving
cargo at the Circular Quay, and will be despatched
about the lst OCTOBER.
This vessel has superior poop accommodation for
passengers.

This vessel has superior peop accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain MONRO, on board; Messra MOLISON and BLACK, Bridge-street; or to the agents, BUYERS and CO., Charlotte-place.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM and SONS (of Blackwall Yard, London) LINE OF PACKETS, from MELBOURNE to LONDON.—To sail on the 10th October.—The renowned clipper ship KENT, 1100 tons, T. M. CLAYTON, commander, has again arrived, after a passage of 78 days, will sail positively on the above date; has aplendid accommodation for all classes of passengers, and carries an experienced surgeon.

RATES.

First cabin, according to agreement.

First cabin, according to agreement.
Second ditto, £35 to £40, including steward's attendant Third sitte, £23 5s.
Steerage (spen berths), £19 5s.
Including passage to Melbourne.
J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

TOR LONDON.—The favourite and regular trader
Al 13 years' ship CANAAN, 840 tons register,
W. WILSON, commander, is now receiving earge, and
will be quickly despatched. This vessel is well known for
her superior gnalities, and offers a meast desirable opportunity either for passengors or adippers. A few intermediate passengers will be taken, if arranged for at once.
For freight or passenge apply to Captain WILSON, on
board, Circular Quay; or to BEIERLEY, DEAN, and
CO., 273, George-street,

TOR LONDON direct.—The A1 Aberdeen clipper
helip WAVE OF LIFE, 837 tons register,
CHARLES STUART, commander, will self for the
above port on the lat of November. Passengers are invited
to inspect her superior accommodation.
Apply to Captain STUART, on board, at Circular
Quay; or to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

TO STEAMBOAT OWNERS.—Wanted to Charter, a STEAMER licensed to carry from 100 to 150 passengers. Apply to H. BILLING, Watson's Bay.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, the first-class «lipper brig GAZEILLE, Captain STAFFORD.
ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO., Caledonian Wharf, King-street

Waari, King-street

TOR SALE, Freight, or Charter.—The Al clipper
barque HELEN W. ALMY, J. W. DAVIS,
master, two years eld, 380 tons burthen, in good order, for
any voyage. For particulars enquire of the master, on
board.

A USTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT

SOCIETY, Hunter-street.—Parsuant to a written requisition addressed to me, in terms of the 35th by-law, I hereby call a SPECIAL MEETING of the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, to be held in the Society's Office, on FRIDAY, the twenty-eventh day of September next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, "For the purpose of effecting such alterations in by-law No. 15, as will cause the retirement of an auditor annually, and such further alterations in said by-law as may seem expedient to asid meeting."

annually, and such further alterations in said by-law as may seem expedient to said meeting."

ROBERT THOMSON, secretary.

Sydney, August 28th.

VOLUNTEER BAND.—Practice at the usual hour THIS EVENING. D. CALLEN.

JO. 1 COMPANY SYDNEY BATTALION NO. 1 COMPANY SYDNEY BATTALION VOLUNTEER RIFILES.—Those members who have not received their guard (money for last month are requested; to call at the Volunteer Office and sign the abstracts for it, THIS EVENING, the 19th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock. CRITCHETT WALKER, hon. sec. to the committee.

to the committee.

10. 5 COMPANY S. B. V. RIFLES.—Members of this company are reminded that after the lat October, the undress prescribed by the by-laws must be worn, and that neglect of this rule will subject to a fine of 2s. 6d. on each occasion.

A. G. WLEAN, Captain.

A. G. WILEAN, Captain.

A. G. WILEAN, Captain.

Office.

Office.

Every member is requested to attend.

Those members chosen to represent the company at the R. A. are requested to meet at the Randwick Butts, on THURS-DAY MORNING, at half-past 10 for practice.

W. HARBOTTLE, Captain.

W. HARBOTTLE, Captain.

THERE will be a Special General MEETING of the members of the No. 1 Battery, or Sydney Volunteer Artillery, at half-past 4 o'clock, p.m., of THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at the Volunteer Artillery Brigade Office (in Macquarie-street, adjoining the Colonial Treasury), for the purpose of electing persons to be recommended for appointment as additional non-commissioned officers, in conformity with the Brigade Order of the 30th ultimo.

Sedney, September 11.

ST. LEONARD'S VOLUNTEER RIFLES.—All members are particularly requested to ASSEMBLE opposite the residence of Sergeant Guise, THIS EVEN. ING, at half-past 6° clock, for a moonlight drill. By order, H. BOND GARRETT, honorary secretary. SOUTH SYDNEY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.—The Suburban Companies having been ordered to assemble THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7:30 p.m., at Pyrmont, for BATTALION DRILL, it is requested that members of the above named Company will meet in CLEVELAND PADDOCK, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of taking part in such Brill.

JOHN DAWSON, Captain SYDNEY VOCAL HARMONIC SOCIETY.—The members of the Chorus are respectfully informed that Spohr's Oratorio of the Last Judgment will be put in practice THIS EVENING (Thursday), and a full attendance is particularly requested. JOSEPH DYER, honorary secretary.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—A epocial General MEETING of the members will be held on TUERDAY, 24th instant, at 8 p.m., "To consider the subject of an expenditure not exceeding £2000 in altering the H-II, drafunge, &c., such sum to be raised by mortgage or otherwise."

JOHN T. HOBBS, accordance.

JOHN T. HOBBS, secretary. A NILLUSTRATED LECTURE will be delivered on THURSDAY, the 19th instant at St Stephen's School-room, Newtown, by the Rev. T. SMITH; to commence at Sc clock pr. Subject—The Drunkard's Home. Admission, One Shilling N.B.—Parties who have purchased tickets are requested to attend early.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR. EDWARD CHAPTER.—A Letter lies for you at the

E Post Office.

LEY.—FREDERICK ELEY.—Last letter from him dated July 15th, 1855: at that date was holding land at Bache's Ford, near Geelong; it is thought he may have since gone to Sydney. Those able to give any information will confer a great favour by communicating with Mr. C. J. ELEY, care of Mr. Hewitt, Montague Close, Southwark, London, England.

If THIS meet the eye of FRANCIS DOWNAS, he would greatly oblige by writing to WILLIAM BARKER, Eaq., Elizabeth-street North, where he will hear of his COUSIN, RICHARD FLEMING.

hear of his COUSIN, RICHARD FLEMING.

MISSING.—Mrs. BURNETT left her residence at
Balmain, on Monday last, for the purpose of visiting
Mr. Ivery, of the Black Swan Hotel, Haymarket, whose
house she left at five o clock to return home, since when
mothing has been seen or heard of her. Any information
will be gladly received by Mr. BURNETT, Dry Dock; or
by Mr. IVORY, Haymarket.

SHIP ELEANOR BRUCE, Captain Johnson, from
Birkenhead, in 1859.—MAJORE SWEENY, of
Dunggal, very much desires to hear from her uncle
JAMES R. ARTY. Address to the care of D. Warden,
Eq., Ulladulla.

THOMAS HARVIE.—A Letter lies for you at the
Post Office.

Salem Scudder
NOTICE—REDUCTION OF PRICES, to suit the
times —
Dress circle, 4s.; upper circle, 2s.; pit, 1s.; gallery, 6d.

I Y C E U M T H E A T R E
THE STAR COMPANY.

AZAEL at half-price.
On THURSDAY EVENING, September 19,
The performance will commence with the laughable farce of
UNCLE ZACHARY.

To conclude with the Grand Eastern Spectacle, of
AZAEL.

The management feel great pleasure in announcing to
the public that the great burlesque actor Mr. CHARLES
YOUNG, from the St. James-street Theatre, London, and
the Theatre Reyal, Melbourne, is engaged, and will shortly
appear.

MR. J. CLARK'S QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY, at
his Rooms, Elizabeth-st. North, on FRIDAY next.

AMBING FLAT DIGGINGS.—NOTICE,—PASSENGERS desirous to proceed by Mottley's Van,
requested to apply early this day. Three more passengers
can be taken; also about 5 ewt. of light goods.

DIGEON MATCH, TOWN V. COUNTRY.—The

can be taken; also about 5 cwt. of light goods.

PIGEON MATCH. TOWN V. COUNTRY.—The above match, which was to have taken place at Paramatta, on Saturday next, is unavoidably POSTPONED until further notice.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT will OPEN on SATURDAY next; choice bill of fare. G. CLARKE, Pitt-st.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT.—Select accommodation Gentlemen invited; replete with every comfort. The public invited by G. CLARKE.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT.—Old friends and new faces respectfully invited on SATURDAY next. G. CLARKE.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT — Wild Duck and Green
Peas on SATURDAY EVENING, at 9 o'clock

CLARKE.

HOLLIDAY'S London Coffee House, George-st. North.
Refreshments of all descriptions, at moderate prices.

A LPACA MEAT, dressed in four different ways, with same suitable to the meat, will be ready THIS DAY, at CHEVAL'S Restaurant Français, George street.

EDUCATION mean the See-side, Randwick—At Michaelman, Two VACANCIES will occur fu an establishment for young gentlemen, where only six boarders are received. A sound classical and commercial education insured, combined with every domestic comfort, and an individual attention not obtainable in large schools. The residence is delightfully situate, possessing the amplest means for healthy recreation and sea bathing from its proximity to the sea. For prospectus and terms, which are moderate, apply to Mr. RDSON, Randwick; or to S. HEBELEWHITE, Esq., Pitt-street, Sydney.

JONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1862.—New South Wales Branch.

Her Majosty's Commissioners for New South Wales have decided that, in order to meet the convenience of intending contributors, a few days further extension of time shall be given, up to which articles will be received for exposition.

Persens intending to forward for exhibition, are re-

position.

Persons intending to forward for exhibition, are requested to do so at once.

By order. SEDGWICK S. COWPER, secretary.

By order. SEDGWICK S. COWPER, secretary.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE GLEBE.—Notice of
Appeal.—A COURT of PETTY SESSIONS will
be held in the Central Potice Office, George-street, on
SATURDAY, the 28th September, at 10 o'clock am., to
hear APPEALS against the ASSESSMENT. Any person
wishing to appeal must lodge at the Council Chambers,
Glebe Road, a notice in writing, addressed to the Council
Clerk, at least seven days before the holding of such
Court.

CHARLES STOREY im. Council Clerk

CHARLES STOREY, jun., Council Clerk. September 14.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, as storekeepers, in Mudges, under the style of SHUTTLEWORTH and CHARLTON, is this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent. All liabilities of the firm will be discharged, and all debts due thereto will be received by Mr. CHARLTON.

Dated this thirteenth day of September, 1861.

JOHNSON SHUTTLEWORTH.

EDWARD CHARLTON.

Witness—L. O. D. JAMES.

DWARD CHARLTON begs to announce, with reference to the above advertisement, that he will continue to conduct in his own name the business at the Bee Hive Stores, Mudgee, where he solicits a continuance of the patronage enjoyed by the late firm.

EDWARD CHARLTON.

EDWARD CHARLTON.

LINAL NOTICE.—In the As-irned Estate of Mr.

WILLIAM BARNETT, Wholesale Greer, late of York-street.—CREDITORS in the above Estate who have not yet rendered their claims are requested to do so on or before MONDAY next, the 23rd instant, te the Trustees, at the offices of Mr. G. RAGAR, No. 1 and 3, Lloyd's-chambers, to enable a dividend to be declared on the said date.

Lidy a Community

MONES MOSS,
CHARLES W. KEELE,
G. EAGAR,
Trustees in the Assigned
Estate of
William Barnett. G. EAGAR.

To the DISTRICT CONSTABLE of CONCORD and others.—Whereas, on Saturday evening or Sunday last, a SHOVEL and PICK, used in the Government service upon the Concord Road (my property), were STOLEN from the road side, where they were supposed to be safely hidden: I hereby offer a reward of \$5 for such information as will enable me to prosecute to conviction tha thief. And whereas certain tidle and disorderly characters, in the vicinity of Concord, are in the habit of surject the sacross the Concord Road, leaving the branches scattered about the road, and thereby obstructing the public thoroughfare, as well as causing horses to become rastive: I hereby offer a reward of £2 for such information as will enable me to prosecute to conviction any of the above characters so offending.

THOMAS BRAY.

HARRIET RODINS.—Take notice that the Wearing
Apparel, &c., left in my possession will be SOLD
in fourteen days, if you do not call and pay for your
lodging you owe me. MARY M'DONALD, 9, Annestreet, Woulloomcoloe.

NOTICE.—Mr. W. J. POWELL bring no longer in my employment, all parties are requested not to pay him any sum or sums of money on my account. E. PUGH, 428, George-street, Sydney.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution intending purchasers of the KLANDRA HOTEL, Lambing Flat, that certain buildings connected therewith stant on ground possessed by me, and that I hold Mr. B. Benjamin's agreement to remove the same when requested by me to do so. ROBERT FRASER.

T 18 requested that all DEBTS due to the firm of LORD and BLUE, jun., be immediately paid, and that all CLAIMS against that firm be sent in for liquidation. Dated this 18th September, 1861. ROBBERDS and BENEOW, solicitors, 114, Elizabe h-street, Sydney. OST, the back CUSHION of a deposit. A reward will be paid to any one returning the same to A. HORLERN, 756, George-street South.

I OST, a pair of BUGEREEGAUS. The inder, on a bringing them to 195, Macquarie-st, will be rowarded.

I OST, at the Philharmonic Concert, or on the way to it, a LOCKET. The finder will be rowarded on bringing it to LEATHES and CO., Wynyard-street.

TO A D V E R T I S B R 5.—
The SYDNEY MAIL, published at the Synney Monning Hersting of 6000 copies, 3100 being posted to the country; and neighbouring colonies, making the Mall. one of the best advertising mediums in the colony. Advertisementa received up to 8 p.m. on THURSDAYS. Subscriptions, 13s. per annum, IN ADVANCE.

N.B. Orders for the Mall will not be executed unless secompanied by a remittance.

SHINGLING.—A JOB to do at Belle Vue Hall, Kenticker Apply between 11 and 12.

SALESWOMAN Wanted for the country; a thorough Selewoman in a drapery establishment. Apply to best advertising mediums in the colony. Advertisements in a frapery establishment. Apply to be the saver CUITER to assist him.

N.B. Orders for the Mall will not be executed unless secompanied by a remittance.

A. S. B. C.—Fishing parties supplied with lines, &c. without extra charge.

BOATS AFTER DARK can be obtained by halling Boat Club from Domain. P. R. HOLDSWORTH DR. BERNCASTLE, Surgeon and Oculist, at hom from 9 to 11, 2 to 3, 6 to 8. 229, Macquarie-street. EADY'S Wollongong Leather Grindery Store, re moved to 54, York-st., opposite Wesleyan Chapel, P CURTISS, 344, George-street, wholesale and retail oil colour, varnish, and paperhanging store.
Faperhangings from 6d. per roll. N.B.—Estimates given
for painting, papering, and general repairs.

BORGE R. HIRST, Mercantile Surveyor, Wool
Broker, and General Commission Agent, 13, Mac-

Broker, and General Commission Agent, 13, Macquarie-place.

H UGH DIXSON, Wholesale and Retail Tobacconist, 312, George-street, Sydney.

J. P. LENNARTZ, Wholesale and Retail Wine, Spirit, and Porter Merchant, 488, 490, and 492, George-street, opposite the Fruit Marketa, Sydney.

ITHOGRAPHIC and COPPER-PLATE PRINTING at lowest remunerative charges. DEGOTARDIS "Sydney Frinting House," Robinhood-lane.

ONDON and PARIS Hair Cutting and Champooing Rooms, 413, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

MRS. CAULFIELD.—Apartments. Private Board and Residence, Bathurst House, York-street, Wynyard-square.

MR. A. EMANUEL, Teacher of the Planoforte, and

R. A. EMANUEL, Teacher of the Pianoforte, and Singing (established 1840). JOHNSON, and CO., Pitt-street.

33. Pitt-street.
M. R. M. EMANUEL, Dentist, continues to supply Artificial Teeth (with best material and workmanship), from one to a complete set. A single tooth from 10s. Teeth stopped, 5s.; extracting, 2s. 6d. Note the address.
330. George-street, near Hunter-street, over Mr. Jones', teweller.

M. BENNETT, Dentist, 11, Hunter-street (late pupil of Felix Weiss, Eaq., M.C.D.E., Bloomsbury, MR. JOHN GOOLD, Architect, Lloyd's Chambers George-street.

No George-street.

NOTICE.—COLLINS, Circular Quay Hotel and Luncheon Rooms. Luncheons daily, from 1 to 3

Chicken Rooms. Luncheons daily, from 1 to 3.

Chicken from the country promptly attended to by J. T. BEGG, tobacconist, &c., 299, George-street.

P. POCKLEY, Marine Surveyor. Office, Lamb's Wharf.

SYDNEY PRINTING-HOUSE, Robinhood-lane. Elegant and expeditious Engraving and Printing in all branches.

The Eth — Messrs ESKELL and CO., Surgeon Dentists, 25, Hunter-street, continue to supply the loss of teeth, without springs or wires, upon their new system of self-athesion, and without extracting any teeth or stumps, or giving any pain whatever, at the following charges:

A single teeth from 10s.

Touchache cured in an instant with odontalgic essence; price, 2s. 6d.

WINDSOR.—PUBLIC NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that on and after MONDAY, the 23rd in-stant, the principal business establishments in the town of Windsor will be closed at 7 p.m., SATURDAY'S ex-cepted.

EBREBY CAUTION the public not to give credit to any person without my written order. OTTO SUTER, Cleveland-street, Rediers.

201, CASTLERBAGH-ST.—Mr. BANKS, Tuner, Repairer, & Impereur of Hopkinson's Pamofortes.

Horse Baranz, Pitt-street.

ANTED, to sell a useful DOGCART and Harness. Price moderate. 402, Castleroagh-street South.

WANTED, to sell, an excellent pair of Journey COBS; any trial. 402, Castleroagh-street South.

WANTED, a BAKER; a first hand. Apply 561, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a BAKER; a first hand. Apply 561, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a VAT, for boiling bones—about two hundred gallons. JOSEPH DAVIS, Newtown.

WANTED, a smart active BOY—one with a knowness. 61, Dowling-st.

WANTED, a FEMALE SERVANT—a middle-aged person preferred. H. C. RICE, butcher, Haymarket.

WANTED, Married Parm Servants. Tallors. Boya. HOPKINSON'S celebrated first-class PIANO-FORTES, just landed. Mr. BANKS, sole agent.

OPKINSON'S celebrated first-class PIANO-FORTES, in elegrant rosewood and walnut cases.

OPKINSON'S PATENT ENGLISH MODEL PRIZE MEDAL PIANOFORTES. PRINTED, AFRICALS SERVANT—A middle-aged person preferred. H. C. RICE, butcher, Haymarket.

WANTED, Married Farm Servants, Tailors, Boys, Rough Carpenters. J. C. GLUE, 182, Pitt-st.

WANTED, PIG'S MEAT to be sold, at the Currency Lass Hotel. W ANTED, a General SERVANT; not required to wash. Apply to Mrs. RUTTER, Druits-street.
W ANTED, a GIRL, to look after children. Mr. SPEERIN, King's Head, Lower George-street.

TPRIZE MEDAL PLANOFORTES.

HOPKINSON'S new Patent Repetition and Tremolu check action Grand PlANOFORTES, just landed.

CENTLEMEN'S Eureka Silk SCARFS, new patterns, just opened. LEWIS, 10, Hunter-street.

TOM THUMB Ribbon and Eglinton TIES; novelties opened This Day. LEWIS (late Pillet), 10, Hunter-street.

DOTATOES for SALE.—Prime New Zealand. In lots to suit purchasers. W. R. HILL, Grafton Wharf.

Wharf.

POTATOES.—100 tons prime Warrnambool Potatoes, landing ex Brilliant, Pacific Wharf. W. WRIGHT.

OATEN HAY.—Prime Adelaide Hay and Bran, now landing, at Pacific Wharf. W. WRIGHT, Druitt-st.

OATS.—Best Tastumanian seed and feed Oats, Liverpool Salt, and three-bushel Bags. W WRIGHT, Druitt-st. COALS.—Wanted, a Cargo of Coals. Apply at Pacifi Wharf; or W. WRIGHT, Druitt-street.

MILCH GOAT, recently kidded, for SALE. Apply Mrs. WALKER, Phillip-st., opposite Lemon Tree. A LADY of domestic habits, who has been her own housekeeper for some years, wishes to meet with a family where Ler services would be required, to assist in the management of the house, and who would not object to educate the younger children, including music. &c. The highest reference given. M., care of Mrs. Clay, Fancy Repository, William-street.

A LADY of mature age, who has resided as governess for an ENGAGEMENT countries in this colony, wishes ior en ENGAGEMENT, country preferred. She can undertake all the usual branches of a thorough English cincation, with French and music as a professor. Address to A Z., care of J. Phelan, Esq., Sheriff soffice, Sydney.

A YOUNG PERSON understanding Millinery and Processor and the processor of the process of the processor. Address to A Z., care of J. Phelan, Esq., Sheriff soffice, Sydney.

A YOUNG PERSON understanding Millinery and branch with the country or in the vicinity of Sydney. Would not object to instruct the younger members of the family in the first rudiments of education. Address Binnicks, Herald Office.

A YOUNG LADY A.

A YOUNG LADY desires a SITUATION as Resident GOVERNESS in the country; course of instruction includes a sound English education, music and fancy work highest references given. Address C. K., Herald Office

DRESS and MANTLE MAKER, thoroughly competent, wishes to obtain work at her own home. Fer address apply to Mrs. GIUE, Registry Office, 162, Put street.

BOOK-KEEPING.—WANTED, by a gentleman who has a few hours disengaged, occupation in the above, or in any other commercial capacity. Address, by letter, C. X., HERALD Office.

C. K., HERALD Office.

10 Y WANTED. Good writer preferred. ADDISON, 411, George-street.

11, George-street.

11, George-street.

12, GONNET BOX MAKER Wanted, immediately. FRANK ROBERTS, 249, Pitt-street.

13, GONNET BOX MAKER Wanted, for H. I. M's. steamer COOK and STEWARD Wanted, for H. I. M's. steamer COUTLOGON. Apply on board at Farm Cove COFFEE! TEA! OR COTTON!—A PLANTER, of long experience, is open to an ENGAGEMENT in either of the above. Address COFFEE, care of Gordon and Gotch, Melbourne.

Gotch, Melbourne.

FLY-WHEEL, WANTED; weight, 5 cwt; size 5 feet.
State price. FLY-WHEEL, HERALD Office.

HEAD WAITER—A clean, active, steady, and industrious man, with civil and settled habits, will find permanent employment; references indipensable. Apply Rainbow Tavern, Pitt and King streets.

MALE and FEMALE SERVAN'S of good character awaiting engagement. GRAHAM'8, 106, King-st. PAPERHANGER Wanted. To a good workman con-stant employment. Apply at 170, Pitt-street.

stant employment. Apply at 170, Pitt-street.

SINGLETON and PATRICK'S PLAINS BENEVO.

LENT SOCIETY.—Wanted, a RESIDENT DISPENSER, and ASSISTANT SECRETARY, for the
Singleton Benevelent Asylum. The duties of this Officer
are to be performed in accordance to the rules of the Society,
and will comprise the general superintendence and management of the Asylum, dispensing the mediciaes, and keeping
the books—salary, £100 per annum, with board, residence,
and washing provided. A Surgeon, or one accustomed to
hospital practice, would be preferred. Applications, ascompanied with testimonials, to be sent to the undersigned,
not later than the 30th instant. Candidates must be
prepared to enter upon the duties of the office on the 24th
October next. C. COPPENHAGEN, secretary. Singleton, September 4th.

PRICE THREEPENOR

WANTED, a PERSON to take charge of a child six weeks' old. Apply, by letter, stating terms per week, to R. B., 235, Clarenco-street, Sydney.

WANTED, to rent a COTTAGE or HOUSE containing from four to six rooms, situated in Macquarte, Phillip, Eliaabeth, Castlereagh, Bligh, O'Connell, Pitt, or Hunter streets. Address, stating rent, &c., to COTTAGE, HERALD Office.

HERALD Office.

WANTED, Two Farming Men for Clarence River;
Buy to open oysters; Ploughman, Gardoner,
Nurse Girls, and six General Servants. Waiting ongagements—Tutors, Governesses, Cooks, and various descriptions
of labour. Intelligence Offices

A PARTMENTS vacant, with Board, at Miss WHITE'S, 199, Macquarie-street, opposite the

A PARTMENTS, with Board. 43, Hunter-street, corner of Castlereagh-street.

MAKERS. H. SAVAGE, 14, Spring-street.

TO WATCHMAKERS.—Wanted, two first-class of watchmakers. Apply to JOHN FORRESTER, 674, George-street.

TO DRAUGHTSMEN.—Wanted, in a few days, a respectable YOUTH. Apply by letter, stating references and terms, to Alpha, Post Office.

TO DRAPERS ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, a SHOP-WALKER, for a country establishment; he must be of good address, understand window dressing, and therough pushing hand. Apply at Mesers. PRINCE, BRAY, and OGG'S.

A PARTMENTS, with Board. 43, Hunter-street, corner of Castlereagh-street.

A PARTMENTS to LET, consisting of three Rooms; terms moderate. 402, Castlereagh-street South.

A FARTMENTS, or Board and Residence, for two Gentlemen. 121, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.

A SUITE of APARTMENTS vacant this day, at Montague House, Church-hill.

VACANCIES for Two Gentlemen, at Mrs. BREM-NER'S, 128, Castlereagh-st., 3 doors from Hunter-st.

A FAMOUS OPPORTUNITY for an INDUS-TRIOUS COUPLE.—To LET, the well-known public-house, "TRAFALGAR INN," Newtown, near the Sydney Toil-bar, at a very moderate rent. No goodwill, or any charge for fixtures. Apply on the premises, or to ALEXANDER MOORE and CO., auctioneers and commission agents, Labour Bassar, Pitt-street.

A N EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE to LET, Victoria-street, Woolloomoloo. GRAHAM'S, 105, King-st.

DOARD and RESIDENCE; also, Roome to Let. at

A street, Woolloomooloo. GRAHAM'S, 106, King-st.

BOARD and RESIDENCE; also, Rooms to Let, at 174, Cumberland-street. A. C. MILLER.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, or Furnished Apartments, at Mrs. SAMSON'S, 28, Upper Fort-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, No. 2, Upper Fort-street, Flagstaff-hill.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Mrs. PARKINSON, opposite St. Philip's Church, Church-hill. Terms, £1 1s.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, with separate rooms, 18s.
Dors week; lodging, 5s. 207, Sussex-street, near pruitt-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, of a superior description, for a Lady and Gentleman, or two Gentleman, at Aima House, Upper William-street, Woolloomooloo, Craigend.

Craigend.

RALMAIN.—Wanted, in the course of December, a contortable HOUSE, with not less than six rooma. Apply to Mr. M. DONNELL, Glentworth House, Balmain.

RALMAIN.—A VACANCY for one BOARDER, in a respectable private family; references required; attuated near the ferry; water frontage, and good wharf. E. RAMSAY, grocer and house agent, Balmain.

RALMAIN.—To LET, a COTTAGE, with five rooms, kitchen, small garden, well of water, good prospect; rent low. Enquire at Mr. WILLIAM THORNTON, New Congregational Church; or to Mr. SNACHALL, Campbell-street.

DALMAIN.—To LET, furnished, a COTTAGE, with water frontage, having one of the best views of the harbour in the suburbs. For two or three gentlemen clubbing toge, ther this offers a most favourable opportunity. Apply K. L., Post Office, Balmain. WANTED, a Single MAN, as LIGHT PORTER.
Apply at A. COLLINS, Oriental Clothing Hall.
WANTED, an active BOY. Apply on board the
Phanton, Manly steamer. JAMES NEWTON.
WANTED, two GROOMS. Apply at DRISCOLL'S
Horse Bassar, Pitt-street. TOTEL, or BOARDING HOUSE.—An excellent opportunity.—To LET, a first-class established HOUSE, with every convenience; rent moderate. A portion of the furniture can be taken at a valuation. W.,

HERALD Office.

DETERSHAM.—To LET, a six-room HOUSE, with balcomy front and rear, cellar, kitchen, and garden, &c.; abundance of excellent water, close to the railway station, with every convenience for a respectable family. Apply to Mr. HENRY B. MORGAN, Parusa Villa.

TORES.—To LET, those newly erected first-class commedicus STORES, opposite the Royal Hotel George-street. Apply to M. ALEXANDER, Iron Beers, Margaret-street. SUPERIOR Apartments, overlooking the Harbour; board if required. Mrs. WRIGHT'S, 4, Premier-terrace, William-street.

termos, William-street.

TO LET, the Draper's SHOP, Parramatta-street, lately occupied by Simpson. Apply, 82, opposite.

TO LET, HOUSE, four rooms, good water, yard and garden. Enquire Currency Lass, Globe Road.

TO LET, the DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 28, Lower Fort-st., with stabling. Mr. HAY, on the premises.

TO LET, Two ROOMS, with or without board. 221, Castlereagh-street, near Market-street.

TO LET, two and three roomed COTTAGES, Elizabeth and Cleveland streets; 5a. per week. PARKER and CO., 36, York-street.

TO LET, at Camden-terrace, Newtown, a genteel COTTAGE; runt, £52. Apply to JOY and CO., Circular Quay.

Circular Quay.

To LET, a HOUSE, of 8 rooms, with water laid on, suitable for a bearding house. Apply on the premises, No. 43, Bathurst-etreet West; or at the Skrings' Bank.

To LET, WESTGATE COTTAGE, Waverley. Apply for particulars to G. PREDDY, 253, Castle-reagh-street.

To LET, in Porbes-street, Woolloomooloo, a commodious DWELLING-HOUSE, containing eleven rooms in good repair; water laid on. Apply to Mr. WISE, fruiterer, William-street.

To LET, these spacious STORES, in Wynyard-street, at present occupied by Messrs. Favenc and Gwyn, Isor, Epple 1999, 19

King-street.

WANTED immediately, a GOVERNESS for the interior. Apply to Mrs. SOLOMON COHEN, 67, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, by a highly respectable Person, of good address, a SITUATION as SALESWOMAN. ANTED a young GIRL, to mind a child, and to make herself generally useful. Apply to Mrs. ROBERTS, corner of Crown and Liverpool streets.

ANTED a young GIRL, to mind a child, and to make herself generally useful. Apply to Mrs. ROBERTS, corner of Crown and Liverpool streets.

ANTED, by a highly respectable Person, a SITUATION as HOUSEKEEPER. Address P.P.G., HEMALD Office.

WANTED, a WET-NURSE. Apply to Dr. O'BRIEN, 141, Castlereagh-street, before 9 a.m., or between 2 and 3 p.m.

TO LET, one of those neat DWELLING HOUSES, 7, William's-terrace, Stanley-street, opposite the new Scots Chrich. Apply to Mr. PEIL. agent, 5, Burton-street; or Mr. WILLIAMS, Family Hotel, Parramatta. ♦♦ housework. Apply, before 11 o'clock, to A. T. CROOM and CO, Towns' Wharf.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 211, Crown-street, Surry Hills, a few doors from South Head Road, containing five rooms, large kitchen, and yard. The house is in good repair, and water laid on. Inquire on the premises. TO LET, a FARM of 60 acres, ten miles from Sydney, with bouse, garden, and out-houses; 12 acres cleared. Rent, nominal to a person that will take care of the place. Address R. M., II ERALD Office. WANTED, a good PLAIN COOK; also, a respectable Young Woman, as Nurse. Apply Governesses and Servants' Home, 103, Elizabeth-street.

ANTED, for the country, a TANNER who understands his business. JOHN A. MATHEWS, 55, New Pitt-street.

Address R. M., Herald Office.

TO LET, an established GROCER'S SHOP, at Paddington, opposite the Military Barrack Gate, now in the occupation of Mr. J. M.Coy. Apply to R. ROBER'S, Gippe-street, near the Glemmor Road.

TO DRAYMEN and COW-KEEPERS.—To LET, in Bourke-street, Surry Hills, a RESIDENCE, with stable and large paddock, next the Sportman Arms. Apply to Mr. REGAN.

Apply to Mr. REGAN.

TO LET, a gented family RESIDENCE, situate at
Glebe Point, containing eight rooms; detached
kitchen, servants' rooms, coachhouse, stabling, large
garden, padocks, &c. Apply to R. ROBERTS, Gippastreet, near the Glemmore Road.

TVO LET, a HOUSE, taxes paid, No. 6, Albert-street,
Pitt-street, Redfern, 3 rooms, kitchen, out-buildings,
yard, well of beautiful water, side entrance for wood, &c.
Rent, 7a per week. For key at No. 5, or particulars to
Mr. ETHERINGTON, corner of York and Market

streets.

T OBE LET, that old established HOTEL, known as the Barley Mow, with private dwelling-house attached, situated at the corner of Castlereagh and Park streets, at present occupied by Mrs. Thompson, bar fittings, with every requisite for carrying on a first-rate business; can be had on reasonable terms. Possession can be given on the lat of November next. Apply to Mr. SIGERSON, Castlereagh-street; or, to Mr. SKINNER, Pitt-street.

Castlerough-street; or, to Mr. SKINNER, Pitt-street.

TO LET, in Allman-street, Campbelltown, IVY
COTTAGE, lately the residence of Mr. Mocatto,
containing dining-room, drawing-room, three bedrooms,
with attics, detached kitchen, sevenate' store-room, sheds,
&c.; also a flower garden in front, and a spacious kitchen
garden in the rear, and within a few minutes' walk of the
railway terminus. Ivy Cottage is admitted to be the most
desirable residence in Campbelltown, from its locality and
convenience. Apply to JOHN HURLEY, Retreat Cottage,
Campbelltown.

TO LET, a central business PREMISES, in the direct line of the new tramroad, to the railway terminus, lately occupied by J. F. M. Donald, merchant, comprising an extensive two-floored range of stores, a cottage residence, stables, coach house, hay loft, closest, and yard, with water, in the rear of Nos. 388 and 590, Pitt-street, near the Sugar Works.

Terms moderate to a respectable and permanent to Apply to Mr. PLOMER, 418, Castlereagh-street

WYNYARD-SQUARE.—First-class FAMILY or LODGING HOUSE—ton roome—with back entrance, gas and water laid on—to LET, for a term of year, to a respectable tenant, at a moderate rental. B.—The furniture and household requisites to be taken at a valuation. For full particulars apply to Mr. ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer and commission agent, No. 324, George-street.

THE following Statistical Register for 1840 was Initiated the table of the Legislative Assembly on Tuesday, by the Colonial Secretary, REGISTRAR GENERAL'S REPORT TO THE HOMORASTIC CHESPARY (Concerned Development) PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS.

Colonial Secretary.

Registracy Office,

Sir.—In rubmitting for transmission to the Secretary of State and presentation to Parliament the Statistical Register of New South Wales for the year 1860, it may be expedient that I should preface the volume with a few remarks, by way of illustrating the progress of the colony during the past year, and of pointing out the more prominent features of development or decline exhibited in the tables of duties, free, taxes, &c., and to the index of the colony tables of duties, free, taxes, &c., and to the index of the other of registered electron, and of pointing out the more prominent in the second of the second tables of duties, free, taxes, &c., and to the index of the colony at tables of duties, free, taxes, &c., and to the index of the foliers of the Government, upon which heads there is an endience of the Government, upon which heads there is a first of the free properties.

2. At page 50 will be found a return shewing the average of the franchise at the last general election,

From this return, it appears that the names of 77.946 persons were entered on the lists of the several electron.

From this return, it appears that the names of 77.946 persons were entered on the lists; that is, about 22 percent, of the estimated population of the colony at the exact of the year.

It seems that the seats for sixteen districts (having 16.948 registered voters) were uncontested, and that, with regard to fourly-one districts (having 60.947 veters on the lists), only 27.817, or 45.64 per cent., exercised the transition of the colony at the exact of the fact of the colony.

regard to forty-one districts (having 60,947 veters on the lists), only 27,817, or 45-64 per cent., exercised the transhise.

3. The three gold-fields electorates are not embraced in the foregoing calculations, because the number of voters is regulated by the number of persons holding miners on universal continuous continuous continuous calculations, because the number of voters is regulated by the number of opersons holding miners on universal calculations. The number so qualified to vote is estimated at 10,400. The seats for the northern and southern electronic were uncontested, and it seems that out of this estimated number of 3300 qualified voters for the Western gold-fields only 338 recorded their votes at the last election. SOCIAL.

4. The population table, at page 118, shews an estimated population at the end of the year of 348,546; that is, an increase of 1,1974 persons upon the return of 1830, which after writing off 23,456 as the estimated loss to the colour by the separation of the districts forming the colour of Queensland, exhibited a population of 330,572. Held-had no safer guide upon which to base the estimate of upon unmbers at the end of 1830 than the ordinary returns from the Customs of immigration over emigration, and the neutral increase by the excess of births over deaths, we should have produced a result considerably in excess of what the creasure form the return of 1850, which is sufficiently and the produced in the new enterty of the population securad (in the absence of any check upon the overland nigration) is found to be a very fallible guide to the true position of the people in the interventing years between one enumeration of the people in the interventing years between one enumeration of the people in the interventing years between one enumeration of the people in the network of the previous year, which was deduced from the Census of 1856.

By this process we arrive at a result short of the number of birth and arriages registered in 1800, as compared with the return of the previou

Decrease 182 Decrease 350 Increase 920 Decrease 182 Decrease 350 Increase 920

The decrease in the births is small, and may be made up by increased registrations during the earlier months of 1861; there being noticeable, in many instances, carpless, uses in registering births within the proper time.

The decrease in marriages is unquestionably assignable to the depression of the times, which, in the colonies, as in the mother country, is found to discourage the disposition to marry and settle in life, amongst the masses of the people.

The increased mortality is referable to the visitation of an epidemic of industrial, followed by an epidemic of measles, during the winter months of 1860. The west epidemic was very fatal to the old and weakly, and his second to the infantile portion of the population.

S. The Immigration (exclusive of 9958 Chinese of windless) and the greats during the year was as follows, viz.

At the public expense. 1,596 1,493 3,085 Voluntary. 10,499 2,575 12,985

Totals. 12,005 4,068 16,073

Totals..... 12,005 4,068 16,073

From these figures it seems clear that voluntary immigration, uncorrected by any counterbalancing system, is calculated to increase rather than to lessen the disparity of the sexee, for we find that in one year, to 10,409 males introduced there was only a proportion of 2575 fameles, we little under 25 per cent.

Of the inunigrants at the public expense, therefore

Scotland		. 1780	
Total	d	. 3089	
Of the whole European sisted) there were—	itamigration	(voluntary	. 14
Adults	14 495		

assisted) there were—
Adults 1,638, or 11.34 per cont.

Children 1,638, or 11.34 per cont.

EDUCATION.

REPEARING.

Passing on to the table of education, at page 126 and an increase under the head of Denominational schools-from 217 schools in 1859 to 15,267 in 1860; that is, an increase of 47 schools and 167 schools.

The contributions from the public Treasury in support of these schools were, in all, 220,031 19s. 4d, or at the rate of 16s. 44, per head.

amounted to £12,465 3s. 4d., or at the rate of acceptable and the number of schools established under the National system exhibits an increase from 123 in 1859 to 144 in 1860, and the number of scholars from 8447 in 1856 in 1860; that is, an increase of 19 schools and 858 scholars.

The contribution by the State towards the support of these schools was £23,445 ls. 10d., or at the rate of £2 10s. 4d. per head: whilst the amount received from voluntary contributions was £7838 5s. td., or at the rate of 15s. 10d per head.

Grammar School ... 187 Totals 237

I have been analole to obtain from the master of the King's School, Parramatta, any return of the working of that institution during the year, and have therefore adopted the figures of the year before. Other private schools exhibit a slight decrease in the number of establishments, and a more considerable as

1850	number of scho	Schools. Se	9923 9318
150	dear	7	600
Taking the broughout th	whole of the	schools, public return exhibits	and private

heroughout the colony, the return of 1859, viz. :-necesses upon the return of 1859, viz. :-Scholars. | Schools | Male | Female | Total | Schools | Female | Schools | S

1860 798 18,740 16,027 34,767

The total contributions from the public Treasury is any port of education for the year was £00,587, or a the standard of the price of the population.

Sunday Schools, 9.

The return of Sunday Schools (page 127) is any complete as could be wished. Whether from indifference negligence, or fortuitous circumstances I cannot tell, therefurns of the Church of England and Roman Catholissunday schools have not been rendered so complete and satisfactory as on the last occasion. From many Education of Sunday schools have not been rendered so complete and satisfactory as on the last occasion. From many Education of Sunday schools have not been rendered the table particle while the children in the Church of England 8 activities of both Churches no seturns whatever have been received. My efforts, therefore, to render this table particle whilst tac children attending them, which in 1859 a port down as 6073, are returned as 605 in 1860.

The proportion of children to each school is 50.

The proportion of children to each school is 50.

The Roman Catholic Sunday-schools, which is 1849 were returned as 65, are in 1890 cut down to 47, whilst the number of children attending them has increased 1974, whilst the number of children attending them has increased 1974, whilst the number of children attending them has increased by 2.9, which raises the proportion of children has increased by 2.9, which raises the proportion of children attending the schools from 31 to 36), but an increase of 215 in the number of children attending them, vix., from 1363 to 1678.

The Wesleyans have increased their Sunday Schools from 65 to 100, and the number of children from 197 to 1996, or 72 per cent.

The Independents have, thewise, doubled their return a scally trebled; that is, from 546 to 1537.

Sunday Sch	TOOR.	which, as stated :—	compared w	under the head ith the provi-	By thi of 183,01 that is, t
Schools (4)0 (4)1ems	313 16	Male. 7,870 2,185	Female. 8,720 2,329	Totals, 16,590 4,514	It is, t
1860	329	10,055	11,049	21,104	of New
			tending from	m page 13) to	The
o for the t	nents hree ye	eturns, es e of dimin for trial is ars 1858 t 1858.	tending from ished crimina the Suprem o 1860 were a 1859. 156	ality. ne and Circuit as follows: 1860, 127	leaving lestate un
e commits to for the t Phionics	nents hree ye	cturns, er e of dimin for trial is ars 1858 t 1858. 234 	ished crimina the Suprem o 1860 were 1859,	ality. se and Circuit as follows: 1860,	leaving lestate un
of commits to for the t	hree ye	eturns, es e of dimin for trial is ars 1858 t 1858. . 234 . 53 . 287	stending from ished crimina in the Suprem o 1860 were a 1859, 156 48	ality. se and Circuit as follows 1860, 127 40	leaving lestate un
e commits to for the t Phionics	hree ye	eturns, es e of dimin for trial is ars 1858 t 1858 t 234 	stending from ished crimina in the Suprem o 1860 were a 1859, 156 48	ality. se and Circuit as follows 1860, 127 40	leaving lestate un

549 518 276

tion didination, viz.		A STATE OF THE STA
committed for trial	761	1859. #044 737 3246
Total taken into custody	3 1 4 4 5 5	9027 rison is as fol-
Pischarged	1858. 7815 1582 22	1859. 8184 1982
94 (1974)		-

11. It may to the tables of guols and prisoners, No. 1 at swar 150, and No 3 at 136, there will be found three relations of figures, expressing the numbers of reales and tensiles omitted during the year who can read and write, and only, and neither read nor write.

From those figures the following results are elicited, vis., that out of a total of 7501 confined (excluding coloured people) the proportion of 2502 males and 352 females, together 3504, or 467 per cent., could read and write; 992 states and 244 females, together 1256, or 164 per cent., centle coad only; and 2929 males and 732 females, together 2554, or 37 per cent., could neither read nor write. The price annabered 6973, or 30 per cent.; the females 1528, or 30 per cent.;

11. The number of insolvenies during 1860 was very large, an less than 511 persons—483 voluntary, and 28 computery - surrendered their estates, to the adjudication of the Court.

The lishilities shown in the insolvents schedules were to be smooth of 285,825; assets, £541,744; leaving deficiency £254,081;—but it is probable that the estimated devicency will prove very far short of the real losses when the costs are realized.

CLIMATE.

CLIMATE.

11. The meteorological tables may be studied with interest. The different places at which observations were
table now Albury, Armidale, Bathurst, Casino, Cooma,
Dec Bepon, Goulburn, Maitland, Parramatta, and Sydney The following figures express the mean shade temperature of the year, and the depth and number of days rain at the different places amed, with their latitude, longitude, and devation above the mean sea level, viz.

	Inge	3	:	20	128	123	3	131	153	172	182
70	te pro	Inches 25 470	Incomplete	24-200	30.080	26-085	18-878	40-520	37-464	72-938	82-801
177	Violente Violente	43.2	Incomplete	7	Not stated.	9 04	39.5	:	33.2	184	:2
84	Maximum	6 9.2	incomplete Incomplete	9.19	Not stated. Not stated	619	74.3	1.53	54.2	73-7	58.5
7	March Shade.	1.8	Incomplete	ъ .т	Not stated	51.2	30	ः	62-7	3	61.3
in a filtrate		147 0	151-46	149 37	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated. Not stated	.6 -611	2 311	149-45	151-35	151- 1.	161-15
Latte		8		12.55	Not stated.	36 13	25.32	34 45	32 47	33 49.	33 52
		£ 23	3,238	2,133	Not stated.	2,637	410	2,129	3.	8	146
•		Albury	Armidale	Bathurst	Casino	Cootus	Denillquin	Geulburn	Maitland	Parrametta	Sydney

the field in the extent of land and amount realized, the chart show a decrease upon the returns of the two preceding cears; indeed the sum received from the sales of those a lends is smaller than in any year since 1852, as a received ret to the December 1852 at 1852, as a received ret to the December 1852, as a received ret to the December 1852, as a received ret to the December 1852, as a received return to the property of the return to the property of the return to the property of the return to the

Acres.

Acres.

1 = a and suburban lands ... 8535

14,3895

45,243

Total .. 109,216 acres

I to see that or otherwise 28,794 1 10 1 0 6

I to see will be found, at pages 156 and 157, two very interesting tables furnished by the Asting Surveyor-traceal. The first showing the acres allemated and unstimated in the old settled counties, by which it appears that out of a total area of 24,681,700 acres there are 5,272,004 acres, or barrely one-fourth allemated, leaving 18,709,150 acres to the credit of the national domain.

The second table exhibits the areas allemated and unstimated in what have hitherto been recognized as the posterial districts of the colony; these districts, as the

t of the country advances, are divided into coun-rith boundaries subject to future modification. table, it spears that out of a domain consisting 3,160 acres, only 925,069 acres here been alternated; or the country fire acres possessed by the colonists the second at boundard.

every five acres possessed by the colonists the seesees at bousand.
oreover, shewn by the summary to this table, no 207,080,000 acres comprised within the colony touth Wales,
we have been alienated 7,176,690 acres to are under lease 49,068,941
to are reserved from lease, for public purposes 1,803,640

48,961,729 acres as the extent of the national appropriated at the end of the last year.

INDUSTRIAL tables from pages 166 to 179 exhibit a complete to progress made in manufactures during the last

view of the progress made in manufactures during the last ten years.

These embrace woollen cloths and tweeds, soap and candles, tobacco, refued sugar, and tallow and land.

With regard to mills for grinding and dressing grain, it will be seen that steam is gradually superseding the mills worked by wind, water, and horses; for since 1851 the mills worked by steam have increased from 68 to 134, whilst those by steam have increased from 68 to 134, whilst those by water have decreased from 33 to 24, those by wind from 25 to 20, and those by horses from 25 to 15.

18. The manufacture of cloth and tweeds seems to be reviving again, owing, in all probability, to the reduction in the rate of wages.

During the live years, 1850 to 1854, the average annual produce was 174,069 yards; during the succeeding five years, 1855 to 1859, the average annual produce was 62,659 yards; during the last year the produce was 118,560 yards.

The number of satablishments at wark during 1860 was

\$2,659 yards; during the last year the produce was 118,500 yards.

The number of establishments at work during 1860 was 8, whilst during the previous five years employment was found for half that number only.

19. The manufacture of soap gave employment to 33 establishments, the produce being 57,000 cwt; whilst during the previous five years there were 21 establishments at work, producing, on the average, 45,468 cwt, annually.

20. The manufacture of tobacco is manifestly on the decline; and this in spite of a protective duty of 2s, per lb. There were 8 manufactories open last year, the produce being 1897 cwt.

The average produce of the previous five years was 1900 cwt., and of the five years before that 4145 cwt.

21. The nanufacture of refined sugar has somewhat decreased, owing probably to the establishment, by the Sydney Company, of a manufactory in Melbourne. The quantity manufactured during 18:0 was 113,600 tone; whilst the average of the previous five years was 145,400 tone.

tona. Minima.

22. The discovery of our Southern Gold-fields has given a great impetus to gold mining operations in New South Wales during the past year.

The following table gives the results of this branch of industry from the year 1855.

Year. Weight. Value. Year. Weight. Value.

1845. 171,367 654,364 1835 286,798 1,104,174
1856. 184,600 689,174 1859 283,385 1,239,127
1857. 175,950 674,477 1859 384,085 1,462,772 581,917 2,018,244 1.000,246 3,825,073

Comparing the three years 1838 to 1880 with the three years preceding, we find the production gradually in-reasing, the latter triennial period exceeding the former in quantity by 488,329 ozs., and in value by £1,807,828. The value is computed at the standard rate of £3 17s. 101d. per ox.

quantity by 498,329 ozs., and in value by £1.897,828. The value is computed at the standard rate of £3 17s. 1014. Per oz.

23. Coal mining operations also manifest increased activity—fourteen mines were worked, and the total produce amounted to 308,862 tons, valued at £226,494, this is an increase of 60,69 tons on the production of the year before. Our export of coal during the year was 233,877 tons, valued at £183,761, and, of this quantity, 176,765 tons (more than three-fourths) were shipped to the sister colonies and other British possessions in the Rastern Soas, and 57,112 tons to Foreign States.

Advantage of the States.

24. The tables under this head are necessarily placed at the end of the volume, in consequence of its being found impossible to get them ready in time to occupy their proper position smonget the "industrial" redurns.

Advantage has been taken of the staff appointed to collect the centure, to obtain, as near as it is possible to effect the object, accurate returns of the arms of land held under freehold, leasehold, or annual license tenure, throughout the colony, of the number of acres in cultivation, nature of crops and the produce thereof, for the year ending 31st March, 1861.

These tables may, therefore, be viewed with less fisterust than herestore. If they do not exhibit a perfect statistical view of the present state of our agricultural operations and resources, the fault must lie with the people themselves who are engaged in this important branch of industry, and not with the collectors, for each collector was instructed to take round with him a sufficient number of blank "Occupants Schedules," to be left for completion by the occupant, or to be filled up by sinuself from the size or statement of the occupant, he can see upon the staff of the office in the tabulation and in the presparation of the tables for publication.

They are very confidently recommended to public notice accurate are an entire and the sectors of the collectory as a conveying as true as betture of the agricultur

Much extra labour has been cast upon the staff of unaoffice in the tabulation and in the presentation of the tables
for publication.

They are very confidently recommended to public notice
as conveying as true a picture of the agricultural position
and resources of the colony as it is possible to present.

Neither the limits of this report, nor the time that is left
to me, will permit the entrance upon no searching an
analysis of the figures contained in the tables as the interest
attaching to the subject demands.

I must content myself with a brief comparison of the
general results with those of the previous year.

23. In the first and second columns of the summary
table will be found the number of occupiers of land in
quantities exceeding one acre, and the total extent of holdings. The figures exhibit a large sugmentation upon
those of the previous year, vis. — Total extent of holding.

So of companies.

1509.

Counties 14.29 15.489 2,273 4,385,228‡ 7,620,000 2,395,270;
Pastoral
districts, 1,508 2,872 1,564 23,299,180; 34,5130,731 11,714,5930

Totals, 15,115 19,352 3,637 27,663,385 42,144,172 14,479,807

Totals., 15,715 10,332 3,637 27,663,365 42,143,172 14,479,807

Totals. 15,715 19,332 3,637 27,663,363 42,143,172 14,479,507

By this table it is seen that the number of occupants of land from whom returns have been obtained has increased from 15,715 in 1859 to 19,352 in 1869—that is 3637 occupants, or rasher more than 23 per cent.; whilst the extent of holdings exhibits an increase from 27,663,355 acres in 1869 to 42,143,172 acres in 1869, that is an augmentation of 14,479,807 acres, or rather more than 53 per cent.

It must not be supposed that these increases are in reality the result of extended operations during the year; a large portion must be put down to the more careful collection of the returns, as I have before explained.

25. Columns three and four express the extent of land purchased and enclosed. There are no corresponding columns to these in former tables. It seems that the enclosed lands amount to 3,66,558 acres; that is, 8 45 per cent. of the total extent of holding.

27. We will now proceed to examine the more important features of the tables before us, namely, the acreage under crop, and the produce thereof.

The table exhibits a total acreage in crops of 250,798 acres; that is an increase of 13,256 acres, or rather over 5 per cent. on the returns (247,642) of the previous year, and about one acre and a quarter for every head of the population, by the Census of 1861.

Withit is the comparison with regard to "produce." By reference to the tables of 1859 we see it stated at 1,603,353 bushels, or nearly 14 bushels to the acre, whereas, by the return now before as, we find a produce of 1,501,197 only, or about 12 bushels to the acre. The decrease is attributable to the very destructive floods which visited the principal wheat-growing districts in the course of the last year.

cipal wheat-growing districts in the course of the last year.

The yield of wheat during the five years, 1854 to 1858, fluctuated between 12; and 16; bushels per acre. Comparing the results of the two last years (1859-80) with this, we find that they produce about two bushels per acre below the average of the five previous years.

The estimated produce of the year is at the rate of, as mear as possible, four and a half bushels for every head of the population.

From seven to eight bushels per head is generally considered about the average rate of consumption, we are, therefore, short of our requirements, including what is wanted for aced—fully one-half; that is to any, we produced only about 50 per cent. of our total estimated consumption for the year.

MAIRE.

wanted for secol-inty one-half; that is to say, we produced only about 30 per cent. of our total estimated consumption for the year.

29. The extent of land planted in maize, or Indian corn, for grain was 51,488 acres, against 49,506 acres the year before, whilst the produce is stated at 1,494,467 bushels against 1,692,630 bushels the year before; that is a decrease of 118,163 bushels, or 7:37 per cent.

The yield in 1850 was rather over 32 bushels per acre, whilst that of 1850 was not quite 29.

The produce of the five previous years, 154 to 1853, was very nearly 31 bushels per acre.

BARLEY AND OATS.

30. The extent of land sown in barley and oats for grain amounted to 9394 acres, against 10,673 acres the previous year, thewing a decrease of 579 acres in these descriptions of crop. The produce shows a corresponding decrease, viz., from 163,624 bushels in 1850, or 15 bushels per acre.

POTATOES.

21. The growth of this esculent shews a progressive increase. In 1850 there were 8228 acres in the former year was computed at 20,537 tons, or at the rate of rather more than two tons per acre, whilst the produce of the latter year is stated at 28,127 tons, or rather more than there tons per acre, From this it appears that the unusual three tons per acre. From this it appears that the unusual three tons per acre. From this it appears that the unusual three tons per acre. From this it appears that the unusual three tons per acre. There were 18,204 acres seen in green crop in 1890, 22. There were 19,304 acres som in green crop in 1890,

PASTORAL.

34. The returns of live stock will be found at the end of the volume.

These returns, like those of agriculture, have been collected with great care by the sub-summerstors of the consus, and it is believed are worthy of greater reliance than it has been wonted to place upon the figures of preceding years; indeed, it may be confidently asserted that the returns express the amount of efock depasturing in the colony as accurately as it is possible to ascertain it.

Comparing the general totals with those of the previous year, the return exhibits a considerable increase, as the following figures will show, viz.:

Bit March, 1869 214,664 2,180,875 5,162,671 119,701 lincrease. 35,813 217,619 236,872 60,881

Shat March, 1861 251,407 2,408,504 6,118,163 190,682

By these figures it is seen that, in spite of the large export

Sat March, 1861 251,467 2,403,366 6,119,163 180,662

By these figures it is seen that, in spite of the large export to Victoria, and the numbers that have been driven north to stock new country in Queenaland (of which no account is taken), we have an increase of very little short of a million sheep, of over two hundred thousand head of hornod cattle, of over thirty-six thousand horses, and sixty thousand pigs; as regards the supply of animal food then for the wants of our population, we have no reason to encourage any gloomy anticipations.

The system of boiling down for tallow, has, since the year 1856, almost failen into desnestude, as may be seen by reference to the table at page 170. The exigencies of years gone by gave rise to this wastoful system, and whether similar necessities may arise to superinduce a return to it, would seem to be mainly dependent upon the increase of population.

It is clear, assuming the rate of increase we have just shewn to continue, that, in the absence of a large influx of population, the boiling pots will be again recorded to for the disposal of our surplus stock; indeed the return of five stock slaughtered for tallow for the year under review, shews that the increase for consumption has already more than oversheet the demand—for it is seen that there were treatle that the increase for consumption has already more than oversheet the demand—for it is seen that there were treatle than the increase of or the open than there were the new to every head of the population

35. Perhaps, on account of the interest attacking to this subject, I may be partioned for travelling rather heyond the legitimate scope of this report to shew the total amount of live stock in the colonies of New South Wales, 1814, 197, 147 the one of 1850, New South March last. It was as follows, vig. 17, 151 19, 152, 154, 157, 151 19, 152, 151, 151 19, 152, 151,

Total 297,000 3.805,275 18,187,431 297,521

Ten years ago, i.e., at the end of 1850, New South Wales, which them embraced the territories forming the colonies of Viotoria and Queensland, contained as follows, via.

Horses, Cattle, Streep, Pigs, 132,457 1,738,865 13,039,321 61,631 14:36. 12,4:37 1,738,965 13,039,324 01,105
The increase in ten years has been 211,852 1,786,046 2,303,316 177,143 344,299 3,525,010 15,362,640 235,774

COMMERCIAL.

26. The returns of imports and exports seaward, through the Customs, will be found at pages 172 to 220.

The general results of our tending are thus stated for the year, viz.

| Exports | Exports | Excess | Exports | Expor £7,519,285 £5,072,620 £5,518,839 £1,071,074

The imports were at the rate of £22 2s. 2d. per head of the estimated population at the middle of the year; the expectant is the rate of £12 1s. 4d. per head. If is should be been in mind, however, that How South Wales imports not for her own wants alone, but in great part to supply the wants of the population of the colony of Queensland. Her chief article of export, too, comes via Sydney-for shipment, and therefore, the computation should more properly be made upon the united population of the two colonies. Taking this view of the question, and estimating the population of both colonies at the middle of the year at 386,000, we shall produce a result shewing the imports to have been at the rate of £20 1s. 10d. per head, and the exports at the rate of £13 17a. 2d. per head.

The value of the imports exceeded that of the year before by nearly a million, whilst the exports were greater by over three hundred thousand, vis:

| Imports | Exports |

It is somewhat remarkable that the value of our export to Victoria is stated at a larger sum man man of our exports to the mother country. Victoria took from us produce to the value of £1,501,538, whilst to the United Kingdom the exports are computed at £1,482,717. Our next best customer is Queensland, to the extent of £583,047, and then New Zealand to the value of £442,861.

37. The items amongst the imports, which exhibit the

re as follows, viz. :-	the returns	of the prec	eding year,
- 1000ms, 100.	1859.	1860.	Increase.
pparel and alops	£161,425	£243,207	£81,782
eer	203,078	229,541	26,463
lour and bread	77,050	234,659	157,609
iold bloi	259,723	456,514	196,791
rata	206,845	315,846	109,001
Iardware	250,201	287,713	37,512
ron and steel	95,316	176,697	81,381
eather and boots	289,398	385,948	96,550
tationery	109,429	152,188	42,759
obacco	134,961	176,587	41,626
Vaci	146 910	400 594	212 712

Wool 146,819 400,532 313,713

The great increase in the import of wool is attributable to the imports from Queensland for shipment to England
During eleven months of 1859 the shipments from the Northern ports were not recognised amongst the imports, being the produce of our own colony; but, during 1890, it seems that no less than 4,433,677 lbs., of the computed value of £407,664 were received in Sydney from Queensland for shipment.

38. The naticles which exhibit the largest decreases are, coffee, fish, fruit, sugar, and tea.

The last two named articles of consumption exhibit a very remarkable falling off, viz.—

1859.

Sugar. £765,168 £308,255 £456,912
Tes. 60,150 we import £22,939 tone of sugar and 3,567,337 lbs.

Totals 611,874 10 4 555,165 19 0

This decrease is attributed to the separation of the Northern districts from New South Wales, and to the consequent collection, by Queensland, of its own duties. The revenue from dutiable commodities, in the year 1859, including Queensland, was at the rate of £1 15s. per head of the estimated population at the middle of the year, whilst that of 1860, excluding Queensland, was at the rate of £1 12s. 8d. per head of the estimated population at the same period.

Exports.

are the following, viz. — 1859. 1860.

Butter and cheese £28,846 £37,081

Coals 132,984 183,761

Flour and bread 40,388 83,238

Fruit 48,886 67,704

Gold 1,704,774 1,878,502

Hardware 1800 23,584 65,899

Leather and Boots 43,744 63,865

Linen and Drapery 144,301 174,894

Provisions 22,662 28,726

Sugar 68,767 109,914

Ten. 61,904 58,180

Wine and Spirits 61,802 83,574

Value. £326,302 676,815 999,866 1,818,956 1,978,017 1,363,079 1,275,067 1,126,486 1,458,005 1,123,699 Totals... 158,958,055 £11,051,313

Totals... 168,958,055

E11,051,313

By this statement it appears we have shipped seaward 4,178,654 lbs. of wool short of what we shipped in 1859. The question arises whether the decrease is to be attributed to a short clip, or to delay on the road in gotting the wool down to port, or to increased shipments from our border districts via Melbourne. I think it may be shown that the decrease arises from other causes than any of these, because, if we look to the returns of exports via "Albury" and "Moama," we shall find that we sent over six thousand bales to Melbourne, and it is not improbable that wool found its way across the Murray at other places, of which no record has been kept. However, if we calculate the number of bales of which we have returns at an additional export of not less than 2,163,000 lbs., which will make up the total export, the produce of our over facts, to 14,963,262 lbs.

Now, although it may never happen that the season's clip is shipped within the year, we may assume that, taking one year with the other, the export of the year, breats what remains far shipment after the expiry of the year bears pretty much the same proportion to the total wool clip. If this is a tolerably accurate view of the case, we may proceed to show the average yield of wool per shires.

The number of sheep returned se depasturin; in the colony on the 31st March, 1850, was 5,162,671, as-tuning that this number passed maler the hands of the shearers last season, it follows that the average yield of wool per shires.

The number of sheep returned se depasturin; in the colony on the 31st March, 1850, was 5,162,671, as-tuning that this number passed maler the hands of the shearers last season, it follows that the average yield of wool per shires.

The number of sheep returned se depasturing in the colony on the 31st March, 1850, was 5,162,671, as-tuning that this number passed maler true hands of the shearers last season is follows that the average yield of our flocks.

We must look then to other means of solving the quest

Without giving the figures in usual, the follows 1851 to 1855, the computed value of our imports was £20,466,346; from 1856 to 1800, the computed value was £22,360,083; shewing an increase on the first quinquanial period of no less than £11,909,737.

The result of our export trade during the same period bears equal evidence of the wealth and industry of our nopulation.

period bears equal evidence of the wealth and industry of our population.

From 1851 to 1855, the computed value of our exports was £17,858, 548; from 1856 to 1850, the computed value was £24,469,178; shewing an increase upon the first quinquennial period of no less than £3,610,530.

Nothing can convey to the mind a clearer perception of the extraordinary development of our industrial and commercial operations, or indicate with greater force the spirit and enterprise with which they have been conducted by a community apparently so inadequate in numbers to produce such results.

Colonial Proporties

such results.

COLONIAL PHODUCE.

43. The Decennial Tables at pages 222 to 228 are interesting as exhibiting the quantities and values of our principal articles of export (seaward), the produce of the colony.

Those which show an increase on the returns of the pre-

ceding year are thus	stated, vic.	on the total in	or one bu
	1859.	1800.	Increas
Grain	£100,900	£150,465	£49.50
Butter and cheese	18,907	33,527	14.6
Salt ment	21,589	22,478	85
Coals	132,984	183,761	50,77
Gold	1,696,078	1,876,049	177.97
The articles which	exhibit a de	crease are :-	
	1859.	1860.	Decreas
Live stock	£73,834	£54,804	£19,0
Hides and leather	98,542	90,554	7.99
Wool	1,458,005	1,123,699	334,30
Tallow	37,275	28,794	8,4
Timber	47.154	28,186	18,90
Oil	26,980	10,661	16,3
	VHALE PINE		
44. The result of shews a decrease upo	our whale	fisheries (see	page 27

viz.—

1859. 1860. Decrease.
£28,288 £17,085 £8,603

Shifffing.
45. The number and tonnage of reasels entered inwards and outwards exceeded that of any previous year. There were entered inwards 1424 vessels, of the aggregate tonnage of 427,835 tons.

There were of the outwards 1438 vessels, of the aggregate tonnage of 431,484 tons.

There were 17 new vessels built, of the aggregate tonnage of 1135 tons; and 52 new vessels registered, of the tonnage of 1136 tons.

OVERLAND TRAVEL

We have no returns of any live stock received from Vic-toria; but from South Australia, via "Overland Conux," there were introduced 800 cattle and 17,200 sheep, so that we may take oredit for a large balance in our favour from the exportation of sheep, cattle, and horses during the vert.

MUNICIPALITIES. 51. The extension of our municipal institutions is a very remore kable feature in the returns.

In the Statistical Register for 1850, notice was taken of 13 numrispalities, exclusive of Sydney.

The estimated value of rateable property was computed at £244,705, the vevenue at £2507, the expenditure at £4327.

at £244,705, the revenue at £257, and 7 municipalities, The present return shows an increase of 7 municipalities, resking 20 of these institutions in operation during last year, with an estimated value of rateable properly of £1,177,225, with a revenue of £21,824, and an expenditure of £27,490.

MILITARY. of £27,490.

MILITARY.

52. The return of the volunteer corps is a novelty in the statistics of the colony, and must not be allowed to pass without notice.

It was towards the middle of the year that the first movement for the enrolment of a Company of Volunteer Artillery was made, and this movement was soon followed by the most sprited efforts for the formation of Companies of rifles in the city of Sydney, and throughout the metropo-

ditan county, as well as at Maitland and Novoastle.

The table before us (page 246) exhibits the result of this means int
it there that, in the course of six months, 21 companies of incounted) of rifles have been formed, and 2 companies of earilliers, numbering 1644 rank and file, officered by 43 companies and and non-counties and officers.

The tables of receipts and disbursements for the year will be found at pages 247 to 258.

The statement of revenue in the year 1800, compared with the year 1809, shows a decrease exceeding half a million.

Electric telegraph. 2.971
Those exhibiting a decrease are to be found under the heads of
Customs and daties. 607,364
Lands. 165,023
Rests and licenses. 1,632
Fines and free 2,547
Hallway tolls. 1,834
Piter and harbour dues 953
Inmigration remittances 6,199
Loans. 256,093
To the errection of the Northern Districts into a separate colony may be attributed the decrease in the revenue derived from duties collected by the Outsoms, and partly to this cause, and partly to the unsettled state of the land question may be attributed the shortcomings of the revenue from the sale of lands. The total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the year (including £560,732 total revenue and receipts for the service in the middle of the year. 54. With regard to the expenditure of the year the usual comparative statement has been by authority the sum of the year and the expenditure is stated at a calculated to misfoad by the Auditor-General to the effect that "the form in which the expenditure is stated at real part of the service for each year, while ir really gives only the amount actually levught o account within each year.

The total disbursements during the year (excluding the sum of the property of the property

RAILWAY EXTENSION.

RAILWAY EXTENSION.

(REPORT FROM BROINERS-IN-CHIEF FOR RAILWAYS.)

Enginerin-Chief to Secretary for Public Works.

Railway Department, Engineer's Office,
Sydney, 3lst July, 1861.

Sit,—In compliance with your instructions I have prepared, and have now the honour to submit, the following report on the cost of constructing chesp locomotive lines of railway between Picton and Goulburn in the south, and Penrith and Bathurst in the west; the cost of haulage on the Western line over the gradients by steam power; and the cost of haulage on the sanie gradients by steam power; and the cost of haulage on the sanie gradients by steam power; and the cost of haulage by horse power over a transway laid on the surface of the existing main road between Penrith and Bathurst.

The letters from his Excellency Sir John Young, and Captain Ward, M. B., forwarded to me in minute paper, dated 4th June last, on the subject of railways, have received my most careful consideration.

In making a comparison of the cost of lines to be worked by locomotive engines and by horse power. I propose to limit the gradients to 1 in 30 in place of 1 in 20 as suggested by Captain Ward. My reacons for making this alteration are, that I had already prepared an estimate for a locometive line between Picton and Goulburn with gradients not steeper than 1 in 30, as the general formation of the country through which the proposed line is to be carried does not require the adoption of a steeper gradient.

Assuming, therefore, that the steeper gradient on both lines is 1 in 30, it follows that the cost of construction for earthwork will be the same on either line, unless a different gauge be used for the line to be worked by horses, or unless the formation width be reduced. The gauge of the existing locomotive lines is 4-81, and I would not recommend an inarrower gauge to be used by the horse railways.

If, then, the gauges remain the same, the only reduction which could be made in the case of earthwork would be by reducing the width allowed for derimage. The p

1850. 1800. Decrease.
217,085 217,085 28,003

45. The number and decivered invaries that the state of the substant and outwards exceeded that of any previous year. There were entered inwards 1438 voxels, of the aggregate tonange of 427,355 tons.

There were entered outwards 1438 voxels, of the aggregate tenange of 427,355 tons.

There were of 7 new reseals built, of the aggregate tenange of 7212 tons.

Overstand 7 new reseals to middle of the service of the 100 tone of the 80 tone of 7212 tons.

Overstand 7 new vessels built, of the aggregate tenange of 7212 tons.

Overstand New North Makes the state of the 100 tone of 122 tons.

Overstand New South Wales had no officers on the frontier whose duty it was to take account of the traffic outwards and inwards; and, therefore, I have been dependent upon the courtest of the revenue officers of Victoria to supply me with such information as they were kind enough to affect, of the subsection of the value of the

to be worked by locomotive engines, with	a maxim	um	67
dient of 1 in 36. Length, 81 miles. Earthwork Masonry in bridges and culverts Timber framing Tunnels Permanent way	68,907 27,479 59,000 243,000	000	
Stations. Wrought-iron girders for bridge over the Woollondilly River	9,600	0	0
Fencing. Add for level crossings, station arrange	636,333	0	0
ments, and contingencies			_

Tons c. q. lbs.
106 17 0 16
4 6 1 20
6 19 2 7
1 19 0 12
0 19 2 7

3 18 0 26 £78 4 B

te 1408 0 0 £296 7 6 £2525 12 9 Say £2,600 per mile.

Whether locomotive power or barne traction be adopted, the estimates I have given are for permanent ways of the description I would recommend, as no cheaper roads, in my pinion, could be advantageously laid down and said-facterily worked.

The cost of the permanent way being £500 per mile in favour of horse traction, the estimate for a line from Picton to Goulburn, to be worked by horses would be as follows—
Earthwork.

£179,791

Masenry in bridges, culverts, &c. 68,907

Timber framing 72,499

Tunnels 69,000

Sections 96,000

Sections 96,0

The total difference, therefore, in cost of construction of the two lines is £40,500 in favour of the horse traction system.

The section from which the estimates have been made for the proposed railway has been taken through a line of sountry selected with the greatest care, and will not, I believe, admit of any great improvement.

The amount, therefore, of £300,000, or £3703 per mile, as suggested in the papers referred to me, is totally inadequate, in my opinion, to construct any description of railway which can be serviceable to the colony.

The estimate of £3000 a mile, which has been named as sufficient to construct a transway on the gradients of the existing roads, can have been intended only to include the laying down of a permanent way, with a metalled track for the horses, and an allowance of £500 per mile for the construction of earthworks, bridges, &c This, however, must be a mere guess, as no information has ever been obtained from which a reliable estimate could be made.

I regret that the section of the main road from Picton to Goulburn is not finished, so that I might have been able to institute a comparison of the gradients on the road, and those proposed for the railway; but I am in a position to do so with reference to the Western Road from Penrith to Bathurst.

I may here state that it is not my intention to adopt for

manuse's comparison of the gradients on the road, and those personed for the railway; but I am in a position to do so with reference to the Western Road from Penrith to Bathurst.

I may here state that it is not my intention to adopt for the Western Railway a steeper gradient than I in 30, the same as the maximum for the Southern line.

The Western Line of Railway is proposed to be carried on from the termination of the existing contract with Sir S. M. Peto and Co., at Penrith, across the River Nepean, north of the site of the present ferry, to the township of Rmu; thence ascending by a spur, or inferior range, the line intersects the Western Road 330 feet above the level of Rmu Plains, and crosses Knapsack Gully at a considerable elevation (440 feet above Rmu Plains) reaching the summit of Lapstone Hill, near the Old Pligrim Inn, on the Western Road. The main range, which divides the tributaries of the Nepsan and the Cox from those of the Grose River, is then followed to near Shepherd's toll-bar, Mount Victoria), at which point the line diverges to the north along Daving's Causeway, which divides the waters of the River Lett from the sources of the Grose River to Bell's line of read, or the range dividing the River Lett and River Grose tributaries from those of the River Colo. This range is then followed to Dargan's Creek, at which point the line diverges to the north along the range between Dargan's Creek and Brown's River, reaches Lingsw's Valley by descending one of the tributaries of Brown's River, Transpersed of the River, reaches Lingsw's Valley by descending one of the tributaries of Brown's River, Transpersed to the River Road and the Middle River Range, which is crossed with a short tunnel (143 yards); thence passing Wallerwand or Piper's Flat to the north, it crosses Cox's River, and follows the Horse Gully to the lowest point in the main dividing range, between the material walley and the point the line course of Solitary Creek to within halt a mile of its centiquence with the Fish River; thence run

erings 111,364 0 0 £1,110,000 0 0

permanent way, two men to a sile of the vertical lawed creatings and the present surface of the vertical series of

he Nattai ron Mines, a by a tun-he Wingo-Liver about int the line ge, crossing by White's stron Forest es gradually Pine Lodge, lividing the sources of 4 Southern dy's River; gensrally 3len Rook, a north of he Natrune to the west-rain crossed, generally to

£78 4 8

Although this is the tractive force which a horse is supposed to exert on the level, this force rapidly diminishes with increase of inclination. A horse will doubtless exert or short time a power equal to 420 lbs., but his useful effective power, day by day, has been assertained to be not greater than that stated above.

On the main road (down line) between Peurith and Bathurst, the total length of ascents is 231,103 feet; the total length of ascents is 201,103 feet; the total length of ascents is 201,103 feet; the total length of ascents is 201,103 feet; the total length of ascents is 201,202 feet.

Over the same road, on the up line (Bathurst to Penrith), the total length of ascents is 207,920 feet.

In the above estimate of receipts, passenger traffic has been the length of descents, 207,920 feet.

In the above estimate of receipts, passenger traffic has been centively on inted, nor has any amount been included for the conveyance of the mails, or of horses, carriages, and wages of estation clerks and porters 46,324 0 0

Interest, at the rate of 5 per cent, on the total venditure of the venditure of

that, although on the down line there are 39 miles of descending gradients, and on the up line 50 miles of descending gradients, yet no advantage can be taken of these if the line be worked by horse-power; as, in consequence of the intervening ascending gradients, which occur in rapid succession, the number of horses required to overcome the maximum ascent must travel with the load throughout the whole journey, and the same cost of working must be incurred as if no such favourable conditions existed. Nor can any great advantage be taken of the momentum which might be acquired on the ascending gradients to relieve the tractive force required on the ascending gradients to relieve the tractive force required on the ascending ones, as any great increase of speed would be attended with so much danger as practically to exclude its adoption. Brakes will be required throughout the entire journey, sufficiently powerful to overcome gravitation (minus friction), on the stosposidedine, and although the motive animal power travelling with the load would be more than sufficient for this purpose, it cannot be made available, and mechanical means have to be resorted to.

On reference to the tables of gradients for the Western Raliway, it will be found that, on the down line from Penrith to Bathurst, the tetal length of ascending gradients is 270,195 feet, or about 51 miles; the total length of descending gradients gradients 270,195 feet, or about 45 miles. It is, therefore, apparent that on the down line the tractive power of the engine would be required to overcome friction only for 51 miles, and to overcome the resistance due to gravity and friction only for 12 miles, the remaining 46 miles being worked almost entirely by gravitation.

On the up line, Bathurst to Penrith, the tractive power of the engine would be required to overcome the resistance of the engine would be required to overcome the resistance of the consideration only for 51 miles, and to overcome the resistance of the engine would be required to overcome the r

Maintenance of horse traces, 2430 per mile. 2,625 0 0
Repairs to harness, 1313 horses, at £2 cac. 2,625 0 0
Assuming that 80 tens be delivered in Bathurst, and 80 tens in Penrith each day, the total quantity conveyed per annum would be 50,080 tens, at a total cost of £190,793, being at the rate of £3 16s 24, per ton from Penrith to Bathurst, or at the rate of 10d, per ton per mile. For the purpose of showing the decrease in cost of haulage by adopting better gradients, I give below an estimate of the cost of hauling 80 tens, as in the former case, over the gradients proposed for the railway, the maximum being 1 in 30. The total length of line is 111 miles, and is divided as in the former estimate, into stages of 12 miles each. On 9 stages the number of horses required on each stage is 54, and on the 10th stage, 3 miles in length, 7 horses only are required. The total number of horses therefore is 493.

Forage for horses, at £40 per annum £19,720 0 0 Horse-shoeing and farriery, £7 each 3,451 0 0 Brakesmen (82), at £130 ditto 19,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairing permanent way at £130 per mile 16,650 0 0 Repairi

Working charges, including locomotive power, maintenance of permanent way, and wages of station cierks and porters 45,324 0 0

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-four minutes past three.

PAPERS

Mr. COWPER laid upon the table the following papers, viz., copy of the Statistical Register of New South Wales for the year 1860. Return of all public officers who have, since the inauguration of responsible Government, been declared eligible for election under the provisions of the Constitution Act. Return relative to the expenditure of the building fund of the Sydney University. The several papers were ordered to be printed.

Mr. WINDEYER presented a petition signed by 5239 residents of Sydney and its neighbourhood against the continuance of Chinese limingration, and praying that, in order to prevent the repeated disturbances occurring between Buropsans and Chinese, the House will be pleased to passes measure for sectedible the latter from the gold-failed, and imposing the contact of the

it would depend on the representation of the local magistracy how many shall be mounted and how many foot police.

THE WINDSOR GAOL.

Mr. WALKER asked the Secretary for Public Works—

J. Is the Government aware of the daily increasing dilapidation and insecurity of the Windsor gaol? 2. When will tenders be called for the necessary repairs and alterations to same, for which money was voted last assain of Parliament? 3. What is the cause of delay in such repairs, &c., not having as yet been taken in hand?"

Mr. AlfNOLD said the Government were aware of the condition of the Windsor gaol, and out of the £25,000 voted for public buildings, £500 was set apart for its repair. The staff of the Colonial Architect had, however, been employed up to the present time, on what were deemed the most pressing cases; but these having now been disposed of, this survey of the Windsor gaol would be proceeded with, and tenders called for making the necessity repairs.

RESISTANCE OF SHERIFF'S OFFICER.

Mr. RUSDEN asked the Colonial Secretary "If any enquiry has been made respecting the attempt to arrest, for delt, the Captain of the French frigate in the case of "Eire," when the Sheriff's office, Mr. Brown, was refused admittance on board in the execution of his duty; and, if so, what decision has the Government come to in the matter?"

Mr. COWPER said the circumstance had been brought under his attention by the Sheriff in a letter from that officer, as follows:—

Sia,—I have the honer to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his to be more to enclose a letter from my chief bailiff, recording his power has a subject of such importance to the trading community of sydney, that if deem it in

orders in order to carry the bill through all its stages in one day, and by taking this course hon members would be able to avail themselves of the time to see that the bills were the same.

Mr. HOSKINS should like to know what had induced the Government to introduce the bills in this chamber after previously introducing them in the other branch of the Legislature. Was it on the advice of the Crown law officers? He would not admit that the Government were in a hurry to pass these bills, because fifteen days had already clapsed since Parliament had met, and they had taken no steps in the matter.

Mr. FORSTER: The hon, member for Patrick's Plains (Mr. Harpur) characterised this bill as a sham and a delusion, and although he did not go with him to that extent he entirely disagreed with those gentlemen who were inclined to hurry these bills through before they saw what they were. He and those hon, members who had lately come into the House were, he thought, entitled te a certain degree of allowance and a longer period to bring their wits to bear on this question. He was indisposed to any indecent hasts in passing this measure; but he did not object to their passing it according to the forms of the House, which allowed them to do it in three days, and surely that was quick enough; and when they heard of the bill being a sham and a delusion, he saked was there any sham or delusion greater than making a pretence to the people that they were in a great hurry to pass the bill? Now, was it not, well known that there was no material difference between passing the bill in one day and three days. He thought they should adhere to the forms of the House which were imposed upon them, and which were quite as important as the Land Bill. He asked the House to let the bill pass in three days, and he would allow.

Mr. HART also objected to the supposition, but would be glid not be a party to any factions opposition, but would be glid to see them passed as quickly as the forms of the House wild have constitutionally knew nothing of

The Part of the Control of the Contr

would not again open up the bill. He took it that every member who should do on would be delaying the bill. Not chall he members who had come into the House sides of the bill members who had come into the House sides that his equition, if the bill were again to be generally discussed, it might be looked upon as defeated.

Mr. DICK was sorry to hear that the Colenial Socratary had not made up his mind about the bill. He quite closely the was the wrong time to raise any discussion, there may be recorded the bill. He quite been fully recognised by the Victorian Government. Since the last precognion it was quite true that many members were in the Rouse who did not belong to it during the would be prepared to do so himself. He believed that they ought to take measures to get the bill passed through all its desired and solid dopone it. Mr. MARTUR rose for the purpose of explanation. If the bill were the according Land Bill be been goaled to state that, when he called it a delastion and a raise of the bill passed through all its delastic state of the state of th

tariff of the present Government was utterly unsound, and that the taxation of the country required remodelling, he should vote for this as one step towards compelling the Ministry to take action in the matter.

Mr. T. GARRETT contended that the holder of a business license could hold the ground he occupied so long as he tail for the license.

ness license could note in ground in the said for his license.

Mr. HABT Not if it were required for mineral pur-

Br. HABT Not if it were required for mineral purposes.

Br. HABT Not if it were required for mineral purposes.

Mr. DALGLEISH said that formerly he supported a reduction, and he was on this occasion fortified in his opinion. When the bill was formerly before the House, he was not so well sware of the manner in which these business license fees were exterted from people who were in many cases not very well able to pay them. The payment of these licenses was also frequently evaded by men who travelled for town establishments. He also believed it would be found, under the Act now in existence, that if any one individual on the gold-fields were to combine the avocations of carpenter, blacksmith, and grocer, he actually would have to pay three licenses for each trade. (Mr. T. GARRETT: "No, no.") He believed that each was the case, and thought that the answer to what he had stated would much better come from the Government than from their papelogist.

Mr. T. GARRETT rose to explain, but was ruled out of order.

Mr. DALGLEISH proceeded. The han member need not interrupt him in his remarks. He had been up and down several times already, like a jack-in-a-box, and might at least permit him to speak. (Lond crises of "Order.") He withdrew the expression, which had fallen from him indvertently; the hen, member had already had ample opportunities for explaining his sentiments. He was very glad to see that the price of the license was to be reduced.

Mr. GARRETT denied that he had any intention of arrogating to himself the duty of an apologist for this or any other Government.

Mr. HAY said that, by the holders of the land under these licenses, a very considerable amount of land was taken up. For himself, he must say that he did not think it desirable to have those sort of pure-empire claims acpt up, and abouid much prefer seeing the licenses reduced aimply to the character of business licenses. By this means the objection stated by the honorable member for Patricks Plains might be must say that he did not think it desirable

In clause 27. Local courts may trame rules and establish fees.

On the motion of Mr. COWPER the following words were struck out of this clause — and may establish free to be appropriated by them for their maintenance, from which fees the chairman, the members, and clerk shall be entitled to receive payment at the rate of ten shillings each for every day on which the courts shall be actually sitting.

for every day on which the courts shall be actually sitting.

The clause so amended was then put and passed.

Clause 36. Summary proceedings

Mr. COWPER had been carefully considering the amendment made in the 16th clause, which was inconsistent with this. He proposed that the 36th clause as it stood should be allowed to pass, in order that the bill might be re-committed for the reconsideration of the 16th clause. He could not see why the assessors should be called upon to assist the justices in cases of trespass.

After some discussion, in which Mr. WILSON, Mr. REDMAN, and Mr. FORSTER took part, the clause was passed as read, with the understanding that a re-committal of the bill would be moved by Mr. COWPER to re-consider the amendments previously agreed to in clauses 14 and 16. Clause 38 (requiring that all moneys levied under this Act be paid into the consolidated revenue, unless otherwise expressly appropriated) was passed without discussion.

Clause 39 (commencement and short title) was also agreed to.

Mr. SADLEIR then proposed the subjoined new clause

Act be paid into the consolidated revenue, unless otherwise expressly appropriated was passed without discussion.

Clause 39 (commencement and short title) was also agreed to.

Mr. SADLEIR them proposed the subjoined new clause to stand as clause 9 of the bill —"It shall not be lawful to issue any new miner's rights to chinamen not being British subjects either by birth or naturalization after the 31st of July 1862. But the Governor with the advice aforesaid may subject to the provisions of this Act and the regulations aforesaid permit or renew for one year or part there-of and from year to year a miner's right at present held on due proof of same and on his applying for the same in the usual way on payment of a fee of £ s. d." The hommenber said there could be no doubt of their right to take this course in reference to the Chinose, while there could be no question as to its expediency. The immigration of these people was objectionable on many grounds. The question was, whether this great interest of gold-mining was to be endangered by this inroad of Chinese who came here as diggers. No treaties that existed with China could affect that point, which was purely for our own consideration. The Chinese Government, for instance, would not permit Europeans to interfere with their test growing interest, and we were entitled to exercise the same means of self-preservation here. The Chinese had done little or nothing to advance the general interests of the country; their habits were repugnant in every way to our own; the recent trials before the Criminal Courts showed that crime was very rife amongst them, even in its worst aspect. Again, the experience of Sir John Bowring went to prove that they were naturally cruel in their disposition, and had very little respect for human life. They had, moreover, introduced leproey and other diseases into the country which were not known before. Seeing, then, the many objections that existed to them, and most effect all means of dealing with the difficulty.

Mr. COWFER hoped the co

before with the considered, the clause has not been very carefully considered, the clause, and considered that it would neither interfere with the Chinese Bill nor be out of place in a bill to regulate the gold-fields. Nor would it have that effect which was considered so undestrable, namely, to drive the Chinese off the gold-fields into other channels of industry, as it would nerely have a prespective effect. It neverly provided that Chinese arriving in the colony subsequent to the let July; 1862, should not be permitted to work on the gold-fields. When such a pros sion was beard of in China, it would be thoroughly effectual in preventing their innigration to this country. He hoped has committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be committee would not object to the chause, as it would be controlled to the country.

the committee would not object to the clause, as it would give great satisfaction to the uniners, which could not be said of the bill as it now stood.

Mr. COWPER said then it would appear that one demand being satisfied only made way for another. The Mayor of Fydney presented a petition on behalf of a large meeting, stating that if this bill were passed the Chinese difficulty would be settled.

Mr. ROLT supported the clause, and thought it could not be objected to even by the Chinese Government, as it gave then ample warning. It would have the effect of obviating the evils of which the people of this colony complained, as the immigration of Chinese to this country in such herdes would be stopped.

Mr. HOSKINS manualmed that this clause, if agreed to, would prevent any Chinese from coming to the country in future. Whilst we desired to get rid of the Chinese, and whits it was admitted to be suicidal to drive them off the gold-fields into other brunches of industry, it would certainly be a most unobjectionable course if we provided for their inture exclusion from the gold-fields, and thus most effectually prevented their coming to this country. He considered this was the most appropriate time to deal with the queetion, whilst the Gold-fields Bill was being considered.

Mr. HARPUR trusted that at last the House would do

the queetion, whilst the Goid-fields But was using considered.

Mr. HARP'UR trusted that at last the House would do something effectual in this matter, and carry out the proposal of the hon, member, which he considered to be the best and the most practical method of dealing with the question that had yet been brought forward. Let hon members opposite—the ultra-democrats of the House—who spoke so largely and so loudly at public meetings and elsewhere about packing off the Chinese from the colony, let them be honest for once, and vote for this motion of the hon, members. Something must be done to give satisfaction to the miners, unless hon, members desired to drive the Anglo-Saxon diggers to New Zealand, and people our gold-fields with Mongolians.

Saxon diggers to New Zealand, and people our gold-fields with Mongolians.

Mr. GRAY looked upon this proposed clause as very desirable, not being open to the objections that could be urged against the motion of the hon, member for the Gold-fields South. As at present worded, it was somewhat ambiguous, and would require some vasial amendment. He would therefore suggest that the hon. mamber should submit to have it amended, and then it would meet the matter desired. Here was a practical piece of legislation offered to those who desired the exclusion of the Chinese, for the safest way to attain their end would be to prevent them from going on the gold-fields. To carry out his view, he would move the ounsaion of certain words, with a view to insert in their place the words, "arriving in this colony."

with a view to insert in their place the words, "arriving in this colony."

Mr. BUCHANAN would oppose this amendment, and also every measure that had for its object the exclusion of the Chinese from the gold-fields, because he would never be a party to inflicting upon one portion of the community a maisance that would not be borne by any other portion of the community. Why, the hen. members acted directly opposite to what they asserted, for whilst they excluded the Chinese from the gold-fields they inflicted the nuisance of their presence upon the other part of the community, overflowing the labour market, and throwing them into competition with the labouring men of the colony. Every member of the community regarded them as a nuisance, but would see them comfined to the gold-fields as being the safest and most convenient outlet for them,

He asked if they excluded the Chinese from the gold-fields, where would they go to? He understood the nature of the amendment, and maintained that, even it it were passed, the Chinese would come here; and he thought the lest place they could go to if they did come would be the gold-fields. He considered that if a larger number of the gold-fields. He considered that if a larger number of effect, because it would show the monstrous nuisance they were, and the Government would be then obliged to take steps for their exclusion. He hoped the Chinese would continue to pour on to the gold fields in such large numbers as to cause acrous disturbances and bloodshed, and then the whole force of the ability of the Executive would be taxed to deal with this question, and to pass a measure for their total exclusion. He should vote against the amendment, and should oppose every measure that had the object of excluding the Chinese from the gold-fields; although he would vote for any bill for the prohibition of the Chinese, and the extirpation of Chinamen from this colony.

Mr. STEWART said the hon, member seemed to wish to see these disturbances renewed; but, as he was desirous of preventing this, he should vote for the hon, member's smendment. This clause was not to affect the Chinese at present working on the gold-fields, and east them on the other branches of industry, but he believed that the ten menths' notice would be ample to prevent them from caming here. If this clause were passed, he should not care whether the hon, Minister went on with his Chinese Bill or not.

Mr. DALGLEISH said the clause did not got a feet the colonial and cast them on the

ing here. If this clause were passed, he should not care-whether the hon. Minister went on with his Chinese Bill or not.

Mr. DALGLEISH said this clause did not affect the Chinese at present on the gold-fields. Now what the people complained of was, the number of Chinese at present here, and not of the number that might come here. It seemed that this clause was of a prospective character, and was intended to legislate on the Chinese after they arrived. He believed the wish of the House was to put a stop to Chinese immigration altogether; therefore, he could not agree with the remarks that fell from the hon. member for Fatrick's Plains. He contended that the opinions of the public at the several meetings that had been held were for the exclusion of the Chinese altogether; be, therefore, awe no necessity for introducing a prospective clause to affect those who might come here. A clause in this bill had already placed the power of dealing with the Chinese in the most satisfactory manner, and he maintained that the clause was simply introduced for the purpose of stulitiying the eighth clause of the bill with regard to aliens. He opinted out that when this clause was before the House, the hon. member wished to propose an amendment of a similar character to this new clause. He contended, therefore, if this clause were agreed to, the Honse would stultify the vote they had arrived at on a provious eccasion.

Mr. REDMAN said the outry against the Chinese was not so much in consequence of those now here as because of the overwhelming numbers who might come to this colony in the future. It appeared to him that the Assembly was divided into two parties—the ensemies of the Chinese work there as citizens, and he would extend to them the same privileges which he should expect an Ringlishman to receive in their country. He, for one, would always maintain what he bolieved would be simple justice to the poor and unprotected foreigners who, trusting to British meercy and have thought he, amonther at their own cost;—but the honora

an an are wine after 1802. Were outsted, so that itseeffect should be simply that no miners rights should be issued to Chinamen after 1802.

Mr. LUCAS hoped that the House would not agree to the motica of the hon. member for Queunbeyan. How would they be able to distinguish those Chinese who might arrive after the year 1862 from those who were already here? How could they tell the one set of Chinamen from the other? Mr. TERRY: "Brand them." Laughter.] He was really astonished to hear the hon. member for Mudgee make such a suggestion. He, was also quite at a loss to understand how it was that the hon. member for West Sydney (Mr. Dalgleish) who, the other night, had voted with Mr. Wilson for driving the Chinese from the gold-fields, could consistently oppose this motion. He (Mr. Lucas) was not for driving away from the diggings those Chinese that were already there. He objected to the adoption of such a course, believing, as he did, that it would have the effect of forcing their labour into the towns to compete with the labour there. He thought that the House should do all that could be done and insert this clause in order to prevent the arrival of the Chinese here. He should support the amendment of Mr. Gray. He believed, however, that a large majority of that House and of the country would not be satisfied unless a special measure should be passed for the exclusion of the Chinese.

Mr. MORIARTY thought that the clause as proposed would have the effect of restraining the Chinese from arriving in the colony when it was known in their country that such a clause had become law. He could not support had so had become law. He could not support the should give his assent to the amendment moved by the hon. member for Kiama, believing it would have all the effect of the Southern Gold-fields in his desire of the southern Gold-fields in his desire.

hen. member for Klama, believing it would have all the effect anticipated.

Mr. LEARY quite understood the object of the honmember for the Southern Gold-fields in his desire to exclude the Chinese from the gold-fields or the colony. Nothing short of a regular clause declaring that the Chinese should not work on the gold-fields would suit honmembers: and yet, supposing that Chinese arrived here after 1862, what, he would sak, was to prevent them, if excluded from the public gold-fields, from working on those that were private? He did think it a great pity that they should have already debated this question so often, and hoped Mr. Sadieir would withdraw the clause he had proposed. (Loud cries of "No.") Well, then, he (Mr. Leary) should spoose it. He contended that when any foreign people came to this colony, they had a perfect right to all the rights of British subjects. (No.) He quite admitted that in the event of there being a large aggregation of foreigners here, so large as to imperfil the well-being of the public, it would be quite right to adopt measures of some restrictive character. He hoped to see the amendment rejected.

Mr. WINDEYER intended to vote for the amendment,

heped to scope measures or some reservoir classical and heped to see the amendment rejected.

Mr. WINDEYER intended to vote for the amendment, and could not comprehend the grounds upon which the honmember for West Sydney (Mr. Dalgleish) could possibly oppose it after voting with Mr. Wilson the other night—setting himself, as it were, against the principle then affirmed. He (Mr. Windeyer) did not object to the Chinese coming here as traders. What he objected to was their coming in such numbers as to endanger our social institutions, materially to interfere with the British character of the community, and injuriously to affect the moral, physical, and intellectual status of the people. The only practicals way of removing the difficulty was by striking at the root of the evil, and by removing the inducements which brought these Chinamen to our ahores. (Hear, hear.) Let them clearly understand that after a certain date no more licenses would be issued to them, and there would be an end to all these distributors; they would take them: Let them clearly understand that after a certain date no more licenses would be issued to them, and there would be an end to all these disturbances; they 'would take them-scives out of the colony just as readily as they had entered, once the inducement which brought them here was removed. He could not understand how the hon member (Mr. Palgleish) and other hon. members, who had given uttersnee to all sorts of empty platitudes on the public platforms and elsewhere, should take the course they were now taking, now that a plain and palpable mode of treating the question was submitted. Such conduct he locked upon as in the highest degree inconsistent, and helf the hon. members to ascertain how far it was in unison with the feeling of their constituents, and with the numerous petitions which were pouring in upon the House from all parts of the colony. The 5th elsaus, under which these hon. members attempted to satisfy their consciences, he (Mr. Windeyer) looked upon as a mere delusion—and for this reason, that no Government would ever be able to enforce such an arrangement as was therein provided for, without the assistance of a standing army. He should support the amendment proposed, and would be propared to go even further, and refuse licenses to those Chinose who are new in the colony, as well as those who might arrive. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. DALGLEISH defended himself from the charge of inconsistency, and maintained that his votes had all through been consistent and uniformly in favour of prohibiting the Chinese altogether. This, however, would not be the effect of the proposed amendment, and hence his reason for cyposing it.

Mr. GRAY having, by leave of the committee, temporarily withdrawn his amendment for the purpose of introducing a verbal alteration in the first line of the crisical clause, next moved, as an amendment, that the clause be altered so as to read thus:—"It shall not be lawful to itseu miners" rights to say Chinamen who may arrive in the colony after the 3lat July, 1862."

On the question that word



Mr. WINDEYER explained that the petition he had this day presented with five thousand signatures was exactly the same as that adopted by the public meetings, and it advised absolute removal of the Chinese from the gold-fields. (The hon. member subsequently read the special resolution to the above effect, and which was embodied in the petition.)

Mr. COWPER still contended that the petition pre-sented by the Mayor expressed approval of the legislation which that House had entertained and sanctioned. But now it appeared that the separation of the Chinese from

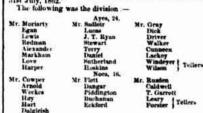
would the Chinese Immigration Bill, by which £10 a head was to be saceted from Chinamen on arrival, a san of £4 a head (as in Victoria) imposed, a refusal of naturalisation, and their immigration restricted by allowing ships to bring but one Chinese passenger to every ten tons. They were saked to go further, and not, after the 2rd of July, 1862, allow any Chinaman arriving after that date to receive a miner's right. He considered that this was pushing legislation to an extreme. He though the principle was unsound, and he head that if the committee really intended to deal with this clause, they would take some further time to consider it. He was decidedly opposed to it.

Mr. LOVE supported the amendment, and stated that the opinion expressed by the public at their meetings and in their petitions was not with reference to any particular measure, but that legislation upon this question should be of a very stringent character.

Mr. J. T. RYAN also approved of the amendment, as he considered it desirable to get rid of the Chinese in this colony, not only because they were obnexious to European coloniats, but as they were thiely to interfere with emigration from the mother country.

Mr. SUTHERLAND explained that the petition he presented was in accordance with the resolutions passed at the public meeting at which he presided, and expressed his assent to the amendment. He believed that the most effectual means of keeping them from the colony, was by excluding them from working on the gold-fields.

Mr. HART pointed by hon, noumbers who had never seen it before, and the confusion in the divisions upon it showed that hon, members searcely knew hast they were doing. His sucke should be given against it. It would interfere with private rights, as it declared that sfine a certain date no licenses should be issued to Chinamen sriving in the colony, and it must be recollected that some private gold-fields on the Church and School lands. They had done well in taking steps to prevent the Chinese from the gold-fields, then the m



The preamble of the bill was agreed to.

On the motion of Mr. COWPER, the Chairman left the chair, and reported the bill with amendments to the House.

The adoption of the report was ordered to stand an order of the day for Tuesday next.

morrow.

SALE OF LIQUORS GENERAL LICENSING BILL.

Mr. COWPER moved that the second reading of this
bill stand an order of the day for to-morrow.

Mr. BUCHANAN objected to this course. It was not
quite eleven o'clock, and he maintained that they could easily
get through the bill in three hours. If they wished this to be

The question was put and carried on the following division: Area, 81. Nr. Cowper							11141114	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
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Mr. DANGAR postponed the motion standing in his ADJOURNMENT OF THE HOUSE.

Mr. BUCHANAN moved that the House adjourn to three o'clock to-morrow (this day). Mr. DALGLEISH and Mr. DRIVER supported the motion.

The motion was carried on a division—ayes, 34; noes, 6.
The noes consisted of Mesars, Lewis, Harpur, Cunneen,
Windeyer, Rusden, and Wilson.

A FLOWER OF PARLIAMENTARY ELOQUENCE, ON THE CHINER QUESTION.—Those who are not in the habit of attending the Legislative Assembly, but who have, nevertheless, a hankering for unadulteraged eloquence, may feel some little interest in the perthal of the tollowing peroration by an hon, member fresh from the country:—"I believe not with the hon, member for Sydney West to exclude them from the gold-fields, because it is the only place such a quantity of men could be employed in the country at all. If such a quantity of men were let loose on the country now the labour—the labour that—we are speaking now—we have here been sending to England, granting £50,000 by this House last session for ismigration, and what effect would it take usou our lecturers in England this session which ought to have been introduced last, to expel these men sltegether? We ought to bring in a bill this session to exclude them, and this will be the only way we have to do the matter to come to a final conclusion and settle the question at once. I shall vote for the question and the clause as smended."

Congou and Green Tues.—Ten merchants, wholessle and retail

question and the chause as americaet.

Congou and Green Teas.—Tea merchants, wholeasis and retail greens, shippers to the adjacent colonies, general storekeepers, and the trade are particularly desired to attend the large sale of choice congrous, are Psyche and Norma, and a large pareet of green teas, at the Bank Austien Booms, by J. G. Oohen, this day, Thumsday, September Ia, 1861, at 11 o'elock precisely. Punctual attentance is requested by the auctioneer, and the time for commencing will be strictly adtered to, viz., 11 o'elock charp.—Adv.

SHIPPING.

Curlew, brig. 240 tons. Captain Smith, from the South Sca.

8. Towns and Ca. agents.

Hargraves, schooner. 230 tons. Captain Henderson, from
Hobart Town 3rd instant. Captain, agent.

Kembla (s.) 263 tons. Captain Smill ran, from Clyde River 17th
instant. Passengers—Messr. Craig. Kerwan, Sheppard, Summers, Cowper, and 24 in the steerage. 1. S. N. Company, agents.

DEPARTURES SEPTEMBER 16.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES. -SEPTEMBER 18. Strathdon. for London; Velox, for Shanghai; Stagb

Sea Islanda. Passengers—Mrs. Sustenance and child, and 2 in the strength of the control of the c

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—SEPTEMBER 18.

Ranger, for Newcastle; Brilliant, Corio, (a.), for Bellambi; Sarah Dent, for Jevis Bay; Woolloomooloo, for Maclesy River, Agenoria, for Brisbane Water; Sarah Ann, for Broken Bay; Sylvanus, for Botany; Gimbola, for Shoalhaven; Lydia, for Wollongong.

IMPORTS.—SETTEMBER 18.
Curiew, from the South Seas: 600 barrels humpback oil, R.
Curiew, from Hobart Town: 10,000 feet timber, 16,000
shings, 160,000 shingles, 0000 staves, 40 tons potatoes, Order.

polista, 16 pigs.

EXPORTS.—September 18.

Staghound, for South Sea Islands: 28 packages drapery, 70 tune empty casks; 3009 feet cedar, 5 cases wine, 1 hogshead brandy, 1 box tobacco, 100 cases geneva, 4 packages coffee, 10 hogshead run, 32 bags augur, 8 packages tea, 33 keys gunpowder, 40 bags flour, 15 casks ale, 5 casks porter, 12 drams oil, 85 packages, Monteferor, Grashan, and Co.

Velox, for Shanghai: 656 tons coal, J. Jones.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office, as follows:
FOR SHANGHAL.—By the Velox, this day, at neon, if not un FOR PRIENDLY ISLANDS. —By the Staghound, this day, at noor

Ceyion, Batavia, mingapore, maning the Hepe, and St. Helena. Hegistered letters not addressed to the United Kingdom win not be received after 4 p.m., 21st instant, but letters addressed to the United Kingdom will be registered from 9 to 10 a.m. 32rd is stant. All letters and newspapers not otherwise marked will be forwarded by this opportunity. Letters intended to be transmitted by any of the special routes above mentioned, viz., "via Mai sedlles" (in closed mail to France), or "via Trieste," must be a seal of the special route above mentioned, viz., "via Mai sedlles" (in closed mail to France), or "via Trieste," must be a

Curron House: Entranto Curwanns: September 18.—Iona, schooner, 29 tons, Captain Smith, for Otago; Lord Ashley (a.), 298 tons, Captain Wheeler, for Otago.

The P. and O. Ca.'s a Northam, arrived at Melhourne at 11-35 and present of the core, and was to leave again at 2 p.m. She may, therefore, be expected to arrive here early on Friday evening.

The A. S. N. Ca.'s new testamahip Diamantina arrived from Plymouth at Hobson's Bay, Melbourne, yesterday forenoon, at sleven of the S.

lymouth at Housen's pay, more than a trived at the Railway free A. S. N. Co.'s steamship Ran. satira arrived at the Railway fire, Melbourne, at five olcok on Tuesday morning.

The cargo of the Kembia, from the Clyde, consists of 400 sides outlet, 576 bags potatoes, 30 kegs butter, 11 pigs, 200 hides, it will be a support to the cargo of the cargo of the Kembia, from the Clyde, consists of the same cargo of the cargo of the Kembia, from the Clyde, consists of the cargo ones, or sage penace, or safe fishery, reports having spoke in the Amberst, of Sydney, twelve days since, in latitude 2t S. ongitude 15s E., with 70s barrels humpback oil on board. The Hargraves has bed light northerly winds ever since leaving Hobart Twan on the 3rd instant.

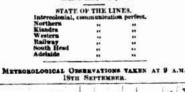
New Zealand, 4th September, September 17.—Ewald, schooner, Broving, for Melbourne, wit 180 tons coal, and 460 hage maine.

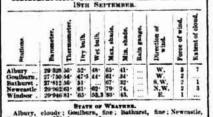
COAPTER INVARIA.

COAPTER INVARIA.

September 18.—Louise Maria, from Sydney, Tomatin, barquirton Sydney.

September 18.—Northam, P. and O. S., at 11.35 a.m. WINDS AND WEATHER.





BTATE OF WEATHER.

Albury, cloudy; Goulburs, fine; Bathurst, fine; Newcasine and clear; Windsor, very fine. SYDNEY HEADS. TIME | WINDS |

PORT OF SYDNEY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 18.

Inc. 21 tons, 2

THE CHINESE.—We spoke last week of the number of these people passing through Albury on their way to Lambing Flat; and the migration is yet in no wise diminished. Many of them, we learn, are from the Ovens, and are men who, from their thoroughly Regish appearance (in dress only, of course), and from the fisency with which they speak our tongue, have been long residents in the colony. The Celestials are deserting the Indigo and contiguous gold-fields for those upon our side of the Murray, showing, at least, that they have faith in the richnes of our mines, and also in our shilly to procure for them that protection to which every man who treads upon British sell has a right.—Albury Banger.

_	MERGRAND		U		MEAT PUE	MC.	TIOS	
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19	THURSDAY	1			5 36	17	29	1 7 50

The Sydney Morning Berald.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1861.

Tun Legislative Council met yesterday at twenty ninutes past four o'clock.

The Statistical Register for 1860 was laid upon the

In reference to a question of which Mr. Dras Thomson proposed to give notice on behalf of Sir W. M. Manning, respecting the intention of the Government as to claims preferred by various parties as discoverers of gold, Mr. ROBRITSON stated that regulations had been approved by the Government regulations had been approved by the Government for the establishment of courts on the various gold-fields, to which all such claims would be submitted.

Mr. M'ARTHUR presented a petition signed by 4658 persons, praying for a measure to restrict the immigration of Chinese.

The House adjourned at half-past four o'clock until Wednesday next.

THE Legislative Assembly met at twenty-seven

minutes past three p.m.

Mr. Cowper laid upon the table a copy of the Statistical Register—a return yesterday ordered by the House, of public officers from time to time declared eligible for seats under the 18th section of the Constitution Act—and an account of expenditure of the University Building Fund. The documents were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Winderen presented a petition from citizens of Sydney against the Chinese.

Mr. Winners presented a petition from citizens of Sydney against the Chinese.

In answer to questions of Mr. Dangan, Mr. Cow-ren said there was nothing in law to prevent the employment of chief constables as bailiffs or collectors of electoral rolls. Walls so employed their ordinary pay was stopped, and they used their own horses pay was stopped, and they used their own horses; also, that the necessary securities had been given by all clerks of petty sessions, and in most cases by land agents; that among the latter only four defaulters had been found, who were specified by the hon, member; that the question of police establishments on the Darling and Namoi was under consideration, and that the Government of the proposes placing radios at the Culture to

ment did not propose placing police at the Culgos, to assist in suppressing cattle stealing.

In answer to questions of Mr. Walker, Mr. Annold stated that the Government were aware how much Windsor gaol required repairs, that money had been set part for the purpose, and that any delay which had arisen was owing to more pressing cases having in the first instance occupied the attention of

enquiry had been made respecting the attempt to arrest, for debt, the captain of the French frigate, in the case of "Rice," when the Sheriff's officer, Mr. Brown, was refused admittance on board in the exe-Mr. Cowren said the circumstances had been re-

had advised that this officer's authority in such a case could not be enforced sgainst men-of-war. The

The oath was administered to Mr. Hay as a memper of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications, Mr. WEERE obtained leave to bring in a bill to

Mr. Annold postponed his motion for leave to in-roduce a bill to protect navigable waters.

Mr. Cowran moved for leave to bring in a bill to egulate and restrict Chinese immigration.

The motion was objected to by the SPRAKER, on the ground that the bill ought first to have been sub-nitted to a committee of the whole House, as ruled

Mr. FORSTER suggested that the hon, mover might without notice move the House into committee on the bill, provided no one objected.

Mr. Hav and Mr. Moniarry thought it highly un-

desirable to depart from a rule laid down.

Mr. Foreyra's suggestion being adopted, a resolution, approving the object of the bill, was passed by committee of the whole, and adopted by the House afterwards. The second reading of the bill was fixed for the next day. The same course was adopted in regard to the

The same course was adopted in regard to the Lands Alienation and Occupation Bills, upon the former of which considerable discussion ensued, arising principally out of a former suggestion of Mr. Cowper, which was revived by Mr. Winderen, to the effect that the standing orders should be suspended, to allow the bill to pass through all its stages in one day. Mr. Monlary, Mr. Harren, Mr. Forsthemselves against; Mr. Piddinoton, Mr. Hoskins, Mr. Rusden, Mr. Gray, and Mr. Dick were in favour of the proposal. Mr. Buchanan announced certain amendments. Mr. Stewart deprecated any, as likely to defeat the bill. Mr. T. Garnert defended the Gomestic form the charge of improperty. Mr. Edw. ent from the charge of insincerity. Mr. Eoan ridiculed the idea of sending the Land Bills home to the emigration lecturers, whose mission was a job, A general wish was intimated that the bills, in some

shape or other, should be speedily passed.

The second reading of both bills was fixed for the

at the same time, move the suspension of the Standing Orders, for the purpose of passing the bills as speedily

Orders, for the purpose of passing as possible.

Mr. Dalollish, by way of personal explanation, with reference to an alleged statement of Mr. Arneld the previous evening, said that a letter was in his possession from Mr. Robertson, who had been quoted to the control of the co as an authority by the Secretary for Works, against the mechanical and manufacturing capabilities of colonial artificers, expressing, on the contrary, a strong opinion in their favour; and offering to get any sort f carriages or machines constructed in the colo

Mr. Anxone objected to the hon, member's ex-Mr. Annoin objected to the hon, member's explanation that it was contrary to fact. He denied having made the statement attributed to him, and pledged himself next day to produce a report from Mr. Robertson in proof of what he had really said.

Mr. Dick and Mr. Lucas were prevented by the Speaker from proceeding any further with the subject.

ect.
The second reading of the Police and Publicans Bills was postponed.

The House went into committee upon the Gold

Fields' Management Bill. The interpretation clause, No. 2, was passed. On the 6th clause a debate arose as to the propriety of business licenses, and in particular of fixing the fee at £4, to which Mr. Wilson and Mr. Hos-

Kins objected as too high, the latter moving an amendment for its reduction to twenty shillings.

Mr. Arnold, Mr. T. Garrett, Mr. Cowpen, and REIMAN spoke against; Mr. HARPUR, Mr. STEWART, Mr. RUSDEN, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. HART, Mr. DALOLEISH,

Mr. Rusden, art. In Cas. St. Harry act. Dates Mr. Forstin, and Mr. Harr supported the amendmens. Mr. Forstin, Mr. Horr, and Mr. Morrary asselled the principle of such licenses, as anomalous and unjustifiable. Mr. Cowren finally gave way, and the clause, with the Clauses 10, 36, and 39 were passed.

Mr. Saulain then proposed a new clause prohibit-ing the issue of miners' tights to Chinamen, not being British subjects, after July, 1862, but making an exception in favour of present holders.

Mr. Cowren objected to the clause as being an inon in the bill, and as embodying a

The clause was supported by Mr. Wilson, Mr. Holf, Mr. Hoskins, and Mr. Harrun, as the most effective mode of excluding the Chinese from the

amendment, and to every measure for excluding the Chinese from the gold-fields. Mr. STEWART, Mr. REDNAN, Mr. LUGAS, Mr.

MORIARTY, and Mr. WINDRYER were in favour of the clause, with the amendment proposed. Mr. DALOLERS and Mr. LEARY thought the clause inconsistent with the bill.

consistent with the bill.

Mr. Ghan's amendment was carried by 36 to 3.

Mr. Lova, Mr. Hans, and Mr. Suthellands spoke in support of the clause. Mr. Hant opposed it, ridiculing the inconsistency of the mover, and the confusion of mind of hon. members.

The amended clause was carried by 24 to 16. Anew clause was passed in substitution for clause 28, regulating elections for local courts.

The Police Regulation Bill was postponed to the next day.

next day.

Mr. Buchanan objecting to this course in regard to
the Publicans Bill, its postponement was carried by

Mr. Buchanan then moved the adjournment of the House to three o'clock next day, which was exided by 24 to 6, at ten minutes after eleven p.m.

Wx regret to hear that the strike at Newcastle is not yet closed. Whatever its merits, whoever is to blame, the consequences are disastrous both to the colony and Newcastle. We may indeed derive some advantage hereafter, but for the present the foreign trade may be deemed at an end. Meantime the strike is developing other coal mines, and will be a desirable help to the Californian coal masters, who will manage the thing better than we do.

The inevitable result will be the development of other coal mines, and their competition with us in markets which might have been our own. These are, however, considerations

tition with us in markets which might have been our own. These are, however, considerations we regret to say which have never influenced men who live on the present, and confine their view to the immediate effects of their own conduct. We, however, repeat, and with the deepest regret, that we have lost our foreign trade; that the great steam lines will be supplied from other countries, and that from the uncertainty of price, England will still furnish the fuel to vessels traversing Australian waters.

waters.

Is there no possibility of composing this strife? Must the public on one side, and the wives and children of the miners, and the shop-keepers of Newcastle on the other, be victimized? We have read as much as most men timized? We have read as much as most men of strikes and the consequences, and we can only say that we look upon them with something like horror. Long continued they are worse than a pestilence; they sacrifice life, property, morality, and leave behind heart-burnings never healed. The pride that refuses to consider a grievance, or to accept a compromise, is unworthy a humane or Christian man. We do not believe there is an instance on record where a dogged "no-surrender" has been admitted as the watchword, where there has not been a sad reckoning at last.

record where a doggod "no-susrender" has been admitted as the watchword, where there has not been a sad reckoning at last.

The following extracts from the Coal Miners' Association show the control over labour assumed by the leaders:—

"Rule 19.— Is any case of strike or turn-out having received the sanction of this association, each lodge shall contribute a proportionate share to their support, according to the numbers in each lodge, and each full member engaged in such struggle shall receive one pound (£1) per week.

"Rule 20.—That all cheques drawn on the bank in behalf of this association shall be signed by the four trustees in the presence of the local committee, and not less than three members to be present at the drawing or signing of such cheque.

"Rule 21.—Seeing the necessity of an uniform day's wage throughout the members of this association, the day's wage shall be eleven shillings and fourpence (11s 4d.) per day, and no more.

"Rule 22.—That boys and young men shall be regulated according to the following scale:—Boys from ten to twelve, a quarter of a turn; if nor welve to fourteen, a helf turn; from fourteen to seventeen, three quarters of a turn; and above seventeen a full turn; and the full wheelers' day's wages shall be eight shillings and eightpence (3s. 8d.) per day.

"Rule 23.—That any member falling to conform to rule 19th in its fullest integrity shall no longer be considered a member of this association, and will be dealt with accordingly.

"Rule 24.—In the event of any member being chargeable with having exceeded the amount of the day's wage, as specified in rule 21st, the same may be summoned to appear before the local committee, by whom the charge shall be investigated, and, if substantiated to treit satisfaction, the easi demober shell be required to pay over any surplus that may appear to the general fund."

These rules, it will be 'seen, fix the price of coal mining, and fix the maximum which may be earned, and confiscate any additional earnings to the association. So rigorously has

ings to the association. So rigorously has this rule been enforced that miners, suspected of carning more, have been called upon to show their wages ticket at the pay tables, as the alternative of expulsion—which means no employment. On the 18th of June the following resolution was forwarded from the Miners' Association to the Superintendent of one of

Association to the Superintendent of one of the chief Coal Companies:—

"June 18th, 1801.

"Sir.—At a general meeting held by the miners in the A. A. Company's employ, the following resolutions were unanimously carried:—

"That, as we'sere an organised body under the cognizance of general laws, with a local committee should fix the price of tender to be submitted to you for the driving of the ends in No. 2 pir, and that thosewho are desirous ballot for those places. The committee's prices are for a rise-end, £1 la., and a dipend, £1 6s.

"That we cannot consent to any alteration to the present fornightly periods for paying our wages, and shall, therefore, look for our pay on Saturday next, as usual."

To this note will be signed the names of the local committee, but all future communications will be signed only by a chairman and secretary on behalf of

The following resolution was passed on the 6th of July. From the second it will be seen. 16th of July. From the second it will be seen that the tender by a miner was followed by his

expulsion.

"July 1st, 1861.

"First resolution.—That this meeting thinks the members of No. 1 Lodge are justified in demanding that the manager and their committee shall enter into a mutual understanding with respect to the prices to be given for any new workings in the No. 2 pit, and that no man or men shall begin work in such pit until such an understanding is established, and this meeting pledges itself to support them in carrying out the above.

ing pledges itself to support them in carrying was above.

"" Second resolution.—Seeing the evil effects of tendering for places either by yard or ton, this meeting is of opinion that for the future no members of the Miners' Association give any tenders for any coal places, knowing the tendency it has to reduce the prices extant, and seeing that a party in the new pit has given in a tender, contrary to the specification put up at the pithead by the manager. This meeting turnler pledges itself to support No. 1 Lodge is any legitimate course they may adopt for his expulsion from the aforesaid Lodge.

"The above resolutions were passed at a delegate meeting held in Newcastle."

As our statement in reference to HOLEES has

As our statement in reference to Holmes has been disputed, we give now the following from the original document:—

"Resolutions possed at a meeting of the members of
No. 1 Lodge.
"Resolution L.—That Joseph Holmes be allowed to
work day work provided he be not employed to get

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Miners'

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specification. This meeting Lodge is any his expulsion t a delegate

loumes has owing from 14th, 1861. e members of

oral, and that at ne future period shall he be permitted to get coal under this Company without the consent of the Coal Miners' Association, and that we receive a written agreement from the Manager certifying that, should he violate this resolution, the whole of the miners on this establishment shall be at liberry to stop working immediately.

"Resolution 2.—That the heading in No. 2 pit be ballotted for by all the miners on this establishment who wish to do so, and that the committee of this lodge and the manager, arrange the price if by contract, or submit it to arbitration if they cannot agree."

"We respectfully request an answer to the above resolutions, as our notices terminate on the 15 h.

"Yours respectfully,"

"James Fletcher, secretary.

"Alan Wilder, chaiman."

The strike took effect on the 19th of August.

The strike took effect on the 19th of August.

The strike took effect on the 19th of August. An application was made to the coal companies by the delegates of the miners, in consequence of which the subjoined resolutions, passed by the companies, were transmitted to the manager at Newcastle. These were discussed at a meeting between them and the delegates, held on Friday last.

We give in opposite lines the resolutions and their disposal at this meeting.

Masters.

1st Resolution.—The present restriction as to the earnings of individual miners, to be done away with.

2nd Resolution.—The masters to have the liberty of employing what man or men they think proper, and of discharging any man or men they wilfully violate the work-think proper without being interfered with.

3rd Resolution.—Not 3rd Resolutio

ard Resolution. — No restriction, either by the proprietors or the miners, to stock coal.

4th Resolution. — Tenders may be invited whendever the managers consider it necessary, for driving places.

5th Resolution.

sider it necessary, for driving places.

5th Resolution.—Managers to set the men to the hard pit they think proper when they apply for work; proprietors will not abject to balloting for places, heading and narrow workings excepted.

oepted. 6th Resolution.—Onno 6th Resolution.—Open question again. oth Resolution.—Unno
account or pretence are
the men to lay the pit
idle for any seeming fault
or misunderstanding without fourteen days' notice.
7th Resolution.—No
meeting to be held on
the pit top in pit hours,
nor in the pit at any
time.

ime. 8th Resolution.—20 per start, reduction. 20 per delegates are instructed not to consent to one farthing reduction.

delegates are instructed act to consent to one farthing reduction.

It will be seen that the points in dispute are diminished by one. The miners have abandoned the absurd persecution of Holams, and the principle on which it was founded (4th resolution). We are glad of this; for the attempt to deprive a man of his bread because he took a tender prohibited only by an ex post facto law, and the perseverance in this senience, notwithstanding the man gave up the tender; and then the attempt to compel the company to sign an agreement not to admit him to the pit again—was a stretch of cruelty, insolence, and despotism, which could only be ventured on by men whose selfishness had obscured their understandings.

Excepting this point, the practical result is a refusal of all compromise. We hope the coal owners will never give way on the first resolution. The public have an interest in the prevention of artificial scarcity. We who are consumers of coals have no notion that any set of men shall dole out the supply to meet their views of monopoly. We have a right to cheap coal where it is so abundant; we must have it; and if the miners now on the ground will not work we must look for labour elsewhere. A million of consumers are not to be sacrificed. But is it not abominable that men, who could now earn one pound a day, should be forbidden to do so by inferior workmen? The interest of the colony and of the skilful miner are here on one side, and the attempt at keeping coals out of the market, is worthy of the Turks who taxed their own exports 15 per cent., and imposed 5 per cent. on their imports. We had better keep the miners by a vote of Parliament than suffer them to stand between the colony and a first necessity of civilised nations.

The reduction of the wages we should be inclined to question, if it were not forced on the companies by the restriction on production. If the men will limit the use of the plant and coal seams, they must make up a part of the loss. In coal mining the same apparatus will work out vastly diff

out vastly different results; the miners interfere with the use of capital invested, and artificially reduce its profits, and they thus justify the reduction of their wages as a compensation.

We are informed that the price paid for coal to the owners is now reduced by the cost of lighterage being transferred from the ships to the company, and by the increase of discount, and that an annual outlay has been made to facilitate the working of the miners. However this may be, we hope a mere question of wages facilitate the working of the miners. However this may be, we hope a mere question of wages will be adjusted. There must be a diversity in price, and a submission on both sides to the fluctuations of trade; for example, the miners at Wollongong receive 2s. 4d. for coal getting, while at Newcastle, the men demand 5s. 3d.—a difference evidently dependent on local causes, but which cannot fail to affect the selling price of coal in spite of all the Associations in the of coal in spite of all the Associations in the

world.

It would afford us great pleasure to hear that some agreement were come to by the parties who hold this great interest at their disposal. The miners ought and must abandon the restriction on quantity, and the employers might then, so we think, make some abatement on the proposed reduction in the wages. Meantime we are glad to hear the miners coal-field is likely to prove a success; both as adding to our producing market and assuring the adoption of sound principles of political economy among the miners. We fancy they will not be anxious to cut down their production, but to extend it to the utmost. Coal is enormously abundant close to the sea, and we ought to be able to raise and sell it cheaper than any country in the world, fully table in the account. tell it cheaper than any country in the world, fully taking into account the general conditions of labour, which must affect coal getting like

Ir has grown to be a settled conviction that gold mining is a branch of industry not to be treated like any other kind of mining. The precious metals are legislated for differently from all other metals. They do not pass with the ground when the freehold is alienated, the Crown reserving always a claim to them as being too valuable to be parted with. It is thought to be unreasonable to give any freeholder the extra good luck of finding gold on his land. If he discloses a seam of coal, or a

lode of copper, either of which would take him years to work out, and would yield a handsome rental or revenue during the term, he is welcome to the wealth it brings. But if there is a stratum of "washing stuff" on the land, that belongs to the Crown, and is too "precious" to be alienated, even though the cost of cetting it was and eliminating it may be that belongs to the Crown, and is too "precious" to be alienated, even though the cost of getting it up and eliminating it may be very little less than the gold is worth. The Government will not sell auriferous land if it knows it. Land surveyed and advertised is withdrawn at the last moment, if there were any good reason for supposing that it contained gold. In the new Land Bills, designed expressly to give land to the small freeholder for less than its market value, and to make him a present of the difference as a bonus on settlement, the same reservation is rigidly maintained. If the free selector unconsciously locates himself a hundred feet above a stratum of "washing stuff," and the fact becomes discovered, he is lable to be turned out at any time, with a compensation that

above a stratum of "washing stuff," and the fact becomes discovered, he is inble to be turned out at any time, with a compensation that may be to him more or less satisfactory. As gold is very widely scattered over the country, it is impossible for any one to say that his selection will never be disturbed on this ground. The alluvial detritus from gold-bearing rocks has been distributed in directions and to distances which can only be guessed at from the present surface indications, and no one can tell what is underneath, except by sinking. The free selector will have at least this security, that, as the Act will not empower persons to come and mine on his land, it is at his own option to expose the subterranean wealth, unless, indeed, the vein is tracked on to his land from adjacent diggings.

But what would be the evil of allowing the free selector to retain a private gold-field if he happened to find one? If the superior fertility of the surface soil, or its commanding position as respect water, or markets, or pasturage made it worth ten pounds an acre, he is still entitled to have a quiet possession on paying his five shillings an acre down. Why should he be debarred the same privilege because the extra value may happen to depend on subterranean, instead of on surface, characteristics? The notion of course is that auriferous land is too valuable to be parted with. But is this notion well founded? Is the average of auriferous land so very valuable as to make it expedient on that account to turn off the free-holder who obtained it without competition? Suppose he were allowed to mine the land himself, if he thought it worth his while to do so, would his fortune be altogther so great as to be intolerable?

If it were proposed to the goldintolerable ?

intolerable?

If it were proposed to the gold-miners that auriferous lands should be sold, and that gold should pass with the land like any other mineral, the proposal would probably be unpopular. The notion of private right in gold, and of the exclusion of the public, is not palatable. A rich patch might be conveyed away to one person, and great inequalities of fortune be thus caused. Yet does not the present system of random mining cause great inequalities of fortune; and not only that, but does it not cause great loss alike to the lucky and to the unlucky?

Every one conversant with our gold-fields

mining cause great inequalities of fortune: and not only that, but does it not cause great loss alike to the lucky and to the unlucky?

Every one conversant with our gold-fields admits that the cost of production of the gold is excessive—that there is great waste of labour, and a consequent needless impoverishment of the digger. But the only remedy for this is more systematic mining, and this again is not possible unless the ground is either freehold or is secured in sufficient area, or on a sufficiently long lease to justify any necessary investment of capital, and to give fair opportunity for the thorough exhaustion of the ground.

Gold-mining on a known autiferous tract ceases to be a speculation, and becomes almost a certainty when carried carried on with that uniform steadiness that is necessary to success in all ordinary industrial occupations. Such a gold-field as that at Lambing Flat, for instance, would be worked much more economically, and therefore much more economically, and therefore much more economically, and therefore much more profitably both to the digger and to the colony, if each party of miners had ground enough allotted to them to take at least three months to work out. They would not in such a case rush about from gully to gully in the manner described by our correspondent: they would arrange their plans to go over the whole of the promising part of the ground systematically, they would not sink more holes than accessary, and they would contrive to retain water enough for their purposes. At the end of the three months each party would be far better off than by expending the same amount of time, labour, and money on the present gad-about system. The time lost in unnecessary work, the extra trouble caused by the want of combination among adjacent parties, is a far heavier tax on the profits of the diggers than the gold duty thrice told. So long as a claim consists only of one hole and its parties, is a far heavier tax on the profits of the diggers than the gold duty thrice told. So long as a claim consists only of one hole and its "surroundings,"—so long as each separate right is quickly exhausted—so long will the spirit of gambling attach to the occupation, and the miners be a restless, and, in the main, an unprosperous class. Big nuggets and "jeweller's shops" turn up new and then, but this sort of luck is the exception, and not the rule. If experience proves anything, it is that gold-dig. experience proves anything, it is that gold dig-ging, to be successful, must be prosecuted steadily, and this steadiness would be best promoted by giving large claims, or long leases, or freehold rights.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH. GOULBURN.

Wednesday, 6 p.m.

The trial of the second batch of prisoners for the riots has lasted all day. The jury have just retired.

Callon, Bethouse, Webver, Sweeney, and Byrnes, the rioters, have just been declared not guilty by the jury, and were then discharged from custody. Weather fine, clear, and cold.

MELBOURNE.

Wednesday, 8 p.m. Wednesday, 8 p.m. aniled at 4 p.m. for Sydney.

The mail news has had little effect on the marketa.
The debate on licenses is progressing in the Assembly

Squally weather from the west,
The Otago rush has somewhat abated, but there
are about 2000 miners in town ready to sail if next
news proves favourable. The Result, and John
M'Vicer will take 800.

QUEENSCLIFF. Wednesday, 8 p m. September 18.—7 a.m., Northam, steamer, from Point de Galle. Diamantina, A. S. N. Company's steamer, from Plymouth,

ADELAIDE.

Wednesday, 6 p.m.
The corn market is not so firm to-day; wheat,
5s. 6d.; flour, £13 5s. The Balclutha sailed at 3 p.m.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

WENDISHAY.

Before A. Checke, Esq., Judge.

Plaintiff sued for commission on £100, which amount he had procured for defendant to be advanced on an equitable mortgage of his property, but which amount defendant afterwards refused to accept, saying he had altered his mind. Verdict for plaintiff, £2 10s.

Plaintiff agreed to exchange his horse for defendant's, and te pay him five pounds, defendant giving a general warranty, for a breach of which this action was brought. Plaintiff at the time of the bargain enquired if the horse had ever been fired and whather he had ever gone lame, and was told he had been fired to strengthen him, but had nover gone lame with defendant. The Judge considered that the rule of excest emptor applied, and found for defendant.

PLANCE V. NEELL.

fendant. Mr. Garrick, for plaintiff: Mr. Brown, for defendant.

Plaintiff sued for £5 l8s fd., amount of damages done to his degeart, by defendant's servant driving against it. There was a discrepancy in the evidence as to the position and distance from the kerb of plaintiff's vehicle at the time of the accident, and as it was stated a gentleman who was at the time in conversation with plaintiff had left for Queensland, the plaintiff was nonsuited, in order to give him an opportunity of coming again better prepared. Mr. Garrick to plaintiff, Mr. Cory for defendant.

Plaintiff claimed £4, paid for a watch represented to be gold, but which was silver gilk, purchased at auction of defendant. The evidence was contradictory as to the representation, except that defendant stated it was one of Dent's, and as plaintiff had not sued for this misrepresentation he was nonsuited. Mr. Cory for plaintiff, Mr. Michael for defendant.

and as plaintiff had not sued for this misrepresentation he was nonsuited. Mr. Cory for plaintiff, Mr. Michael for defendant.

SCHWENCK AND WIFE V. JAUMANN AND WIFE.

The parties are natives of Germany, and the action was for slanderous words spoken in German by the defendant's wife of the plaintiff. A nonsuit was granted on the authority of Zenobio v. Axtell, T. R., in which it was held that words had in the English language are not proved by words spoken in a foreign one. Mr. Cory for plaintiffs, Mr. Michael for defendants.

Plaintiff claimed £30 for arrears of rent, and for broach of covenant in not leaving premises in repair according to lease. Defendant relied on an arrangement by the parties, that possession should be given up, and an offer by plaintiff to let to another would amount to a surrender by operation of law. Plaintiff nonsuited; costs limited to two guineas.

Mr. Cory for plaintiff: Mr. Michael for defendant.

COLSTON V. ACHTURES.

Mr. Cory for plaintiff; Mr. Michael for defendant.

COLSTON V. ARTHUBS.

PHILIPS V. ARTHUBS.

These actions were for materials supplied, and labour performed upon defendant's property at Redfern, by the order of his wife, whilst he was undergoing a sentence of a Court of Criminal Jurisdiction. The Judge jutimated that plaintiffs would not gucced upon the plaints they had filed, and it would be well for them to take a vertice before proceeding any further. Cases withdrawn. Mr. Michael for defendant.

HAMBURGER V. SAAPEY.

and it would be well for them to take a verifict before proceeding any further. Cases withdrawn. Mr. Michael for defendant.

BANDURGER V. STAPKE.

Plaintiff as agent for Mesers. Kirchner had received from defendant 19, and his promissory note for a similar amount in payment of the passage from Germany to this colony of a countryman of defandant's. Plaintiff purchased a portion of the assets of Mesers. Kirchner from the official assignee of their insolvent estate, and among them this promissory note. Defendant swore that he had paid the amount to Mr. Kirchner, but before getting a receipt, a gentleman came in, and was engaged some time in conversation in Mr. Kirchner's private room, that, as he (detendant) was then in Mr. Dansanar's ascrives, he could not wait, and was compelled to leave without a receipt, but subsequently obtained a certificate from Mr. Kirchner of this payment, which he produced. Plaintiff, in contradiction, swore that he had examined the books, and that no such payment appeared. The Judge postponed the case until next sittings, in order that an affiliavit might be obtained from Mr. Kirchner. Mr. Renbow for plaintiff, Mr. Newbon for defendant.

BOYD V. WAHGHT, EXECUTOR.

Plaintiff claimed £33 lös for medical attendance on the late Adam Wilson. Defendant pleaded that he had fully administered all the assets, and set out several specialty debts of the deceased, but did not appear. Evidence having been given of assets come to defendant's hands, a verdict was found for plaintiff for the amount claimed, de books tealstop is.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

BEFORE the Chief Commissioner.

In the matter of Joseph Andrews. This case stood over for his Honor's decision upon certain disputed items remaining undisposed of in the account of the official assignee with the estate of the insolvent, which has been released from sequestration upon insolvent's bother taking upon himself the liability to insolvent's debts. The assets collected by the official assignee amount to 2002 6s. 6d, and the expenses incurred by him and his agonts in realising that sum—the price of cattle brought from the insolvent's station at the Manning River, and sold at Martined, amounted to £566 lbs. 6d. This would have left a balance in favour of the cetate of 2150 bs. but as against that the assignee claimed to be entitled to £154 is. 24. for commission to himself, at five per cent, on £3081 4s. 7d., the amount of debts proved and admitted; and this left a surplus of only £16 ks. 10d. Mr. Commissioner Parefoy, before whom the account was partly taken on former occasions, had disallowed the official assignee a number of the items in it, amounting in all to about £70, and his Honor (the present Commissioner) now disallowed other stems for wages and expenses amounting to about £30; and, having regard to the enormous expenses permitted to be incurred in this case, and to other circumstances (stated in a written judgment) his Honor disallowed allogether the claim made by the efficial assignee for expenses.

In the estate of Edwin Botterill, a second meeting. Insolvent resides at a distance of several nundred unites from Sydney, and did not appear.

In the estate of Bovid Towill, a single meeting. One debt was proved.

In the estate of the insolvent's non-compliance with any order that may, upon application to a Judge, be made upon him for payment of a weekly sum in liquidation of his debts, his tools of trade be sold.

In the estate of Edwin Botterion and provent's written statement, handed in on the 31st Angust, accounting for his estate of the insolvent's substant, and adjourned

CENTRAL POLICE COURT. WEINTENDAY.

BEFORK Messrs. G. Hill, Murphy, Oatley, and Caldwell.

Nine persons were convicted of having been found drunk in the streets, were sentenced to pay 10s. each, and out (dealt with under the Vagrant Act) was sentenced to seven days imprisonment.

in the streets, were sentenced to pay tos. cach, and one (dealt with under the Vagrant Act) was sentenced to seven days' imprisonment.

Margaret Donovan was fined 10s., and Louisa Staples, 20s., on conviction of having, in public places, made use of obscene language.

Four boys (their ages from eleven to fourteen years), were brought before the court by sergeant Kelly. He deposed that two of them were vesterday afternoon given into his custody by Mr. May, ironmonger, on suspicion of having stolen a bundle of door-keys they offered for sale; in the pocket of one another bundle of keys was found at the lockup; they said that they received the keys from a boy for sale, who promised them a renumeration for their trouble, and who ran off when he saw that they were in custody. The other two Kelly apprehended because that, early in the day he saw them in company with the boys given into custody by May. Two or three persons in court believed that these keys h dbeen stolen from their premises, but would not undertake to swear positively to their identity. The boys were admonished and discharged, the keys to be detained until claimed.

monished and discharged, the keys to be detained until claimed.

David Hill, about twelve years of age, was brought into custody as a person of unsound mind, dangerous to be at large; he was described as mable to take care of himself, while he was of most violent temper, taking up knives and forks to his brothers and sisters, and having talked of cutting his own throat. To give sureties for his good behaviour, or failing therein, to be imprisoned seven days.

Several publicans were fixed. Mary Harris and Richard Seldon 30s. each, for keeping open house for the purpose of Sunday trading, and Bridget Ryan a like sum for allowing dronken men, being neither lodgers nor travellers, to remain upon her promises. Druncan M'Lennan and Patrick Mulligen, for keeping open house on Sunday, and David W. Beard, for selling after hours, were fined 10s. each. In each case 5s. 6d. was udded for costs of court.

An information against Thomas Jones, for having neglicted to keep a light burning from sunset until sunrise, was withdrawn on payment of costs.

Samuel Montgonery appeared on summons to answer the compleint of Ann his wife, who a fortnight since was compelled by his ill treatment to leave his house, and is atract to return thither; she prayed that he might be compelled to contribute toward her support. The B meh dismissed the information, on the ground that she had not asked for maintenance since she was driven from her home.

MESSES, MORT AND CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 11 of clock, Wood, Tallow, Stepskins, Hides, &c.
MESSES, CHATTO AND HUGHES.—At their Rooms, at 11 of clock, School Rooks and Many, Paner, Stationery, Suda

pelled to contribute toward her support. The Bunch dismissed the information, on the ground that she had not asked for maintenance since she was driven from her home.

WATER POLICE COURT.

WEDDISDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate and Mr. W. S. Deloitte.

Julius Nelson, a deserter from the ship Nagasaki, was found guilty of the offence, and sentenced to twelve weak-imprisonment with hard labour.

One female, Mary Gannon by name, was found guilty of being picked up drunk in Harrington-street, and was sentenced to pay a fine of 10s., or to undergo twenty-four hours of solitary confinement.

Jame Hogan, a young girl of twelve years of age, was charged by Jame Honderson, of Kent-street, with stealing a steel petitionat, a bead collar, a hair not, and other articles. Prisoner had been in prosecutrix's simply for about a fortnight, and then left suddenly, with an excuse that she wanted to go up the country. When she had left, the articles enumerated and some others were missed by Mrs. Honderson; and a suspicion as to prisoner's honesty arising, a search warrant was obtained, under which a visit was paid to the house in which prisoner was at service, and in her box was found the property mentioned above. She was of course at one taken into custody, when she denied all knowledge of any of the property except the petitionat, which she said had been given to her. Owing to her tender age, the Benoh dealt as leniently with her as they could, sentencing her to pay a fine of 20s., or, in default of payment, to be lampisoned for a week.

On the summons sheet appeared six cases—one for assult, and five for using insulting language. In the asseult case, one Sarah Davise charged Sarah Hong and Margaret Martins with beating and fill-using; whilst in the improper language cases, Sarah Davis, Elizabeth Eacott, Mary Donnelly, and Eliza Williamson mutually charged each other with using abusive language. The whole of the parties roside in Cambridge-street, and it appeared that the length of Mrs. Davis' tongue had been the origina

discharged.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.
Caras List For To-hav.

3532. Farley v. Sndth (ratt 3378, Low v. Shettle
beard)
3582. Bailey and another v. 3598. Beaumout v. Parker
Brown
3542. Doughas v. Morgan and
3542. Dawson and another v. 3698. Rogers v. Soulth
3542. Dawson and another v. 3698. Rogers v. Soulth
3542. Dawson and another v. 3698. Rogers v. Soulth
3543. Lender and another v. 3614. Fitzpatrick v. Roberts
2561. Smith v. Driscoll
3562. Spetchill and another v. 3614. Fitzpatrick v. Roberts
2622. Coken v. Cox
3623. Syper and other v. Smith
3643. Municipal Council v. Self. Rogers v. Salmon
3644. Ward v. Cleary
3658. More v. Serupill (assignment)
3659. Myers v. Serupill
35572. Anderson and another v.
3664. Bennet v. Lett.
3658. Mann v. King and another
4659. Rogers v. King and another
4659. Rogers v. Starpill
3552. Anderson and another v.
3654. Rennet v. Lett.
3654. Mann v. King and another
4659. Rogers v. King and another
4659. Rogers v. Salmon
3659. Rogers v. Salmon
3659. Rogers v. Salmon
3659. Rogers v. Salmon
3659. Rogers v. Salmon
3650. Rogers v. Salmon

THE following is the letter from Mr. Robertson to Mr. Daigleish, referred to yesterday by the hon, member in the Legislative Assembly so a matter of personal explanation:—Coach Factors, 489, Pitt-street, 8 ydney, Coach Factors, 489, Pitt-street, 8 ydney, Str.,—Observing in the Heroid of this morning, from Mr. Arnold's speech of last night, my name was brought into question in referrace to certain repairs required to railway carriages and rolling stock lately imported from England, and damaged by east water—in plattice to myself. I beg to correct certain stakements mentioned therein, which are totally untrue, and also to give you information in reference to other assertions made by that genile damages on these carriages, but I was appointed to assess the damages on these carriages, but I was appointed to assess the sever stated to any one that there was only one person in the return the same of the could bring them, and that quite equal, if not better, than those imported. In reference to the price named to Mr. Jucas, I did state that a superior carriage could be made here for four hundred and fifty pounds; tnot four hundred pounds; and which I am able to confirm.

In renetusion I beg to say that I should have no hesitation in building similar transway busses for passengers the same as those for Pitt-street, at a slight advance upon the freight and charges out to this colorian, Sir, yours very truly,

John Robertson.

THE DENISON GOLD FIELDS

THE DENISON GOLD FIELDS

The following letter, respecting the above diggings, received yeaterday, has been handed to us for publication:— Score, September 16.—Dear Sr.,—I thought it useless writing until I had something worth letting you know, and having had a trip to the Denison Gold-Fields, I now give you all the information shout them that I can. I started from home last Toesday, and went as far as Cook's, at Nooman, it being about four o'clock, and as the evening was getting rather cloudy, I remained there for the night. Next day, Wednesday, I started for the digitings; and as the evening was getting rather cloudy, I remained there for the night. Sext day, Wednesday, I started for the digitings; and as the evening was getting rather cloudy, I remained there castle. I was down one shart here, on what mainers from Newcastle. I was down one shart here, on what mainers from Newcastle. I was down one shart here, on what mainers from Newcastle. I was down one shart here, on what many one of the parties word night and day. As it rained pretty much all day next day was finer but still showery, so I managed to go and see the most of the reefs now opened. The distance between all the claims now opened, it should any, reaches the most of the reefs now opened. The distance were miles that the claims now opened, and the claim of the distance were not all the claims now opened. I should any, reaches carried any had taken our some. I am informed Simpson has altitle quart out of which he expects to get 2000 word for gold; this was found in Simpson's Reef. I also saw a small piece of quartz with about five ounces of gold in, out of the Welchann's claim.—Outshar has one claim close to this). This I wanted to purchase, but the men would not sell. I saw another very not separate, which had something like an ounce in, and another varier curious looking enter the party of the control of the control of the welchann's claim.—Outshar has one claim close to this). This I wanted to purchase, but the men would not sell. I saw another

the very mischief with business here. P.S.—I have just been took that a man came down from the Denison last night, who stated that a party of eight had taken out quarts with about six pounds weight of gold in it.

Nawnown Volunteer Rifle corps, on the anniversary of the formation of the company, were yesterday handed to their respective winners. The chair was taken by Captain Eastwood, who briefly stated the object of the meeting, and congratulated the winners, expressing a hope that at the matches of the association it would be proved that the Newtown company had practised well and diligently. The first prize—a rifle, given by Mr. Payten—was handed by the donor to the winner, Mr. S. Jones, Mr. Payten referred to the fact that Mr. Jones was a native of the colony, and expressed his gratification that he had obtained the prize. Lieutenant Robberds distributed the next three prizes (given by Captain Eastwood and himself) to corporal Thrum, curporal Henderson, and Mr. W. Beer. He would that they had been of greater worth, but hoped the winners would look rather at the spirit in which they had been offered than at their intrinsic value. Mr. Metcalf presented the last prize to Mr. Burton. The receipt of these prizes was in each instance suitably acknowledged, and, after the transaction of some other business, the meeting separated.

UPPLE MEROO—The correspondent of the Western Post, writing to that journal, 2015. The section of some other business, the meeting separated.

UPPLE MEROO—The correspondent of the Western Post, writing to that journal, 2015. The section of some other business, the meeting separated.

UPPLE Meroo—The correspondent of the Western Post, writing to that journal, 2015. The meeting separated.

UPPLE Alexandro and ninety ounces of gold sold by Mr. Glascock to Mr. Shaw, at Married Man's Gully. The gold was nuggetty, and auch that any miner could easily save. There were a large number at work—I should say from six to seven hundred, and all seemed to be satisfied. Mr. Commissioner Cox was there, an

Horses, spring Carts, sociation, 1973, 1974.

Horses, spring Carts, sociation, at 11 o'clock, Congou and Green Teas.

HESSHA, MOET AND CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 11 o'clock, Wood, Tallow, Sheepskins, Hides, &c. Horses, at 11 o'clock, School Books and Maps, Paper, Stationery, Soda Ash, Soda Crystal, Paney Clay Pipes.

HESSHA, I. E. THRELKELD and CO.—On the Circulat Quay, at half-past 3 o'clock, Cargo of Oreron Timber.

HESSHAS, W. DEAN AND CU.—At Towns' Wharf, at half-past 2 o'clock, Flour, Barley, Outs.

MESSHAS, CHAS, MOOIE AND CO.—On the Premises of Messers. Johnson and Weight, Pitt-street, at half-past 10 o'clock, Stock-in-Trade of Disperty, Clothing, &c.; at 12 o'clock, Counters, Shop Pittings, &c.

M. O. B. EBSWORTH.—At his Produce Stores, at half-past 10 o'clock, Wood, Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Horns, Bones, Saddles, Berolvers, Watches, Cothing Bake, at 10 o'clock, Theology, Theology, Allow, Hides, Sheepskins, Horns, Bones, Saddles, Berolvers, Watches, Cothing Bake, at 10 o'clock, Rep. March, Pat Cattle,

MESSRS, PITT AND SULLIVAN.—At Mr. John Pullaghr's, at 12 o'clock, Pat Cattle.

half-past live clock, Pat Cattle.

MENSER, PITT AND SULLIVAN.—At Mr. John Pullaghr's, at 17 o'clock, Pat Cattle.

New Map of the Colony —A new map of the colony, or rather of that portion of the colony of New South Wales which is bounded on the north by Queenaland, on the west by South Australia, and on the south by Victoria, has been compiled in the Surveyor General's office, under the direction of the Acting Surveyor-General A. G. M'Lean, Esq., by R. M. Pearson, to whom its execution is highly creditable. The map measures about four feet square although the scale is sixteen miles to one inch, the smallest scale on which the general information desired to be conveyed could be introduced with clearness. The map represents all rivers, principal creeks, and ranges of the colony, so far as these have been surveyed; all counties which have been proclaimed or named, the positions of all towns recognised as such in the census returns, with others which have been laid out by Government, all towns and stations at which post offices have been established, all railway and telegraph lines which have been completed or contracted for, and all important lines of road. The map represents the survey of 350 miles of the Darling River, 100 miles of the Wallandra Billabong, an affluent of the Lachlan; the coast line between the Bellinger and Wolli Wolli Rivers, and other smaller features which have been recently surveyed, but which have not hitherto been placed on published staps; and there will be introduced as soon as the plans of surveys already carried out shall have been completed, the Narran, Culgos, Birry, Warrago, and other streams lying between the north boundary of the colony and the Darling River, and the surveys of which mebrace some 500 miles, and also the Great and Wolli Wolli Rivers, and other streams lying between the north boundary of the colony and the Darling survey. It is intended to send the original map to Rogland by next mail with a view to its being engraved on copper, and that the plates should be gradual

of course, the whole of the occupied territory; the portion not embraced being that severed from New South Wales proper by Queensland, South Australia, and extending to Western Australia.

STERRY PHILEARMONIC SOCIETY.—This popular society gave its first concert of the season, at the Masonic Hall, on Tuesday last, and, making allowance for some few discrepancies arising from a first performance in the new hall, went off with the usual credit awarded this society. Some delay, not appreciated by the audience, occurred at the commencement of the concert, in consequence of his Excellency the Governor, with Lady Young and suite, having entered the hall from the orchestral or private entrance in York-atreet, and it was some time after the viceregal party had taken their seats in the gallery before the stewards and gentlemen of the committee, who were anxiously waiting below to receive his Excellency, were aware of the inadvertence. In the orchestral department, under the conduct of Mr. Callen, we were pleased to see many old familiar faces, to whom the non-working members are much indebted in keeping up the exprise corps necessary to the vitality of the society. Madasue Sarah Flower, ever ready to assist, gave her valuable services, and received her well-earned applause; and our new Australian debutante, Miss Julia Simmons—more particularly in Arditi's duo—exhibited her scientific training. Mr. Waller, although suffering from iliness, was very happy in his selections; but we believe the laurels of the evening were awarded to young Master Anderson, our Australian planist, who delighted every one with his accurate rendering of the evening were awarded to young gentleman has evidently a musical genius, and in a very spirited and masterly msuner succeeded in conveying to his hearers the evident poetical conception of the composer, more particularly in the latter "Nocture," and with careful training and study must become a first-rate performer. The concert terminated about eleven o'clock, and we believe we express the opin

opinions of all interested. He said that the trustees had a delicate trust to perform where Government money had to be expended, especially as he and his co-trustees were all interested parties, inasmuch as they had property on the lines of road in question. They therefore, and in order to prevent even the suspicion of anything like a partial appropriation of the funds, were desirous of ascertaining the most judicious mode of expenditure. After several remarks from the gentlemen present, it was finally agreed that the money should be used in making good all bridges, clearing the roads of all obstructions, and the residue, if any, on the cutting the two principal hills, vis. Bennett's and Row's. All work to be done by public contract. Amongst the landowners were Messre. Wilson, Bennett, John Redman, James Wheeler, John Jenkins, John Farrell, Thomas Cooper, and John Collins.

Accident at a Wedding.

Accident at A Wedding.

Accident at A Wedding.

Accident at A Wedding.

Accident at a Wedding of the contract of their friends, one of whom was the bridesmaid, a young woman named Clars Phillips. As this person was alighting from the carriage her dress caught fire from a piece of burning paper with which one of the men was lighting a pipe or cigar. The dress being of light material, the flames spread rapidly, and influed severe injuries on the unfortunate woman before they were got under. She was afterwards conveyed to the Infirmary, where she now lies.

Licture.—Mr. J. Freeman redelivered his lecture on Ships and Sailors," before a large and respectable suditory, in the Christ Church Schoolroom, Pittstreet South, yesterday evening. The lecture was listened to with deep attention, and at its conclusion Mr. Freeman received the cordial thanks of the audience.

Coroner's Inquest.—Mr. J. S. Parker, Coroner for the city, held an inquest at the Lord Hills.

Mr. Freeman received the cordial thanks of the audience.

Coroner for the city, held an inquest at the Lord High Admiral inn, Botany-street, yesterday, on the body of an infant, named Frederick Michael Kearnes, aged two months, the child of one of the bandsmen of the 12th Regiment. The child was taken ill with a sore mouth when about a fortnight old, and the mother took it to a themist, who prescribed for it, but as the infant did not recover the mother them took it to Dr. Dick, the medical officer attached to the regiment, who slao prescribed. The infant continued to get worse, and expired on Tuesday morning. As the medical officer attached to that seen the child but once, and that a considerable time previous to its death, he could not give a certificate of the cause of death, and hence the necessity for an inquest. Verdict, "died from natural causes."

Empirical Market and Poatmaster.—Arthur Poyntz.

EMBERITHMEN BY A POSTMANTER.—Arthur Poyntz, Inte postmaster and manager of the telegraph in Wangaratta, has been committed to Beechworth for trial, on a charge of stealing a letter containing a sum of 516, addressed to Mr. John O'Brien, Kilmore, but which never resched its destination.—O'ene and Murray Advertiser.

NEWCASTLE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SEPTEMARN 1772.—The good folks of Newcastle were somewhat surprised and astonished, this morning, by the sudden announcement that the Coal Miners' Association had struck a seam of coal in close proximity to their new pit at Wallsend, and on a portion of the land leased by them from Measrs. Brooks and Kenrick; and what made matters still more favourable was, that they have only sunk down about eight feet, and the seam of coal is about six or seven sert, consequently the work will be performed by tunneling—the expenses of course are but trilling compared with having a shaft. They will merely have a tramway to join the Wallsend line, which will probably occupy a few days, as ironbark rais will be used for the present, until the proper rais can be procured. The coal is easy of access, and it is estimated one hundred tons per week can be sent in for shipment at once. It is to be hoped every facility will be offered by the railway authorities to carry the coal from Wallsend to the wharf at Newcastle. Trucks are much wanted on this line; had there been a few sparc trucks they would have found ample employment of late. I am informed there are not sufficient trucks for the present traffic, and the want has long been felt. Surely the subject is one of the greatest importance, not only in a commercial point of view, but one that seriously affects the interests of Newcastle. Speaking of the railway reminds me of the loud complaints of late made by the storekeepers and others, of the exorbitant charges made on goods carrich by the rail. It would be needless for me to go into details—suffice it to say, that since the rates have been raised, many parties have stopped sending by train. Both Mailand and Newcastle have suffered much by the alteration of rates. Perhaps it would be as well if each place held a public meeting on the subject, when something definite and satisfactory might be brought forward. The present state of things is certainly most deplorable. The excitement in town to-day

o'clock, highly delighted with their trip. The volunters marched up to the barracks, headed by their band, where they were dismissed.

Equity Business.—The Primary Judge sat yesterday, but, owing to the absence of counsel on Circuit, the business had to be postponed. There will be further Equity sittings on Friday and on Tuesday next.

Public Breakfast takes place in the large room of the Bible Hall, Pitt. street, at which his Excellency the Governor is to preside; Lady Young is also to be present.

Lecture.—The Rev. Thomas Smith delivers a lecture to-night, at eight o'clock, in St. Stephen's Schoolnoom, Newtown; subject, "The Drunkard's Home." It is to be illustrated.

Drath by Strangulation.—On Monday last, the 16th instant, an inquest was held at Mr. Callaghan's Plough Inn, West Maitland, on the body of Thomas Kelly, labourer, aged between fifty and sixty years. From the evidence it appeared that the deceased lived slone in a house near the Roman Catholic Church, was a temperate man, and had usually enjoyed good health. He was a cripple and carned a living by splitting wood. On Monday, about moon, Dr. White, along with Constable Purtill, Walter M'Gill, and Patrick Redish broke open the door of deceased's house, and found him dead in bed. His clothes were all off with the exception of a black neckeloth which was tied very tightly round his neck, and which must have caused his death. It appeared he was in the habit of sleeping with his neckeloth on to prevent him, as he said, from catching cold. In the house were two purses containing £6 17s., a watch, and a few stitless of furniture. The deceased had not made any struggles; the bedelethes were lying over him undisturbed. Verdict, "Died by strangulation, caused by deceased going to bed with his neckeloth tied tightly round his neck.—Mailland Ensign.

Hardavers, Septembers 9.—Our turn is come. Fighting Gully, so called on account of the many prize fights which took place in it during the good old times when Dr. Keer's celebrated nugget made known to fame the Lo

dwis. of gold. There are other guilies near, out of which gold has been obtained, but which have never been worked. I may mention that two or three diggers who had taken out licenses to work in Spacer's new rush, hearing of the place, have paid it a visit, and are so satisfied with its richness that they have decided to forfeit the money they have paid Mr. Spicer and work the Pighting Guily. I anticipate having to report some heavy finds. The weather is favourable: in face, it is the finest part of the year for digging.—Correspondent of Western Post.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.—Messra. R. and J. Kelly, of this town, visited the Yarra Yarra run on Saturday lest to see the cattile said to have been attacked with the disease. They gave their opinions as to some of the cattle infected, and as to the time they had been so attacked. These beasts were shot, and on inspecting the lungs the seat of the disease was found. We understand these persons have a thorough knowledge of the malady, and its progress, and, it is said, its cure.—Albury Benner:

The Hannork Works.—Mr. Moriarty, secompanied by Mr. Gibbons, visited Kiama last week, to make preliminary arrangements for commencing the harbour works, and we understand that a number of men will be sent down, and operations begin in a day or two. Some of the plant required in carrying out the work being both bulky and heavy, it is proposed in the first instance to run out a jetty into water sufficiently deep to allew of the steamers coming alongside to land the machinery.—Kiema Rasminse,

Spicka's Cheers.—The Western Post of Saturday says:—We were shown yesterday two parcels of gold brought in from Spieer's diagrings. One we ighing upwards of twenty-five ounces, and purchased by Mr. Skinner, of three men, who said it was the result of three days' work. The gold was very coars e consisting chiefly of nuggets, varying in size fron three pennyweights to six ounces. The other pare I was a sample of finer gold, weighing eight pounds, and purchased by the Bank of New South Wales.

The Too

Bright Barann.—This banker closed on Saturday evening, and realized £580.—Mailland En-

Saturday evening, and realized £580.—Mastland Busign.

THE ARMY OATH.—The following is the oath which all volunteers and regulars mustered into the service of the United States are required to take before their final enrolment into service:—*I. do solemnly swear that I will bear true allegiance to the United States of America; that I will serve them homestly and faithfully against all enemies or opposers whatsoever; that I will obey the orders of the President of the United States and of the other officers appointed over me, according to the rules of the armies of the United States; so help me God,"—New York Tribuse,

AMERICA: HER PRESENT FINANCIAL POSITION AND PROSPECTS.

Tur Son Francisco Daily Times of 27th July publishes the following digest of the elaborate Report of the Secretary of the Treasury (Mr. Chase), which had just been laid before Congress. It says:—

Becretary Chase states the appropriations applicable to the service of the fiscal year, ended June 30th, 1862, to be 79,710,870 dollars. To this sum must be added 6,298,869. to the secretary Chase states the appropriations applicable to the exigencies of the war. 185,296,897 dollars for the Will be required for the Military Department, 20,609,520 dollars for the Navy, and 1,262,000 dollars for the Civil departments, making an aggregate of 217,168,863 dollars. In addition, it will be necessary to provide for the redemption of Treasury notes, 12,639,861 dollars, and for the payment of interest on the public debt, 9,000,000 dollars. Thus the whole amount required for the service of the current fiscal year is 318,619,581 dollars.

To meet this expenditure, the Secretary proposes to raise 80,000,000 dollars by taxation, and 240,000,000 by loan. He advises a modification of the existing tariff so as to meet the necessities of the crisis. He proposes to tax brown sugar 2½ cents per pound, clayed sugar 3 cents, refined sugar 4 cents, and daties of 2½ cents per pound on candy, of 6 cents per pound on black tea, and 20 cents per pound on green tea.

By these duties it is estimated that 20,000,000 dollars additional revenue will be raised. By taxing free articles and raising the lowest duties on the list, the Secretary expects to add 7,000,000 dollars to the smount. In this way the receipts from the tariff this year may be raised to 67,000,000 dollars to the sensition of the real and personal property of the people of the United States, according to the census of of 1860, is 16,102,924,110 dollars; or, omitting fractions, of sixteen thousand millions of dollars. The value of treat propertion of property at 4,830,880,236 dollars. The proportion of property of the country, wo

The Secretary further proposes:—"In case it shall be found inexpedient to provide the whole amount readed in that mode, that bonds or certificates of debt of the United States be issued to lenders in the coun-

in London."

It is evident that the subject of the finances under the terrible national ordeal through which we are passing, presents the greatest difficulties and will require much talent and industry in its management. It is fortunate for the country in this crisis that statesman of the honesty, firmness, and working energy of Mr. Chase is at the head of the finance department of our Government. He unites more of the qualities necessary for success in this branch of the nublic service, than any man whom the times has pre-

Beaumedand Arrested.—A gentleman from Memphis informs us that General Beauregard arrived there a few days since, and used great endeavours to keep his movements secret. Being a stranger, and somewhat observant, he attracted the attention of the Vigilance Committee, who arrested him as a spy and suspected person. The generalissim of the Confederate forces had to send for General Pillow to identify him, and the hero of Camargo soon convinced the vigilants that they had dug their ditch on the wrong side of the rampart of Memphian defence, whereupon Beauregard was discharged with apologies.—Louis. will Journal.

Cotton Growing at Nicaragua.—The growing of cotton is creating considerable excitement, and a

cotton is creating considerable excitement, and a quantity is likely to be planted this year. A steam cotton gin is now at work in Chinandagua — Panama

cotten gin is now at work in Chinandagua — Panama Star.

The Darien Expedition.—The French exploring expedition which left Panama in April to cross the lathmus at the Darien, with the view of making further investigations as to the practicability of opening a ship canal, returned on the 17th instant, having been unable to effect their object owing to the heavy rains. The expedition got as far as the river Cauquinaca, after having gone nineteen miles up the Sabana and nine up the Lara, during which time they had to overcome many difficulties, and put up with numerous hardships. They met with no clevation more than forty metres above the level of the ses. We understand they communicated with the Indians, who have expressed their willingness to allow the expedition to prosecute their journey unmolested. The party intend returning to France at once, and coming out again in December, so as to follow up their plans in the dry season of 1862.—Panama Star, June 20.

PADDINGTON MUNICIPALITY.—To Road Contractors and others.—TENDERS are invited for the formation, ballasting, and blinding of part of Dowlingsstreet, Paddington. Plans and specification may be seen, and particulars obtained, on application to the Secretary, Municipal Council Chambers, Paddington, where tenders are to be addressed on or before TURSDAY, the 24th September instant. The Council do not bind themselves to secept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Council.

M. E. MEYERS, secretary.

M. E. ME I BIG., SCIENCY.

N. E. ME I BIG., SCIENCY.

Invited for various artificers' works in the Eraction and Completion of ftwo Dwelling-houses, Out-buildings, and Stabling in Phillip-street, Sydney:—

1—Stonemasons' Work at 1 Prainage

2. Buthlemen Work

Stonemasons' Work at d Prainag Bricklayers' Work Carpenters' and Joiners' Work

o-Larpenters' and Joiners' Work
4—Plastering 6—Plamber, Glazier, and Painter's Work.
The plans and specification may be seen at the office of
Mr. JOHN BIBH, architect, Macquarie-street, to whom
tenders are to be delivered on or before the 3rd day of
October.
The acceptance of the lowest or any tenders will be optional with the advertiser.

To BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited, up to the Suh instant, for the erection of two small COTTAGES, at Strawberry Hills. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, architect, 400,

George-street.

TO PAINTERS —TENDERS are invited for painting
the outside of the Royal Hotel, Sydney, and the warehouses and stores connected therewith. Apply to Mr.
JOHN BIBB, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be
delivered.

Getivered.

To BUILDERS.—Tenders received up to 24th instant, in one amount, for the carpenters', joiners', and sundry trades required in completion of Balmain School of Arts. For particulars apply Mr. T. ROWE, architect, 400, George-street.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS.—TENDERS Wanted for the supply of HARDWOOD Girders, Plank, and Crooks. For particulars apply to HELY and HARPER, north side of Gas Works.

FOR SALE, Stackhouse's HISTORY OF THE BIBLE, Shustrated. Price, £1 10s. A. MOORE and CO., Piti-street.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 17th September, 1861.

TENDERS POR PUBLIC WORK Sand SUPPLIES.

-TENDERS are invited for the following public works and supplies. For full particulars see Government Garry, a file of which is kept at every-police office in the colony.

No tender will be taken into consideration, unless the name of the work for which it is intended be written on the cover.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Date to which Tenders can be received at this Office.
Construction of Main Road through Albury Erection of Gourt and Watch-house, Araluen. Erection of Court and Watch-house, Tuena. Construction of a Steam Dredge for the Shoalhaven River. Erection of Additions, Wollengong Gael Supply of Timber for Fitz Roy Dry Dock Works Supply of Ironbark Timber for Fitz Roy Dry Dock Works	120 clock noon, on Tuesday, 24th September.
Erection of Court and Watch House, Fairfield	on Tuesday lat October.

Repairs, &c., Telegraph Station, Gundagai

Erection of Additions, Berrima Gaol

W. M. ARNOLD.

W. M. ARNOLD.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
5th September, 1861.

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.—Conveyance being reundermentioned plasses, for one year and three months,
from the 1st October, 1861, persons disposed to contract for
providing the same, are invited to transmit their offers in
writing to the General Post Office, before 12 o'clock on
Wednesday, the 25th instant, endorsed "Tender for Conveyance of Mails."

writing to the General Post Office, before 12 o'clock on Wednesday, the 25th instant, endorsed "Tender for Conveyance of Mails."

Surural and the General Post Office, Sydney, and Botany, daily (Sundays excepted).

The conditions will be the same as those published in the notice of the 20th Seplember last, and tenders will not be considered unless in accordance therewith.

E. C. WREKES.

VICTORIAN RAILWAY DEBENTURES.

PRINCIPAL and INTERRST PAYABLE IN THE COLONY.—Scaled Tenders will be received at this office until noon, on TUESDAY, the last of October, for the whole, or any part, of the undermentioned Victorian Railway Bedentures, viz.

2125,000 in debentures of £100 each, dated 1st October, 1850 £102,500 ditto £50 ditto 1st October, 1860 £185,700 ditto £25 ditto 1st October, 1860 A deposit of Five (5) per cent, on the amount of each tender, in eash, bank draft, og marked cheue, must be enclosed with the tender.

Tenders must stake the amount, or rate per cent. offered. Tenders must stake the amount, or rate per cent. offered. Tenders will be opened in the presence of the tenderers on the last of October, at noon, in the Board Room of the Board of Land and Works, La Trobe-street, Melbourne.

The debentures will be deliverable to the successful tenderers within fourteen (14) days from the date on which the tenders are opened, and are redeemable in twenty-five (25) years from their respective dates.

The debentures will be deliverable to the successful tenderers are opened, and are redeemable in twenty-five (25) years from their respective dates.

The decision of the Government will be made known on the day following that on which the tenders are copened.

The development will not necessarily accept any tender. The decision of the Government will be made known on the day following that on which the tenders are copened.

The Dovernment will not necessarily accept any tender. The decision of the Government will be made known on the day following that on which the tenders are copened.

Treasury, Melbourne, 20th August, 1861.

The Treasury, Queensland, 1st August, 1861.

QUEENSLAND GOVERNMENT TERMINABLE
DEBENTURES.—In conformity with the provisions of the Public Works Loan Act of the Governor, and Council, 25 Victoria, No. 3, his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, directs it to be notified that sealed TENDERS will be resided at this office until noen of MONDAY, the 30th day of September next, from persons desirous of advancing the whole, or any portion, of the sum of Eighty Thousand Pounds on the following security, and subject to the undermentioned terms and conditions, viz.—

1. Each tender must be for the amount of one or more bebentures, and must be endorsed "Tender for Debentures."

Debentures, and must be endorsed "Tender for Debentures."

2. The debentures will be of £100 each, secured on the Consolidated Revenues of Queensland, and terminable at the end of 20 years from the date of the debenture, payable in Brisbane, Sydney, er London, and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly—as the let January, and the let July.

3. The interest will be payable either in Brisbane, Sydney, or London, and the place at which the first payment is to be made will be sudcread on the debentures; any change which it may be desired to make in this respect must previously be registered and endorsed on the debentures at the Colenial Treasury in Brisbane, or at the effect of the banking agents in London, six menths prior to the date on which such interest shall be payable.

4. The debentures shall be transferable by delivery.

5. The amount tendered, if accepted, must be paid in each.

4. The debentures shall be transferable by delivery.
5. The amount tendered, if accepted, must be paid in sash.
6. The Government will not consider itself bound to accept any tender which may not be deemed eligible or advantageous for the public service.

R. R. MACKENZIE.

Treasury, Queensland, 4th September, 1861.

VITH reference to the advertisement of the 1st ultimo, regarding the issue of Debentures by the Government of Queensland, it is hereby notified that the interest and principal sum will be payable in Melbourne, as well as in Brisbane, Sydney, and London.

R. R. MACKENZIE.

Treasury, Queensland, 3rd September, 1861.

H is excellency the GOVERNOR, with the advantage of the Executive Council, directs it to be notified that in future the regulations respecting the Forfeiture of Runs, for near-payment of runt, will be strictly observed; but the names of all runs, on which the rent has not been peid in due time, with the names of the occupiers thereof, will be published in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE immediately after the rent day, and in one or more of the daily paper—auch advertisements being repeated once a week till the expiry of the sixty days allowed by the Order in Council for the payment of the rent, with one-fourth added by way of penalty; after which the Runs will be Gazetted as forfeited, and thereupon let in such manner as Runs have hereofere been let, or in any other mode which may hereafter be fixed upon under the authority of the Legislature.

By his Excellency's command.

R. R. MACKENZIE.

Py his Excellency's command, R. R. MACKENZIE.

A USTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY. Established January 1, 1849. Principal Office, Sydney, New South Wales. AGENTS AND MEDICAL REFEREES.

ARMIDALE—
John Moore, Esq...... J. B. West, Esq. BATHURST— C. W. Croaker, Esq. R. Machattie, Esq. KIAMA— Robert Stobo, Esq.

NEWCASTLE—
W. K. Lochhead, Esq. .. Dr. Bowker. PARRAMATTA— E. L. Rowling, Esq. R. Greenup, Esq., M.D.

PENRITH—
Richard Brookes, Esq. . . . T. B. Haylock, Esq.

The attention of assurers is requested to the following important privileges granted by the Legislature to the Members of this Society and to them only:

All its Policies are protected against the operation of the Insolvent Laws, after a certain term, on a gradually in-

Inservent Laws, after a certain term, on a gradually in-ereasing scale.

Folicies effected by married women are protected against the debts and control of their husbands.

The families of small assurers are saved the expense of letters of administration.

Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and every information may be obtained from any of the above-mentioned gontle-men, or at the Principal Office.

ROBERT THOMSON, Actuary and Secretary.

ROBBET THOM SON, Actuary and Secretary.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(Retablished in Melbourne 1849.)

SYDNEY BRANCH—Pitt-street, opposite the Empire Office.

Accumulated and Invested Capital, \$200,000.

SYDNEY BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A. B. SMITH, Esq., Chairman.

EDWARD WYLD, Esq.

CHAIRMAN OF THE MELBOURNE BOARD.

The Hob. HENEY MILLER, M.L.C.

SPICIAL FRATURES:

AMPLE SECURITY, MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM, and the LIBERAL ADJUSTMENT and PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

Marine Claims settled in STENEY, MELBOURNE, or at the LONDON BRANCH of the COMPANY; at the option of the hauver.

Insurances effected, and policies at once hered on application to

C. M. SMITH, Besident Secretary.

Raise per arbititions. Of additions.

1846, 1851, 1856, 1861, Use the sum amount of mounts of preme paid

Table of Rates for Fire and Life Assurance may be bitained from WILLIAM RAE, resident secretary, 62,

Margaret-street, Sydney.

ROYAL FIRE and LIPE INSURANCE COMPANY of LIVERPOOL and LONDON.
Capital, £2,000,000.
SYDNEY AGENCY.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
This company has ever maintained a high character for its liberal and prompt payment of losses, and the undersigned are empowered to actile all claims in the colony.
RATES of PREMIUM.
CLASS 187.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied as dwelling or counting houses only, from 3a. to 6s. 5d. per cent. per annum.
CLASS 287.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied for storing merchandise, or for purposes of trade, from 4s. 5d. to 10s. per cent. per annum; and for retail trades in advance of 15 per cent. upon the published rates.
CLASS 287.—Wooden buildings, in Sydney and suburbs, 15s. to 25s per cent. per annum.
Surveyor—John Bibb, Esq.

is to 26s per cent, per annum.

Surveyor—John Bibb, Esq.

LIFE BRANCH.

At the last annual meeting of this company

Witness to the signatures of the said Charles Abrains Wilson, Lawrence Jeseph Soyer, and Geoffrey Esqar.

JURN LAUREY, J. P.

TO THE SQUATTERS of NEW SOUTH WALES and QUEENSLAND.—Gentlemen,—Having commenced business in Sydney as Stock and Station Agents, we key to inform you that we are now prepared to make advances of the usual nature on stations, stock, and wool. We have also made arrangements for the disposal, by auction, of all wool, tallow, hides, horns, and other colonial produce which may be placed in our hands for immediate sale, and, when required, liberal advances will be made by us in anticipation of sales.

We will also advance on wool and other produce consigned through us to our friends in London for sale.

From our long colonial experience we feel confident of being sale to carry out to your satisfaction whatever business you may favour us with.

Victoria Chambers, 133, New Pitt-street, Sydney.

Scytember 10th.

JAMES and WILLIAM BYRNES and CO.

N.B. Our business in Parramanta will be continued as heretofore, under the style of J. and W. BYRNES.

When the undersigned by to remind producers and others that they continue to make advances on wool, sides, allow, and sheepshina, consigned to them for sale, sad that no commission will be charged when the same are not sold, if afterwards consigned to their friends Messen. Balgety and Co., London.

DURHAM and IRWIN, ancetomers and produce brokers. Circular Quay, Nevember 2nd.

TO MAKERS OF COLONIAL FURNITURE.—

The undersigned will make each advances, without any extra charge, on any quantity of well-made furniture.

WALTER BRADLEY and CO., suctionsers, Old Baak of Australasia, 239, George-street.

D. MOUNTCASTLE, in returning thanks to his attensive alterations are now completed, and he is thus extensive alterations are now completed, and he is thus extensive alterations are now completed, and he is thus extensive alterations are now made to order.

Australia Hat Manufactories, 319, George-street, and Ch., Market-street.

Every description of last and ca

TIGHTNESS of the Chest. Difficulties of Bresthing, and affections of the pulmonary organs generally.—
Immediate relief will be afforded in any of the above cases by taking one or two doses of the PECTORAL OXYMEL OF CARAGHEEN. Prepared solely by A. J. WATT and CO., 534, George-street, opposite the Central Police Office.

DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA has been during twenty-five war. DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA has been, during twenty-five years, emphatically sanctiened by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the public as the best remedy for acidity of the stomach, hearthurn, headache, gout, and indigestion, and as mild sperient for delicate constitutions, more especially for ladies and children. Combined with the Acidulated Lemon Syrup, it form an agreeable effereesing draught, in which its sperient qualities are much increased. During hot seasons and, above all, in hot climates, the regular use of this eimpic end elegant remedy has been found highly benedicial. Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity), by DINNEFORD and CO., 172, New Bond-street, London, and sold by all respectable chemists throughot the Empire.

speciable chemists throughot the Empire.

FRESH ENGLISH DRUGS.—Just arrived by the Lochiel, 54 packages of Drugs.—
Tartaric acid, in 1 cwt. kegs
Cream tartar, ditto
Essence lemon, quinine
Crystalized jujubes
French polish, in hogshoads
Cases of Turksy optum
Ditto of Holloway spills and ointment
Canary, hemp, and garden seeds.
W. LARMER, importer, 313, George-street, Sydney.

THE 10NIC Bitter Cups are to be obtained only from
the importer. SENIOR, opposite Jamison-street.

WANTED, to SELL a second-hand COUNTER, 74
foot long. Enquire E. RAMSAY, groom, Balmain.

TANN'S PATENT RELIANCE SAFES, also Tann's Deed Boxes and Cash Boxes.—Illustrated Catalegues, with full particulars, can be had on application to RRUSH and MAC DONNELL, 326, George-street. ELLING OFF, at greatly reduced prices, PHOTO-GRAPHIC APPARATUS of various descriptions: the Economic Collection, 6d, per oz. Price lists forwarded. F. CRAWFORD, 45, Whittel's-buildings, near the wharf,

Bathurst-street.

THE TURON INN, George-street.—EDWARD GOODWIN begs to inform the trade, and the public, that he is relling at the following prices.—

Best key brand gin. 46s. per case, 3s. 9d. per bottle Martell's brandy, 20s. per gallon, 5s. per quart West India rum, 10s. 6d. per gallon, 2s. 8d. per quart Humi's port wine, 12s. per gallon, 3s. per quart Corens' sherry, 11s. per gallon, 2s. per quart Corens' sherry, 11s. per gallon, 2s. per quart Espans's ale and stout, 12s. per descen Bans's burton ale, 10d. per quart Stewart's whicky, 3s. per bottle.

MILLER, 507. George-street, South, Manuard Shis.

J. MILLER, 507, George-street South, House and Ship
Plumber, Gasfitter, &c., manufacturer of patent
valve waterclosets
Lift, force, and common pumps
Plumbers' brasswork, O.G. and half-round; cave
gutters, &c.
Licensed to lay on water. N.B.—Gothic lead glazing
made to any design.

MIRST-CLASS INVESTMENTS — For SALE, privately, by letters only, namely, Ten old shares in the Australian Gas Light Company One new share ditto. Also, Kight old shares in the Bank of New South Wales Four new ditto.

FOR SALE.—A highly finished compound Steam Engine, of twency-horse power, with multi-tubular boiler, by Benjamin Hick and Son, Bolton.
One eight-horse power portable steam engine.
One first-class self-acting circular saw bench, with saws complete.

tones.

A quantity of stable fittings, with enamelled water roughs, mangers.

To be seen at RUSSELL'S Wharf, Sussex-street.

your report, necessarily of the briefest discreption. On the case of Poole v Hansen and another, heard in the District Court, et Inselsy, allow me, as the plaintif, to make a tominally brought to recover £200 m, which was a tominally brought to recover £200 m, which was to obtain the amount of eleven weeks salary, that being the period during which I remained out of employment after exceeding the same that the period during which I remained out of employment after exceeding the same that it would not be made and anothing more. 2nd, that the customary notice upon the same and the same

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital—£1,256,760.
Income—1860, over £230,000; invested funds, £554,98.
Income—1860, over £230,000; invested

H. FUSEDALE, Tailor and Professod Tronsers
Maker. 257, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

TWEED SUITS, to measure, £3; TROUSERS, 20s.
NICOLL, 104, King-street.

PEW BEDFORD CORD, splendid Shepherd Plaids, fashionable Checks, at NICOLL'S, 104, King-street.

fashionable Checks, at NICOLL'S, 104, King-street.

EW SHAWLS, just landed, ex Lochiel.—F. GILES and CO. have opened (this day) two cases of elegant Shawls, the latest designs from London and Paris; also three cases of plain Lama Shawls, in black and coloured.
F. G. and Co. respectfully invite the attention of laddes to the above goods. Wholesale buyers and storekaspers will be supplied on liberal terms. Denisun House, Georgestreet.

the above goods. Wholesele buyers and storekeepers will be supplied on liberal terms. Denison House, Georgostreet.

MESSRS. FARMER and PAINTER beg to announce that their very large shipment, per Wave of Life, is now ready for inspection, and comprises a most assortment of New Goods, the whole of which have been purchased much under their regular value, and will be sold at proportionate prices.

In fancy dresses some really choice things, by the yard, and in robes; also in made trimmed skirts. A beautiful assortment of children's mohairs, Fronch delaines, challi bareyes, and grenadines. Flounced printed nuelline; a large lot of this season's printing, at less than manufacturers' cost; also, a choice assortment of piece goods, any length cut MUSLIN DEPARTMENT.—A large assortment of new furnishing muslins, harness, leno, swies, and tamboured curtains, white and coloured tarlatana, tamboured books and jacconets; curtain nets, from one to three yards wide; inosquito nets, lenos, Scotch, Swiss, books, and cambrics, &c., &c.; white and coloured tarlatana, &c.
Farachutes in immense variety Gloves and guantites, of every make
Frints and printed cambrics, the largest stock in the colony; also, Linera, venetians, and general furnishing goods
Ladies', gentlemen's, and children's hossery and underclothing
Ribbons, triumnings, and lace goods, in endless variety. Messrs. FARMER and PAINTER respectfully invite sepecial attention to their present magnificent stock of Mantles, Millinery, and Straw Goods, which for watent and variety has never been surpassed.

FARMER and PAINTER.

Teorge CHISHOLM and CO, have received, Yenvelle, a large assortment of Brussle.

271, Pitt-street.

CEORGE CHISHOLM and CO. have received, or ex-Neville, a large assortment of Brussels, Tapestry; and other CARPETS, in new and elegant designs, with Arminster and Tournay RUGS to match.

Also Moscale RUGS and Screens, and Velvet TABLE COVERS, in various new patterns, from the celebrated firm of Crossley and Sons.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO. have also lately received 3 cases of Lace and Swiss Muslin CURTAINS, in various qualities, very cheep.

CORNICE FRINGES, CURTAIN BANDS, and every description of Upholstery Trimmings.

Geograph.

FORD'S EUREKA SHIRTS, only 7s. 6d. each, for ease, clegance, and durability, they have no rival; they are made with and without collars, plain, and gauntlet cuffs, to open in front or behind. HOBSON and WHITING, 69, Hunter-street.

WHITING, 69, Hunter-street.

MESSRS. R. IREDALE and CO, have now landing, ex Wave of Life and Lochiel, ex Wave of Life and Lochiel, ex Wave of Life and Lochiel, and the land of the land of the land land and raw oil, turpentine, white lead Ewbank's patent nails, wrought nails, exopers' rivets Horseshoes, horne rasps, horse nails, blacksmithe' files Plough wings and mould beards Smiths' bellows, circular ferges, anvils Ruddle, scythe stones, J. H. Sorby's sheep shears Turkey and rag stones
Bolts and nuts, forged square nuts, all sizes
An le blocks, boxes, cart springs
A general assertment of brass ware
Bell furniture, of every description
Brushware, fenders and fire froms
Counter scales and iron washers
Cross-cut, hand, and pit saw siles
Ivory handle cutlery, butchers' knives
Batta, tollet ware, and dish covers
And a variety of other goods, too numerous to mention.
Note the address—R. IREDALE and CO., 546, Georgestreet, opposite the Cathedral.
N.B. No connection with any other house in town.

Note the address—R. IREDALE and CO., 546, Georgestreet. opposite the Cathedral.

N.B. No connection with any other house in town.

A USTRALIAN FURNITURE, FLOORCLOTH, CARPET, and BEDDING WARRHOUSE, 100, hing-street, Sydney.—JOHN HILL, Junior, SON, and CO. beg to inform their friends and customers, both in town and country, that they have always on hand and for \$A.LE a large and well-selected assortment of English and colonial-made furniture, consisting of—Drawing-room sofas, in rosewood and walnutwood Ditto bounges, ditto ditto ditto Hate glass front and back cheffoniers, with marble tops, ditto ditto Plate glass front and back cheffoniers, with marble tops, ditto ditto
Planefortes and music stools, ditto ditto
Planefortes and music stools, ditto ditto
Canterbury and other description of whatnots, ditto ditto
Fancy sofa and other tables, ditto ditto
Sycamore and walnutwood folding chairs
Devonperts, in walnut and rosewood
Chimber glasses, various sizes
Dining-room assortment of the district of the second of Chimber glasses, various sizes
Dining-room easy chairs, in leather
Dining-room hair-seated and leather-covered chairs
Cane-seated chairs of every description
Sideboards and chefuniers
Wardrobes, with and without plate glass fronts
Chests of drawers, virious sizes
I elescope and other dining tables
I collectables, with and without marble slabs
Washstands, ditto ditto
Towel horses and beforom chairs
Iron and wooden bedsteads
Hail tables, with and without marble slabs
Washstands, ditto ditto
Towel horses and beforom chairs
Fedsteps and commode chairs
Office tables
Bookcares
Giffice washstands, with sets complete
Office chairs
Ottomans and frostools
Hall tables, with narble slabs
Hall tables, with narble slabs
Hall tables, with and supplied of the slabs
Hall tables, with and supplied of the slabs
Hall tables, with and searchimes
Lustres, vasee, and hall lamps
Decenters and cruet stands
I also mats
Wool gig mats and perambulators
Wool gig mats and perambulators
Fother beds, bolsters, and pillows, &c., &c. Also,
A

100, King-street, Sydney.

ON SALE, at PARTRIDGE'S Galvanised Iron Works, 103 and 105, Bathurst-street, a large addition of stock of galvanised iron roofing, of Morewood and Rodgers', and other makers, with which parties are so well acquainted, and from whom he solicits a continuance of their patronage for verandaha, and other kinds of roofing.

Corrugated iron

Curved fron for verandahs
Tiles

Ridge capping
Guttering
Piping
Punps
Telegraph wire
Wire fencing
Line

Zine Heads, fixings, &c., &c. Tanks for preserving rain water

ON SALE, at PARTRIDGE'S New Furnishing Iron-tongery Store, 582 and 584, corner of George and Bathurst streets, every kind of Ironmongery, suitable for city or suburban dwellings, and up-country stores, wholesale and retail. PRIME OATEN HAY, 6s. 6d. per cwt. ROBERT GUY, 569, Brickfield-hill.

CAMDEN-PRESSED OATEN HAY for SALE.—
STEPHEN NUTTER, Baltic Wharf.:

WHITE CORN FLOUR.—For SALE, a very superior article, manufactured from white maiss, in 124 lb. bage 2s. 3d., or 16s. per 100. STEPHEN NUTTER, Baltic Wharf. TOR SALE, a second-hand Thurston's BILLIARD TABLE, cheap. Apply to Marker, at the Post Office Hotel, York-street.

A MERICAN COOKING STOVES.—Just received, the latest pattern, 1860, at F. R. ROBINSON'S, 486, George-street. THE LARGEST assertment of American COOK STOVES, at F. R. ROBINSON'S, 486, George-st.

TALIAN Rye Grass Sood; Red and White Tare Sood, on SALE. J. CLARK, Market Wharf.

on SALE. J. CLARK, Market Whart.

A DELAIDE FLOUR, Magazey's, Dunn's, and Delhaide superine, now landing, or Mandarine.

N. CASTON, 8, Macquario-place.

A DELAIDE FLOUR and WHRAT, always on Salle. BELLBY and SCOTT.

COALS, COALS.—Newcastle Coals celling at 8HOO-BERT'S Wharf, Sussex-street, below market prices. TOBACCO for SALE, negrohead, Bagie and Tiger brands, in quarter-tierces. BRILBY and SCOTT.
TOBACCO. TOBACCO. TOBACCO.—In consequence of the present enormous price of NEGRO-HEAD. I have resolved to supply the public with a CAVENDISH Tobacco superior to any negrohead, except Barratt's Twist, at 4s, 6d, per pound; also The above cut pure at 5s, per pound.

N.B.—Ask for GHE DIXSON, 3t2, George-street.

N.B.—Ask for GHE DIXSON, 3t2, George-street.

The Account of the present control of the property of the prop

N.B.—Ask for Disson's Old Dominion Tobacco.

TEA for SALE, a very superior sample of really fine mixed PEROE, in 14 ib. boxes, suitable for family use. Price, 3s. per lb., by the single box. MOLISON.

MARBLE and ENAMELLED SLATE CHIMNEY-from 30s. to £50, on view. W. W. BUCKLAND'S Show Rooms, Circular Quay.

PORTLAND CEMENT, White's, Knight's, Bown and Sturges, Johnston's, and other manufacturers. Also, Batchelder's and Str. William Maxwell's Roman Cement, English and American Plaster of Paris, best brands. W. W. BUCKLAND, Circular Quay.

Fe besti da front la front la

60.000 FEET KAURI PINE, ex Montesama, BOLFE'S, Circular Quay.

300,000 FEET Colonial Hardwood. The best assortment in Sydney. JOLLY and CO. 100,000 FEET Deals, Pine, T. and G. Flooring Boards, Doors, Sashes, Cedar, &c. W. JOLLY and CO.

COLONIAL Hardwood, Flooring—tongued, growed, and planed. W. JOLLY and CO., Bathurst-street.

RONBARK Posts, Rails, Palings, and Billet-wood, W. JOLLY and CO., Bathurst-street.

W. JOLLY and CO., Bathurst-street.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO STEAM SAW AND MOULDING MILLS. Late Fairfax's.
Ceder and pine boards and scantling, a very superior stock: Baltic deals, solid and cut Oregon clear boards and scantling (a and T. floor boards and match boards (Falvanised iron rolls Small mouldings, skirtings, and architraves Doors, sashes, French windows, venetian shutters Wine, truit, and all kinds of packing cases Portable cane and wood bottom coder chairs Furniture of various kinds
Every description of moulding and joiners' work made to order.

RANDOLPH NOTT, manners.

RANDOLPH NOTT, manager.

TIMBEIS, &c.—For SALE, at Liverpool-street Baw
Mills—
Cedar, in logs, beards, scantling, and turnery
Celonial pine boards and scantling
Pitch pine, ta logs, deals, planks, and T. and G.
Baltic and Oregon deals, solid and cut
Stating battens, in deals and cedar
T. and G. in clear, white Oregon, Norway, and Baltic
Shelving boards, planed one and two sides
Clear pine, dimensions
Furniture, on hand, or made to order
Colonial and V. D. L. hardwood
Shingles, laths, palings, pickets, ladders, &c.
Soap, candle, and fruit boxes, wine and packing cases
Wooden houses and stores, prepared and packed, with
plans, &c.
Shidness architester, mouldings, rolls, bands, &c.

HENRY MOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED is a Purchaser of Timber of all descriptions, rough or dressed, at full market rates.

HENRY MOON.

CIRCULAR QUAY SAW MILLS and Timber Yard.

Cabinetmakers, Wheelwrights, &c.—A large and varied assortment of foreign and colonial TIMBER, doors, sabee, architraves, mouldings, shingles, laths, battens, and palings; French doors, blinds, &c. W. H. ROLFE. French doors, bilmas, &c. W. H. ROLFE.

HARDWOOD, from Brisbane Water; the largest assertment in Sydney. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.—For SALE, a large HOUSE, in Bourise-street, on the east side, between William and Woolloomooloo streets; will be a very valuable property when the wharf at Woolloomooloo is finished. Apply to W. M. CLARKE, No. 15, Went-worth-place.

NOR SALE, delightfully situated on the Point Piper Estate, and overlooking the Harbour, two gented COTTAGES, replete with every convenience, and large gardens. To be sold separately. One contains four rooms, detached kitchen, servants' room, washhouse, stable, chaise house, and other out-buildings; the other contains four rooms, hall, kitchen, washing-shed, &c. Both have versandahs back and front, and pump to each, with a neverfailing supply of beautiful water. Apply (if by letter) to Mr. LARTER, newagent, &c., South Head Rood.

FOR SALE, a powerful bay HORSE, fit for dogoart or phaeton. 402, Castlercagh-street South. GENERAL NOTICE.—The Agents of this Journal in various parts of the colony are as follows:—
WESTERN.

GENERAL NOTICE.—The Agents of this Journal in Various parts of the colony are as follows:—
WESTERN.
Bathurst, Guyong, Molong, Canowindra, Kelso, Peel, Rockley, Meadow Flat, and O'Connell Plains—Mr. C. W. Croaker.
Cornage—Mr. John M'Lennan
Ironbarks—Mr. B. Stace
Croaker.
Croaker.
C. W. Croaker.
C. Windeyer,
Long Creek, and Mundooran—Mr. John Dickson
Sofials and Tambaroora—Mr. W. Walker
Dubbo—Mr. W. Anthony
Ryd—G. Pope.
SOUTHEIN.
Camden, Narellan, Riversford, Burragorang, and the
Oaks—Mr. E. Simpson, Camden
Appin—Mr. George Joll
Errima and Sutton Forest—Mr. Joseph Levy
Goulburn, Marulan, Collector, and Bungonia—Mr. Robert
Craig
Queanbeyan—Mr. J. J. Wright
Kinadra, Showy River—Mr.
Yase, Binalong, Gunning, Murramburrah, and Jugiong—
Mr. William R. Laidlaw
Braidwood, Araluen, and Nelligan—Mr. A. Vider, storekeeper and auctioneer
Braidwood, Araluen, and Nelligan—Mr. A. Vider, storekeeper and auctioneer
Burrows—Mr. John Burley
Gundagai and Tarcutta—Mr. Michael Norton
Wellongong and Dapto—Mr. George Hewiett
Kiama, Jerrigong, and Jamberoo—Mr. Thomas J. Fuller
Shell Harbour—Mr. E. Graham
Moruya, Bodalla, Mullenderee, and Broulee—Mr. Oliver
Lodge
Shoalha-ven—Mr. E. Graham
Wagas Wagga and Marengo—Mr. George Forsyth
Lang's Croamin—Robert Neilson
Adelong and Tumut—Mr. R. Davison
Adelong and Tumut—Mr. R. Davison
Adelong and Tumut—Mr. R. Davison
Adelong and Tumut—Mr. R. Northern.
Hinton, Hexham, Wollombi, Seaham, Largs, Millers*
Forest, and Black Croek—Mr. R. Blair

Wagga Wagga and Marengo—Mr. George Forsyth
Lang's Crossing—Robert Keilson
Adelong and Tumut—Mr. R. Davison.
NORTHERN.
Hinton, Hexham, Wollombi, Seaham, Largs, Millers'
Forest, and Black Creek—Mr. R. Blair
Dungog and Clarener Town—Mr. Hanna
Armidale—Mr. L. Bradshaw
Paterson and Gresford—Mr. W. Thomson
Singleton and Georgia—Mr. William Meyn
Muswellbrook and Merton—Merriwa—Mr. J. H. Murray
Murrurundi, Quirindi, and Warialds—Mr. Alexander
Brodie
Calandoon—Mr. W. Elliott
Nundle, Hanging Rock, and Bowling Alley Point—Mr.
W. Pugh
Tamworth—Mr. P. J. Coghlan
Brisbane, Warwick, and Good's Inn—Mr. Samuel Stevens
Ipsvich—Mr. Kiner
Irayton and Toowoombs—Mr. W. H. Groom
Rocky River, Uralla, and Bendemoer—Mr. A. W. Hayles
Scone—Mr. Asser
Geyndah—Mr. John Auerbach
Gleu Quin, Gulligel, and Wee Was—Mr. William Maguire
Port Macquaris—Mr. H. Tomer
Kempsey, Macleay Rives—Mr. Otho Dangar
Cundetown, Wingham, Tarree, and Tinonee, Manning
Rives—Mr. Henry John Cornish
Glen Innes—Mr. James Martin
Rockhampton—Messers. Hutchinson, Hunter, and Co.
Richmond River—Mr. E. Roas, postmaster, Blackwall
Tenterfield—Mr. E. O'Connell, postmaster,
Blackwall
Tenterfield—Mr. E. O'Connell, postmaster,
Gladstone, Fort Curtis—Mr. R. Betherington
Wide Bay, Maryborough—Messers. Downer and Purser
Walsha—Mr. J. H. Daniel, storetecpper
Melbourne, Victoris—Messers. Gordon and Gotch
Geolong, ditto—Messers. Franks and Jacksa.
Hobart Town—Messers. Walch
Launcendon—Mr. F. 6. Spicer
Adelaide—Mr. Fisher, Grenfell-street
New Zealand—Captain Bowden
London—Mr. F. Alger, 11, Clementa-lane, Lombard-st.

National Library of Australia

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NOR SALE, a 6-horse power STEAM ENGINE and BOILER, complete, with steam pipes and water heating tank; has only been a short time at work; the purchaser can have stone foundations and brickwork. Apply to YOUNG and MATHER, engineers, Bathurst-street West. MKEAN, seedsman, 3. New Market, and 162, York-st.

ONCLIFFE HOUS 2.—To SELL or LET, the above eligible property, situated close to the Signal Station, South Head. The house, which is in thorough repair, is suitable for a family hotel or boarding house, or a large family, or school. It commands a view of Port Jackson and the Parish, of unequalled grandour, and for salubrity offers unrivalled attraction for invalids.

For terms and cards to view, apply to Mr. RICHARD LEFTWICH, Signal Rotel, South Head; or, Messra. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-street, Sydney. SIR JOSEPH BANKS ESTATE.—For private SALE, on liberal terms, that well-known, valuable, and popular hotel, the SIE JOSEPH BANKS, with 22 acres of ground, fronting Botany Bay, now in the occupation of Mr. Beaumont. Also, York Lodge and grounds, and everal small farms adjoining. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-street. WRENCH, Pitt-street.

DURKE-STREET.—For PRIVATE SALE, on liberal terms and a low figure, a valuable site, immediately opposite the Wesleyan Church, adjoining Mr. Iradale's property. It contains an area of about one quarter of an acre, having 31 feet frontage to Bourke-street, with a depth of 200 feet. At the rear is a stone-built stable and conchouse; also, a small iron cottage. RICHARD-SON and WRENCH, Pitt-street. SON and WRENCH, Pitt-street.

TO EUILDING MECHANICS and WORKING MEN.—Allotments of LAND for SALE, on LONG CREDIT, or in exchange for labour. To respectable persons wishing to build at once, assistance will be given to the extent of one-half of their outlay. For particulars, apply to Mr. LUCAS, Burwood Railway Station.

SHERP and CATTLE.—First class EWES and WETHERS, on the Daving Downs, deliverable after shearing. Also several lots of well-bred cattle, on the Downs, Burnett, &c., for SALE. HENRY BRIT, 6, Wynyard-street. Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 246, Pitt-street, and 235, Castlereagh-street. M. CHARLES MARTYN holds a regular SALE BY AUCTION every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock precisely. All parties sending horses or other stock, carriagos, &c., are requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualification, &c., and amount of reserve, otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest hidder. THURSDAY'S General Sale. M. CHARLES MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 clock.
A pair of handsome carriage horses
The usual variety of saddle and harness horses
Newfoundland dog
Carriages, gigs, Jogcaria, spring-carta, drays
Trucks, harness, saddlery, &c.
At the Camperdown Sale Yards, at 2 o'clock,
45 head of strong, useful horses.
Newfoundland Dog. M R. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bezaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, A very fine Newfoundland dog—an excellent watchdog.

Quiet Pony. M. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Barsar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, A chesnut pony mare, 5 years old, very quiet, and thoroughly broken to saddle.

Pair Carriage Horses. The Property of a Gentleman having no further use for them. M. R. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by suction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'cleck,
A pair of handsome bay geldings, 15 hands 3 inches high, excellent in saddle, and perfectly quiet and stanch in harness, having been constantly driven in double harness to Sydney for some time pact, and can be well recommended.

To be sold either together or separate,
Now on view at the Bazaar.

To Dravagen, "Bus, Propeleters, and others. M. R. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from Mr. Ford to sell, by auction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards (Governor Bourke Inn), THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, 45 head of powerful young borses, consisting of heavy colts and fillies, from 3 to 5 years old, just arrived, and satisful for every description of harness and saddle.

r Piper genteel f largo rooms, , chaise us four ive ve-never-tter) to M. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from — Burke, Eq., to sell by auction, at the Cattle Market, on SATURDAY next, at 2 o'clock,
14 head of useful colts, all been haltered, and in good condition; fit for saddle and light harness purposes; amongst them is a handsome Timor pony, suitable for a boy or girl.

No reserve. M. C. MARTYN has been instructed by Messrs. W. and S. Redgate to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY next, September 24th, at 12 at the Bazaar, on TUSSDA1 mea, consisting of clock, whole of their stock in trade, consisting of Several good anddle and harness horses Gigs, dogcarts, carriages, break, harness, bridles, saddles, &c.

Stable utensils, &c.

Stable utensils, &c.

Exporters of Stock, Draymen, 'Bus

Draft of Herses from the well-known Stud of the late Henry Osborne, Esq. M R. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of the late Henry Osborne, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Governor Bourke Inn Sale Yards, Parramatta Road, on THURBDAY, 20th September, at 2 o'clock, About 60 to 70 head of brood mares, colts, and fillies, from 1 to 4 years old, fit for breeding purposes, saddle, and all descriptions of harness.

No reserve.

To Livery Stable Keepers, Cab Proprietors, and others The Goodwill and Lease of Stable and Yard, situated in Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

M. C. MARTYN has been instructed by Mesers. W. and S. Redgate to sell, by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, September 21st, at 12 o'clock,
The goodwill and lease of a 13-stall stable, a roomy yard, sear the Theatre, now used by Mesers. Redgate, as a livery and bait stables.

Mesers. Redgate are leaving Sydney for another occupation in the country, which is their reason for selling.

All particulars can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

Sale THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

M. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at his Horse Repository, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A pair of handsome dapple grey horses, 4 years old, 16 hands high, perfectly quiet and stanch in single and double harness, and can be well recommended 16 good sound country horses, in good condition, well broken-in

Spring carts, sociables, dog-carts, drays, &c.

Saddles, Revolvers, Watches, Clothing, Books, &c.

A LEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pittsuret, TBIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Two new hogskin saddles Colt's and other revolvers, guns, &c. Gold and silver watches and jewellery New and second-hand clothing.

150 vols. books, and sundries.

Terms, cash.

General Produce Sale.

PRIDAY, 20th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock. Oak Shingles, Ladders, Hardwood Timber, Gunny Bags, Hay, Maize, Bran, Flour, Hides, Butter, Bacon, &c., &c. W PRITCHARD will sell by suction, at his Stores, Market Wharf, isignments of the above. Terms, cash. No reserve.

Wool, Tallew, Hides, Sheepskins, Horns, Sha Kauri Gum, &c.

B. EBSWORTH will sell by public suction, at his Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Thursday, 19th September, at half-past 10 o'clock, Bales wool 59 casks tallow 1784 shoepskins 79 hides Shankbones and horas Kauri gum, &c... Terms, cash

ON MONDAY, 30th SEPTEMBER.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
BY ORDER OF THE MORTCAGEE,
At the Rooms, Pitt-street,
FIRST-CLASS AGRICULTURAL and DAIRY
PROPERTY, known as
YARRAMALONG FARM,
situated on the WYONG CREEK, BRISBANE
WATER, about twenty miles from GOSFORD,
containing about 48th &CREE of AGRICULTURAL LAND, divided into numerous paddocks, with
valuable homestead and improvements.
This valuable estate is acknowledged to be equal to the
famed lands on the Hunter and Hawkesbury, and has constant communication with Sydney. Inspection is invited
prior to the day of sale. Steamers will leave the Phoenix
Wharf for Gosford on the 10th, 13th, 24th, and 27th of
this month.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO SPECULATORS.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND,
utaining about FIFTY ACRES, situated at FIVE
DOCK, adjoining the well-known property of Mr.
Abercrombie, and having EXTENSIVE FRONTAGE to the PARRAMATTA RIVER, opposite
Spectacle Island. FOR POSITIVE SALE.

If youer of the Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 23rd September, at 11 o'clack,
The above truly valuable and extensive BLOCK OF LAND, containing fifty acres fronting Lane Cove, Parramata River, and adjoining Mr. Abercrombie's residence.

The proposed bridge from Balmain to Five Dock, being one on a new line of road connecting Sydney with the Hunter's Hill district, abus on the above property; and as there is now no doubt of this being speedily executed, the land will be considerably enhanced in value as the distance from Sydney by the new road will only be about two miles, and the locality is one of the most beautiful in the suburbs.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

1000 Boxes Liverpool Sosp. For Positive Unreserved Sale.

MONDAY, September 23rd.

To Sospmakers, Grocers, Storekoepers, and others.

R. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed by the importers to sell by suction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on MONDAY, September 23rd, at 11 o'clock, Just landed ex Nagasaki, 1000 loxes Liverpool soap, in 66 lb. and 112 lb. boxes.

Terms at sale.

LAS, ex Pysche, and Norna.—The remaining portion of these shipments will be positively sold at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 c clock prompt.

JOHN G. COHEN, Auctioneer.

By order of the Importers, Messra, Griffiths, Fanning, and Ca., consisting of 250 Packages of the finest Congou, ex Psyche; and 653 Packages of the finest Congou, ex Norma. Also The only Parcel of Choice Green Teas.

To Tea Merchants
To Wholesale and Retail Grocers
To Country Buyers
To Shippers, and
The Trade generally.

JOHN G, COHEN has received instructions from Messrs. Griffiths, Fanning, and Co. to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THIS DAY, September 19, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely.

230 packages of choice Congou, ex Psyche, viz.,
Win diamond, H outside—
39 ditto ditto
Win diamond, F at side—
39 ditto ditto
Win diamond, § 118—
27 ditto ditto
H in diamond, § 119—
1 ditto ditto.

523 packages of the finest congou, ex Norns, viz.,

H in diamond, § 119—

1 ditto ditto.

523 packages of the fanest congou, ex Norna, viz.,

No. 51. 131 chests congou

52. 79 ditto ditto.

53. 98 ditto ditto.

55. 110 ditto ditto.

56. 2 ditto ditto.

56. 13 ditto ditto.

The only parcel of choice green tea.

Terms, litheral, doctared at sale.

To Paperhangings.

To Paperhangers

To Builders

To Contractors and others.

Samples on view at the Rooms.

A OHN G. COHEN has received instructions.

Highly important Auction Sale of Iron Bedsteads, &c.,

comprising an excellent assortment.

To Furniture Buyers, Upholsterers, Ironmongers, and others.

OHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY, September 20, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely, 25 packages of iron bedsteads, via. —
Four-post bedsteads, cane, emerald, &c., 6 ft. 6 in. x 3 ft., 6 ft. 6 in. x 3 ft. 6 in. x 4 ft., 6 ft. 6 in. x 4 ft. 6 in. bedstends, cane, blue, &c., 6 ft. 6 in.

Half dester bedsteads, trans,
3 ft. 6 in.
Children's cots, with sides, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Without reserve. Terms at sale. On SATURDAY, September 21st, at half-past 10 o'clock. At the old Bank of Australisia.

Household Furniture Pianofortes, Iron Bedstends Large Brussels Carpet Sidebaards, Leo Table Couch and Chairs Winch and Coffee Roaster.

MESSRS. WALTER BRADLEY and CO., will sell by suction, at their Rooms, on SATURDAY, September 21st, at half-past 10 o'clock, The above, and a quantity of useful sundries, the property of a gentleman leaving for the New Zealand gold-fields.

Terms, cash. On SATURDAY, September 21st, at 12 o'clock, At the Old Bank of Australasia.

Three Pairs of Barb Pigeons
Four Pairs Carriers
Three Pairs Tumblers
Large Black and White Newfoundland Dog.

M ESSRS. WALTER BRADLEY and CO.
will sell by auction, at their Rooms,
The above, all first chass.
Terms, cash. On SATURDAY, September 21st, at 11 o'clock.
At the Old Bank of Australasia.

Fancy Goods Dressing Cases Fans, Esu de Colegne Pocket Books, Note Paper, &c., &c., &c.

M ESSRS. WALTER BRADLEY and CO. will sell by auction, 'at their Rooms, on SATURDAY, September 21st, at 11 o'clock,
Two cases fancy goods, Terms, cash.

M ORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at the Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock precisely, 28 Bains wood 79 Casks tallow 4673 Sheepakins 312 Hides, &c.

Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THURSDAY, 19th September. To Scapmakers and others. To close an account.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock, 4 tons soda ash.

Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

To Stationers
To Drapers, Grocers, and others.
Assorted Stationery.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock precisely, Invoices of assorted stationery, comprising Ten rolls of parchment, 18 x 24
Superfine hand, made B. L. foolacap, 16 lbs. Swan's foolacap copy-books Imperial cartridge paper, 47 lbs. Fine C. L. note, 16 kbs. Rainbow double demy, 24 lbs. I aper bags, &c. &c.

Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 19th September.

To Stationers To Greeers, and others.

CHAITO and HUGHES have received in-structions to rell by suction, at the Treasury Anetica Roceas, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock precisely, 25 bales brown paper, assorted, 25 to 110 lbs Terms at male.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received in-structions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 29th September, at 11 o'clock precisely. 11 o'clock precisely, 200 boxes assorted fancy clay pipes, each 10 gross. Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 19th September.

On account of whom it may concern. Ex Nagasaki, M·Kay, master, from Greenock.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by anction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock, TH over S in diamond—I case, containing I sewing machine, complete A collection of printed books, comprising Milton's works, Christian Treasury Mabel Vaughan, Youths Instructor Gimpsec of Real Life, Sormons Portraits, Photographs, &c.

Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THURSDAY, 19th September.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received in-structions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock, 10 tons soda crystals.

Treasury Auction Rooms. THURSDAY, 19th September. On account of whom it may concern. Ex Nagasaki, M'Ksy, reaster, from Greenock

Ex Nagasaki, M'Ksy, rassier, from Greenock.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, This DAY, 19th September, at 11 o'clock precisely.

On account of whom it may concern, FM and Co. over 8,

111. Second ditto, Mix of the second of the second ditto ditto from the second ditto, ditto ditto from the second ditto ditto from the second ditto from the second ditto from the second ditto ditto from the second ditto fr

THURSDAY, 19th September.

C HATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by suction, at the Treasury
Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 19th September, at 11

E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by o'clock,

On account of whom it may concern,
Ex Nagasaki, M'Kay, master, from Greenock,
diamond JM conjoined over S outside,
156—1 case school maps, much damaged by see
water.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
THIS DAY, Thursday, 19th September.

to Stationers, Grocers, Sospmakers, Druggist Tobacconists, and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES remind the above of their sales, THIS DAV, at 11 o'clock precisely, comprising Invoices of general stationery 4 tons soda such 200 boxes fancy clay pipes 10 tons soda crystale 4 casks vials assorted 25 bales brown paper assorted, And on account of whom it may concern, 10 cases printed books lease school maps I case containing seving machine, And a collection of printed books, &c., &c.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THIS DAY, Thursday, 19th September

C HATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auxion, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, S.D 5514—1 cask containing 22 gross 4 oz. vials 5515—1 ditto ditto 22 ditto 3 oz. ditto 5516—1 ditto ditto 3 ditto 1 oz., 3 ditto 1 oz., ditto. Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice,
Preliminary Notice,
Highly Important to Grecera, Storekeepers, Country
Buyers, Merchants, and others.
3500 Packages.

Soap
Poti's Vinegar, in quarter-casks, &c.
New goods, now landing,
Ex Canass,
Ex Magnasnki,
Ex Neville,

FOTHERINGHAM and MULLEN have been favoured with instructions from the importers to sell, by suction, at their Rooms, 309, Georgestreet, an an early day, 3500 packages of the above.

Further particulars in a future issue.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1861. Cargo of the berque Early Bird, from Puget Sound.

Important to Timber Merchants, Builders, Contractors, Shippers to the neighbouring colonies, and others. Oregon Pine Boards, 1, 11, 1 inch. Ditto ditto, T. and G., 1 inch, 12 Ditto Scantling, 3 x 2, 4 x 2, 4 x 24, 6 x 2, 6 x 24, 4 x 3 Ditto ditto Joists, 6 x 3, 9 x 3, 10 x 3, 11 x 3, 12 x 3 Ditto Square Timber, 6 x 6, 6 x 9, 6 x 9, 6 x 10, 6 x 11, 6 x 12, 11 x 11, 10 x 10, 9 x 9, 8 x 8.

Comprising 296,036 feet of the very best selected Oregon timber, being, without exception, the finest carge over offered for sale in this market, the whole having been picked by a party well acquainted with the requirements of the Sydney trade, from the extensive Saw Mills of the Puget Mill Company, Western Inlet.

On Circular Quay.

E. THRELKELD and CO. have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. A. Tange and Co. to sell by suction, on Circular Quay, THIS AFTERNOOR, at half-past 2.

The entire cargo of the Early Bird, just arrived from Puget Sound, with the following excellent assortment of timber, viz.

TONG UED and GROOVED BOARDS, 50,125 feet 1 inch T. and G. boards 17,005 ditto 1½ inch ditto ditto 17,005 ditto 1½ inch ditto ditto 17,005 ditto 1½ inch boards.

16,876 feet, 3 × 2

11,649 ditto, 4 × 2

11,649 ditto, 4 × 2

14,262 ditto, 6 × 2

5,542 ditto, 6 × 2

18,378 ditte, 4 × 3

17,117 ditto, 6 × 3

17,117 ditto, 6 × 3

11,522 feet, 9 × 3

11,522 feet, 9 × 3

JOISTS.

11.522 feet, 9 x 3
5.029 ditto, 10 x 3
8.189 ditto, 11 x 3
8.917 ditto, 12 x 2

EQUARE TIMBER.

Plate-Glass.
Thames Plate-Glass Company.
For unreserved sale.

R. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by An invoice of plate-glass, from the celebrated works of the Thamss Plate-Glass Company.

Fine Toned Organs.
From the celebrated Organ Builders, J. C. Bates and Son Ludgate Hill, London.
To Churchwardens, Incumbents of Country Parishes, Amateurs, and others.

FRIDAY, 20th September.

E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by acction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, 8 11,

BG in circle, No. 1,

One case—Church barrel organ, No. 5, gothic oak case, gilt jipes, double base open dispason stopt ditto, principal, and fifteenth stops, and all the latest improvements

No. 2, 1 sue—Ditto ditto, No. 3, in mahogany case.

Terms at sale.

Foster's Spades
Ditto Shovels.
Ex Nagasaki, M'Kay, from Liverpool.
Damaged by sea water.

FRIDAY, 20th September. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by audion, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY,

at 11,
Nos. 1 to 125,
115 bundles Foster's spades, 000 to 3
Nos. 116 to 134,
14 bundles ditto abovels, 00 to 4
Allmore or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, 20th September To Oil and Coburmen, Ship Store Dealers, Lamp Dealer Ironmongers, and others. For urreserved Sale, to close an Account.

E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY,

at 11,
70 drums olive oil, each 5 gallons
35 cases French coiza oil; sach 6 tins, each 2 gallons
5 tons Livepool pressed oakum
45 dozen thru-hoop American buckets.
Terms at sale. FRIDAY, 20th September.

An invoice of very superior and well made tinware. Terms at sale. Iron Wire.

HRIDAY, 20th September. To Ironnongers, Wire Workers, and others.

E. THEELKELD and CO. will sell by a suction at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, at 11, 35 bundles galanised irra wire, weighing 312 cwt.

Terms at sale.

Cargo of the Hargraves, from Hobart Town.

Lobart Town Produce.

Important to Timber Merchants, Hay and Corn Dealers,
Produce Agents, Coopers, and others.

Unreserved Sale.

Shingles Palings, 5 and 6 feet Vattle Staves Jattens Jotatoes full-cut Timber.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, 23rd September. on Campbell's Wharf.

E. THRELEGID and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, at 11, 100 donen American 3-hosp buckets.

Terms at sale.

M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by suction, st Towns' Whar', THIS DAY, 19th September, at half-pag 2 o'clock, On account or whom it may concern, Ex Gonapetitor,

Flour, Barley, and Oats. For Sale, by Auction, at Town's Wharf, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at Towns' Wharf, THIS DAY, 19th September, at half-past 20 clock tous colonial flour 5 ditto Adelside disco 300 bags barley 100 ditto oats.

No reserve.

No reserve. Terms at sale. Congou Teas.
The remainder of the Algernou's Cargo, For Positive Unreserved Sale, by auction, On FRIDAY, 20th September.

To close the shipment. M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have re-ceived instructions from Messrs. Thacker, Daniell, and Co., to sell, by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 20th September,

These tess, the remainder of the Algernon's cargo, are already known to the trade; they are some of the heaviest numbers in the cargo, and will positively be sold to the highest bidders, to close the shipment.

Terms at sale.

Extensive Sale of Boots and Shoes. Summer Goods. Bostock's, Hyde's, and Homan's Manufacture.

Postponed HII MONDAY, 23rd September, in consequence of the Goods not being landed.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co. to sell by auction, at their Warshouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 23rd September, at 11 o'clock, 142 trunks new summer boots and shoes, as above.

Auction Sale, FRIDAY, 20th September.

To Grocers, Shippers, Provision Dealers, and others.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pist and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 20th September, at 11 o'clock,
Several new invoices of oilmen's stores, groceries, provisions, &c., comprising
80 cases Cross and Blackwell's bottled fruits
30 ditto ditto black currants
13 ditto ditto black currants
13 ditto ditto 1b, jame and jellies
10 ditto ditto 21b, ditto
20 ditto ditto 21b, ditto
20 ditto ditto 21b, ditto
10 ditto ditto ealshoot jelly
10 ditto ditto salad oil, in decasters
5 ditto French pruses
6 ditto Batty's jekiled red cabbage
10 ditto ditto ditto onions
10 ditto pickles
12 ditto salad oil, in decasters
5 ditto Spanish olives
10 bales Kant hops
30 bags walnuts
10 cases red herrings, in tina
12 ditto orime hams
5 ditto ditto bacon
300 boxes sperm candies
10 casks S.S. almonds
20 barvals oatmeal
30 ditto pixt peas
5 ditto carravay seeds

10 casks S.S. almonds
20 barcal actimeal
30 ditto spiti peas
5 ditto carraway seeds
10 bales cloves
30 bags black pepper
30 cases Colman's 1-oz. thumb blue
30 ditto ditto light ball blue
25 ditto ditto sight ball blue
25 ditto ditto No. 1 mustard
12 ditto ditto No. 1 mustard
20 ditto ditto mustard, in tins, &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

Earls Brand Tobacco.

M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FBIDAY, 20th September, at 12 o'clock,

4 tierces Eagle brand tobacco.

Terms at sale.

Manila Sugars.

The Balance of the Cargo of the Anna Digna.

About 30 tons.

Auction Sale, FRIDAY, 20th September. M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from Messrs. Brown and Co. to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 20th September, at 11 celock.

to tone superior ration and counter sugars, being the balance of the cargo of the Anna Digna, for positive sale, to close the shipment.

Terms at sale. Preliminary Notice.
To Drapers, Storekeepers, Shippers, and others Drapery Sale, TUESDAY, 24th instant.

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers, Messre.

Saunders and Co., to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on TUESDAY next, the 24th September, at 11 o'clock, without any reserve.

The balance of their shipments of drapery (94 packages), ex Canaon and Wave of Life.

Terms at sale.

Important to the Public generally. Unreserved Sale by Auction. At the Wine House, Veteran Hall, Prospect. The whole of the late William Lawson, Esq.'s, celebrated Steek of Wines. The Preduce of his Veteran Hall Vineyard.

TUESDAY, 24th September

TUESDAY, 24th September.

M ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the wine house, Veteran Hall, Prospect, on TUESDAY, 24th September, at 12 o'clock,

The wines described below, the whole being the produce of the being the produce of the integral of the late William Lawsen, Esq., of Veteran Hall, Prospect.

1—Cask madeira, vintage 1852, 218 gallons

2—Ditto burgundy, ditto 1858, 212 ditto

3—Ditto burgundy, ditto 1858, 212 ditto

4—Ditto ditto, ditto 1858, 212 ditto

5—Ditto ditto, ditto 1858, 212 ditto

5—Ditto ditto, ditto 1859, 212 ditto

6—Ditto ditto, ditto 1850, 210 ditto

7—Ditto ditto, ditto 1850, 118 ditto

10—Ditto pundy, ditto 1861, 118 ditto

11—Ditto burgundy, ditto 1861, 118 ditto

12—Ditto madeira, ditto 1860, 26 ditto

13—Ditto madeira, ditto 1860, 27 ditto

14—Ditto pundy, ditto 1860, 237 ditto

15—Ditto ditto, ditto 1863, 212 ditto

19—Ditto ditto, ditto 1853, 213 ditto

20—Ditto ditto, ditto 1852, 151 ditto

21—Ditto ditto, ditto 1857, 221 ditto

22—Ditto ditto, ditto 1857, 221 ditto

23—Ditto ditto, ditto 1849, 226 ditto

24—Ditto ditto, ditto 1849, 226 ditto

25—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

26—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

27—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

28—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

29—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

20—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

21—Ditto ditto, ditto 1854, 221 ditto

22—Ditto ditto, ditto 1850, 221 ditto

23—Ditto

Million Avilla S. A. M. M. A. Marble Mantelpiscoe.
Large variety, and new designs.
A fresh importation.
Now on view.
To Masons, Builders, and Contractors.

DAYTEN and DAY are instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, Phit-street, on PRIDAY, 20th instant, at 11 o'clock, without reserve, An invoice of marble mantelpieces, containing, with others,

An average of the status of th Weekly Produce Sale, FRIDAY, 20th September.

Wool, Sheepskins, Tallow, Hides, Horns, Bones, &c. M ESSRS. DURHAM and IRWIN will sell by suction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Bales wool Sheepakins Casks tallow Hides Horns, shankbones, &c.

Terms, onah.

Clearing-out Sale of Messrs. Weight and Johnson, Pitt-street, in consequence of their expiration of lease, dis-solution of partnership, and retirement from business.

THIS DAY, 19th, At half-past 10 o'clock. FSSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have re-ceived instructions from Measrs, Weight and Johnson, who are reitring from business to dispose of

their Stock of drapery, clothing, &c , on the premises, Pitt-street, on the above day. The stock is in good condition, and will be sold in lots to suit the demand of the trade. Also, on THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock, Counters, shelves, gass fittings, clock, chairs, desk, &c., To be removed the day after sale. Torns, liberal.

Hate and Caps
Felt Decratalkers
Fronch Boating
Panama Decratalkers.
To Hatters, Outfitters, and the Trade.

On FRIDAY, 20th, at 11 o'clock. M ESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 20th, 5 cases of the above goods, in the new shapes.

Terms liberal.

Spring Drapery, Manchester Goods, Summer Stops, &c.

On FRIDAY, 20th, at 11 o'clock, M ESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by saction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above days.

A shipment of spring drapery, Manchester goeds, elege, &c., &c.

And a 12 o'clock sharp,
Light fancy tweeds
Ditto ditto does
Black broads, &c.

Terms liberal.

Rice Straw Bonneta Crineline ditto Chip ditto Tape ditto,

On FRIDAY, 20th, at 12 o'clock. M ESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Fitt-street, on the above day, 5 cases of the above goods.

Terms, liberal.

Fat Cattle, Fat Cattle. THOMAS DAWSON is instructed by
Geoffrey Eagar, E.c., to sell by auction, at the
Homebush Sale Yards, THIS DAY, 19th instant, at
half-past 10 o'clock,
200 head fat cattle, from the Mesers. Bucknell's station.
Terms, cash.

Clearing-sut Sale of Cows, Springers, Horses, &c.
On the Frenises, Front's Farm, Canterbury Road, just
over the Bridge.

TUESDAY, 24th instant, at 11 o'clock. THOMAS DAWSON is instructed by Mr. Stewart to sell by auction, as above, About 60 head cows, springers, calves, &c. 1 superior bull Several head of horse stock Pigs, poultry, &c.

Pigs, poultry, &c.

Also,
A quantity of furniture, consisting of chairs, tables, sofas,
washstands, bedsteads, &c.
Terms, cash.

Weekly Produce Sale, Railway Terminus.

Milch Cow, Fat Calves, Figs, Poultry, Eggs, Bacon,
Butter in roll and keg, &c.

THOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction, at the Railway Terminus, on FRIDAY, 20th instant, at 10 o'clock,

Consignments of the above stock and country produce in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms, cash. Superior Milch Cow and Calf.

THOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction, at the Railway Terminus, on FRIDAY, 20th instant, at 10 o'clock, One choice milch cow, just calved.

all TT and SULLIVAN have received instructions from John Hoskinson, Eq., to sell by suction, THIS DAY, the 19th instant, atMr. John Fullsgar's, at 12 o'clock, 100 head of prime fat cattle, in lots. ITT and SULLIVAN have received instructions from Mr. Laycock to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 19th instant, at Mr. John Pullagar's, at 12 o'clock, 200 head of really prime fat cattle, in lots.

200 head of really prime fat cattle, in lots.

11TT and SULLIVAN have received instructions from E. B. Cornish, Esq., to sell by anction, T H I S D A Y, the 19th instant, at Mr. John Fullsgar's, at 12 o'clock, 180 head of prime fat cattle, from his noted station, Yangimbell, Macquaric River, in lots.

PITT and SULLIVAN have received instructions from Rdward King Cox, Req., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 23rd instant, at Mr. John Fullagar's, at 12 o'clock, 118 head of real prime bullocks, in lots, fresh from his celebrated herd on the Namoi River.

R. JOHN SHEA has received instrucfrom Mr. J. Turner, who is leaving for
New Zealand, to sell by public auction, at his residence,
Campbelliown, on SATURDAY, 21st day of September.
The whole of his valuable household furniture, kitchen
utensils. Also, fifteen head of first-class cows and
helfers, of the Glenice breed; one winnowing
machine, and a variety of other articles.
Torina, cash, and no reserve.
Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Most Important and Unreserved Auction Sale at Razor-back, on TUESDAY, 24th September.

R. JOHN SHEA has received instructions from Mr. Hobbs, of Camden, to offer for unreserved sale, at Ranorback, on the above date, the following property, viz.—

200 head of cows, heifers, fat bullocks, and steers. They are a choice lot, principally milcher's calves; 20 head of draught and saddle horses, I reaging machine, 1 thrashing machine, 1 winnowing machine, 3 drays, 3 carts, ploughes, harrows, rollers, and other farming implements; also, a number of pigs, ducks, poultry, and a variety of other articles too numerous to particularise.

ticularise.

Terms at sale.
Sale at 11 o'clock sharp.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 18th September.
NIXON V. LILAY.
ON FRIDAY next, the 20th instant, at noon, at the defendant's Coach Pacter, 266, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, unless this writ be previously satisfied, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold by public suction.

Entries were passed at the Customs to-day on 28 ounces of gold, per Revenue, for Hong-

Monday, at two o'clock. The mail will be made up at the usual hour, 9 a.m., and probably a supplementary mail will be made up.

Messrs. L. E. Threlkeld and Co. held to day

Messrs. L. E. Threlkeld and Co. held to-day an extensive sale of groceries, oilmen's stores, sugars, &c. There was a good attendance of buyers, and several shipments of damaged goods were disposed of at the same time, at full market rates. The same firm will sell to-morrow (this day) the cargo of Oregon timber, ex Early Bird, from Puget Sound.

In the Assembly, this afternoon, the Treasurer introduced a bill to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Customs of New South Wales. The present Act was pused before

Wales. The present Act was passed before responsible government, and while the Customs were under the control of the Loard of Customs in London. The new bill is to adapt Customs in London. The new bill is to adapt the system to the present form of government, and to assign certain duties to the Governor, Executive Council, Treasurer, and Collector. There appears to be, under the present law, a doubtful power with respect to substituting fines for seizures, and it is proposed now in such cases to inflict such fine, according to the circumstances of the case. It also provides for a Court of Appeal against the decision of the collector, and two parties are to be appointed collector, and two parties are to be appointed by the Government to take sworn evidence and report thereon to the Government for their de-cision. Import bonds are to be abolished, and the responsibility is to be placed on the occupier of the bonded warehouse. An improved system of regulation the whole department is also introduced in the bill, and also improved regulations with regard to importations and warehousing of goods, and for the prevention of smuggling. Legal proceedings are also to be made conformable to the English practice, and power is given to the Government and Executive Council to make arrangements with Victoria and South Australia in reference to the Murray River Trade.
Mr. J. G. Cohen will hold a large sale of

congou and green teas, at the Bank Auction Rooms, this day, at 11 o'clock.

CHARLES THE SECOND.

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sin,—The Homurable Charles Cowper, Esq., M.P., is, in the phrase of the fast circles, "going the rig." The public at large has seen a good deal in the shape of purchasing members. That sort of thing dates from the time when Mr. Robert Owen was under rather curious circumstances made a District Judge, and comes down to the present day, when a gentleman, in one or two senses of somewhat equivocal character for judicial office, has been clevated to a similar post.

made a District Judge, and comes down to the present day, when a gentleman, in one or two senses of somewhat equivocal character for judicial office, has been elevated to a similar post.

This was all tolerably cool. A young man (Mr Wisdom) (these a non lucendo—without any reflection on the member for Canterbury)—who found the royal road to gaining a living was in the people's Assembly rather than in the neighbourhood of a printer's inkstand, is made Chairman of Committees—placed, in fact, in an office of judicial character, where he has to deal presidentially with the business of Parliament in detail. Mr. Wisdom was, and could not have been other than, utterly ignorant of Parliamentary practice. But his qualification, supreme in its nature of course, was, he was a partisan of kr. Cowper's, and, perhaps, that he had held a petty appointment in the country through the grace of Mr. Robertson. Mr. Parkes, quiet enough, but ominous and obviously "bent on mischief," has been handsomely treated—shipped off to England in the humorous company of little Mr. Dalley, for no conceivably practical purpose except that which the latter gentleman, on departing, facctiously termed "a spree." But, Sir, there is a Friesdand provers, gretts across belove toyold brocken, semetimes pleasantly Englished "Dutchmen require big breeches. This was all good in its way, but not good enough for Mr. Cowper. It was all very well on constitutional grounds helping other people. But with the exception of that paltry sum in success of the provisions of Sir Richard Bourke's Church Act, which went in clerical slik stockings and small-clothes for his very reverend brother the Dean, and the few thousands he had himself received—what had he done for his family? Now, if there is one thing more substantially matter of English history than anything else—or of French history, or any other history, Sir, you please, of the governed. Besides, the great Chancellor D'Agueseaca has said of a man in the public service (i don't know whether Mr. Cowper ever heard

nis bosom?

Mr. Charles Cowper, "Junior," sat in the last session of the Legislative Assembly for the electorate of Tunut. Nobody in that benoarable House saw anything remarkable about the youth,—no doubt such little impertinence as young men, who don't clearly know in what place they are, will be guilty of, anywhere. However, unquestionably, he was the son of a great man, and one indissolubly connected with Australian history, like the "First Charles" But Napoleon had a Due de Reichstadt; and Sir Riebert Feel had a son who opened the eyes of Moscow with his pranks, and is now, we hear, going to regulate the Tipperary boys. But as to parts fitting him for public employment,—if it were necessary that everybody should be a genius, like the elder Mr. Cowper, to make him fit for an appointment, or give him a fair start in life, what would become, Sir, of all of us mediocrities,—or, indeed, of mankind in general? A few days since and before the opening of the present assion of Parlament, Mr. Charles Cowper, "junior," was appointed Clerk of the Executive Council of New South Wales.

Now. Sir, waiving any question of policy or politics, who

days since and before the opening of the present session of Parlament, Mr. Charles Cowper, "junior", was appointed Clerk of the Executive Council of New South Wales.

Now, Sir, swiving any question of policy or politics, who is Mr. Charles Cowper, "junior": "Why, of course, anybody may answer, he is the son of the Monourable Charles Cowper, Colonial Socretary of New South Wales. Has the honourable gentleman, the Premier, a right to give his son, utterly unfitted, tending sheep and impounding, with Algerine severity, people's cattle, at some place near Goulburn, on "pape's" behalf, for some years back, a situation of such importance that, if I recollect aright the Hon. Edward Deas Thomson commenced his public career with it as his post. Perhaps, Sir, he may. Has he, kowever, the right of putting his hair-at-law, altogether "unlicked," over the heads of deserving servants at the public, who have been from ten to swenty years in Government employment—men with large families, who have many and many a day consided wretched and tearful wives with the assurance that "Government would promote," and (alas!) all would be rught. The little fest would be stockinged; the little months would turn from the plate to meet maternal eyes—longing, yearning gres—full of childish laughter. If there he any one principle, outside the none-markernal eyes—longing, yearning gres—full of childish laughter. If there he any one principle, outside the necessities of actual political phases, it is promotion for the long-serving and the descriping. Grand in practice, it won Benayoutele battles; it made him the military power of his day; it has made England's navy rule the sear. It makes hepe share like a lamp for the worthy. It secures service honorst, skilled, ourageous devoted, untiring. It gives the bumblest cervant of the public a profission, because in that word "profession" lies one specific meaning—the capacity for self-elevation. In the old monarchits att. arrivoracies of Europe, for obvious reasons, this has been clacked—the play of e

My mother, Sir, was an Italian—daughter of a Carlsmann My father was a worthy man; but he had a taste for cruising on the Adristic, and a strong disposition in his joccae way for taking other people's martitum property, which the Austrian Government did not approve of. They "extradicted" him; and, somehow, the British authorities at Gibraltar, displeased at something—I don't know what —under special circumstances, forwarded him here to the "Principal Superintendent." My mother followed; and as in our house the hon was "the better bird." I was christened the gueer and lengthy name which, Sir, with every respect, I sign myself.

IL POPOLO E FATTO BRUNO. The Devil's Back, Cumberland County,

FIELD OF MARS COMMON.

FIRLD OF MARS COMMON.

To the Editor of the Heraid.

Sin,—Both your readers and your respectable "Self" must be getting asally tired of this everlasting "Field of Marq question" Still, as our battle is to be fought within a few days, I am any time the "Bunkum motions" in "the House," nion such that neither "Bunkum motions" in "the House," nion such that the "Bunkum motions" in "the House," nion such that the Press, be allowed to pass unmoticed, as it might tend to blind some people on the subject.

Now, in to-day's Heraid, one "E. M." puts forward as a fact that fifty guillemen living between Brush Farm and Gladesville, owing to their urgent business in town and the want of accommodation they find on board the steamers, wish to surrender this delightful common in exchange for a bridge—and again comes the old song about "the poor man." What bunkum! The ease is to be exactly reversed. The gentlemen sforesaid have been, are, and will be, the best supporters of steamers, which they not only patronise, but advocate, as being the best boats in Port Jackson, belonging, as every one knows, to most accommodating, gentlemanly owners, and commanded by, certainly, the most civil and obliging of captains. But it does not drive to business occasionally, when the means of so doing offer.

Those who suffer for the want of a direct and easy routs.

the most evu and conging or capsular but in the most evu and conging or capsular but the gentry on the north side of the river will not drive to business occasionally, when the means of so doing offer.

Those who suffer for the want of a direct and easy route to Sydney are the holders of small farms, gardens, orchards, &c.—people who have produce to bring to market. In fact, that class of worthy inhabitants of the district so-called "the poor man," although I question if it is not after all the "best off" of the two. The poor man, however, is the one who will benefit by the "roads and bridges;" aye, and by the sale of the common, too. And to show "K. M." that the "owners of the common, too. And to show "K. M." that the "owners of the common (as he terms them) have more influence than he seems to be aware of, I will show him, when the time comes, a petition signed by a goodly number of those he presends to be the champion of—a petition which will have, I dare say, influence emough to gain the day; to rid us of the common (that alone a most inestimable boon), to give us easy accessa to the city, to bring to our neighbourhood some of the visitors of the "Domain" and the Lovers' Walk, but above all by creating a large increase in the population of the river. It will increase the traffic of the steamers, and, I trust, benefit "E. M." and Co., but E. M., your correspondent, who has only made use of these initials to lead your readers astray, and make them believe that he belonged to that firm—as usual, false pretences—bunkum, nothing class—all to no purpose. Your correspondent reminds me of the ostrich—he hides his head, and thinks to be out of sight; but we can always detect him, let him disguise himself as he will.

I remain, Sir, yours,
MARS, "THE COMMONER."

Parvamenta River, September 18.

Parramatta River in tow of the ship parramation of capture ship pa

VALENTINE DAVIS, trustee, George-street, Waterioz Estate.

M. R. SMART, Conveyancer of the Supreme Court, is instructed to lend MONEY, 550 to £2000, on deeds or mortgage, at 8 per cent.; small sums 10 per cent. Conveyances prepared from £3 3s.; mortgages from £4 4s., and upwards, according to trouble.

All business completed within a few hours after approval. Commercial Chambers, New Pitt-street, opposite the Exchange, Sydney.

M. ONEY, MONEY, MONEY may be had to any smount from 1s. to £1000, at JOSEPH'S Central Loan Office, King-street, three doors west of George-street, next to the gummaker's. Cash advanced on deeds, plate, furniture, wearing appared, and property of every description. N.B.—Trunke, &c., stored.

MONEY TO LEND.—£20,000.—The Liverpool and London Insurance Company are prepared to LEND MONEY (in sums of not less than £500) up n approved freehold security. City properry preferred. A. STANGER LEATHES, resident secretary, Wynyard.

are. June 14 MONEY.—TO LEND ON MORTGAGE of City and Suburban Freebold Property. For terms apply to ROBERT THOMSON, secretary, Australian Mutual Provident Society, Hunter-street, Sydney Angust 9.

August 9.

NONEY.—To Gentlemen holding Government or other permanent appointments, officers in the United Service, the advertiser, who is acting for executors, will advance immediately, on personal security, for short periods, sums varying from £25 to £150. The advantages offired are prompt replies to applications, low rate of interest, and the strictest confidence in all cases. Apply in the first instance by letter to A. O., Box No. 247, Post Office, Sydney.

Post Office, Sydney.

None Y.—Mr. LEVEY, Bank-buildings, George and Jamison streets, Sydney, has various sums of MONEY, from £19 to £200, to advance upon the personal security of Government employees, military and naval officers, or others whose position and moans can be guaranteed. The ebject is to negociate loans for gentlemen requiring temporary monetary sid, for periods not exceeding \$10.6 months, and to carry out such transactions in the strictest confidence, little delay, and at moderate rates, commensurate with the requirements. Apply, by letter in the first instance, to the above address only.

MICHAEL GUILFOYLE, Nurseryman, Florist, and Seedsman, Ornamental and Landscape Gardener, Exotic Nursery, Double Bay, begs to remind parties desirous of procuring large or small quantities of PLANTS that he has the most extensive collection of all sorts of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, and also of Flowering Plants, of every description, which was ever offered to the public to select from since gardening was known in the colony. An inspection of the Nursery is especially invited.

23 Prices strictly moderate, with the usual allowance to the trade. N.B. Flower and Vegetable Seeds of every description. *, N.B. Flower and Vegetable Seeds of Every description. *, N.B. Flower and Vegetable Seeds of Every description. *, N.B. Flower a

TUMUT (at the Police Office), on SATURDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Buccleuch. Parish of Wyangie: 45 lots (37 to 131 acres) on and near Killimicat and Brungle Creeks, adjacent and near Wyangie village reserve, about 8 miles north-easterly from Tumut, portions 1 to 24, 25 to 29, 31 to 47. (Upset price, £1 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GARRITE, No. 190.

section 38, 1 to 10 of section 40. (Upset price, £8 per acre.)

See Government Gaerter, No. 195.

HARTLEY (at the Police Office), on SATURDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER.—Courrey Lots. County of Georgiana. Parish unnumed: 30] acres about half-a-mile easierly from J. Meloney's 30 acres at the Brothers, portion 1-xv; 49] acres on the road from Goulburn to Bathurst, at Hutten's Range, about 1] mile south-westerly from J. Moloney's 30 acres, portion 1-xv; 3 lots (30) to 37 acres) on and near the road from Bathurst to Goulburn, at the Little River, adjacent to the south beundary of P. Mahoney's 640 acres (Porter's Retreat), portions 1-viv to 1-vi; 2 lots (30 to 31 acres) between the head of the Little River and P. Mahoney's 640 acres (Porter's Retreat), portions 1-viv to 1-vi; 3 lots (23 acres 16 perches to 334 perches) near the Little River and price 10 acres and 10 acres (Porter's Retreat), portions 1-viv to 1-vi; 3 lots (23 acres 16 perches to 334 perches) near the Little River, adoining and near the south-west corner of M. Murray's 40 acres at the Wren's Nest, portions 1-vi to 1-vi; 2 lots (32 and 50 acres) about 1) mile south-riy from C. D. Clement's 20 acres, on Isabella River, portions 1-vi 1-vi; 20 acres at the Wren's Nest, portions 1-vi (1-vi); 20 acres at the load of Duckmaloi Creek, about 21 miles north-ceaterly from P. Mahoney's 30 acres (Shooter's Hill, portions 1-viii and 1-viv. Parish of Gambenan; 234 acres near Long Swamp Creek, adjoining the east boundary of B. M'Cauley's 20 acres 1 rood 21 perches. (Upset price, £1 per acre.)—Suntanan Lors. County of Cook. Parish of Hartley, 20 lots (29 perches to 3 roods 27 perches) in the town of Hartley, allotment 15 of section 14, 1 to 5 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (1 to 5 and 8 to 10 of section 30. (20 acres 10 acres

MOLONG (at the Police Office), on TUESDAY, 24th SEPTEMBER.—COUNTRY LOYS. County of Ashburnham. Parish unnamed: 7 lots (42 to 98 serse) on and near the left bank of Boree Creek, opposite Lagoon Sheep Station, about 11 miles south-westerly from Molong, portions 1 to v11. (Upset price, £1 per serce.)—Town Loys. County of Ashburnham. Parish of West Molong. 24 lots (2 roods to 1 acre 23 perches) in the town of West Molong, allotments 7 to 10 of section 12, 3 to 12 of section 23, 18 of section 24, 6 and 9 of section 59, 2 of section 60, 1 and 4 of section 61. County of Welington. Parish of East Molong. 12 lots (1 rood 24 perches and 2 roods) in the town of East Molong, allotments 12 to 14 of section 2, 1 to 4 of section 5, 3 of section 6, 12 to 14 of section 14 (Upset price, £8 per acre) See GOVERNMENT GALETTE, No. 196.

ments 12 to 14 of section 2, 1 to 4 of section 5, 3 of section 6, 12 to 14 of section 14 (Upset price, 28 per acre) Sco GOVERNENENT GALETTE, No. 195.

YASS (at the Police Office), on WEDNESDAY, 26th September.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Murrey. Parish unnamed: 200 acres near the head of Warroo Creek, about 6 miles south-westerly from Yass, adjoining the weat boundary of H. O'Brien's 640 acres. County of King. Parish unnamed: 31 acres on Wattle Creek, about 1 mile south-westerly from Yass, adjoining the weat boundary of H. O'Brien's 640 acres. County of King. Parish unnamed: 31 acres on Wattle Creek, about 1 mile south-refy from bot 3, portion 9-vii; 35 acres at the Clear Hills, adjoining the south boundary of let 6, and about 1 mile southerly from M. Costele's 30 acres, portion 9-vii; 29) acres on Grabben Gullen Creek, at Bush's Flat, opposite M. Tully's 863 acres, and immediately lelow to 4, portions 9-xxii and 9-xxiii; 30 acres adjoining the south boundaries of Moore's 22 acres and Thorne's 1415 acres, at the confluence of Blakney Creek and the Lachlan Ever; 32 acres on Blakney Creek, and Thorne's 1415 acres, at the confluence of Blakney Creek and the Lachlan Ever; 32 acres on Blakney Creek, near its confluence with the Lachlan River, adjoining the west boundary of M. Moore's 32 acres on Blakney Creek, adjoining the confluence of P. Moore's 30 acres; 160 acres at the Basin, Jernara Creek, adjoent to the south boundary of J. Junison's 640 acres (Jernars), portion 0-11; 32 acres on Jernara Creek, adjoent to the south boundary of J. Junison's Creek, adjoent to the south boundary of J. Junison's Creek, adjoent to the south boundary of J. Junison's Creek, adjoent to the south boundary of J. Junison's Creek, adjoent to Byrnes', Johins', and Thorne's Creek, adjoining the vest boundary of D. Milnace's Stacres, portion 1-1: 10-1: 2; lots 68 and 42 acres) at Wesver Alley, Blakney Creek, adjoining the south boundary of the protion 1-xviii; 30 acres on Blakney Creek, adjoining the north-boundary of the south boundary of the

GAZETTE, No. 195.

WEE WAA (at the Police Office), on MONDAY, 30th SEPTEMBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of White. Parish of Wee Was: 10 lots (5 to 80 acres) on and near the left bank of the Namoi River, at and above the confluence of Wee Was Creek, portions 46 to 35; 8 lots (4 acres) 1 rood 26 perches to 24 acres) on and near the right bank of Wee Was Creek, at and above its confluence with the Namoi River, portions 56 to 63. (Upset price, £ per acre.)—September 10 lots (8 acres 3 roods 35 perches as 20 acres) in the western environs of Wee Was, portions 55 to 45; 4 lots (15 acres to 20 acres 3 roods 35 perches as 20 acres) in the western environs of Wee Was, portions 85 to 45; 4 lots (15 acres to 20 acres 3 roods 35 perches) in inhe eastern environs of Wee Was, portions 18 to 21. (Upst price, £1 5s. per acre.)—Seudana Lots. County of White Parish of Wee Was, 28 lots (2 acres 39 perchosto 6 acres 2 roods) at Wee Was, portions 6, 17, and 22 to 17. (Upst price, £3 and £4 per acre.)—Town Lots. County of White. Parish of Wee Was all lots (1 rod 5 perches each) in the town of Wee Was allotments 15 to 19 of section 3, 12 to 16 of section 5. (Upset price, £5 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 195.

BATHURST (at the Land Agent's Office) on TUES-DAY, 1st OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Eaburst. Parishes of Grantham and Cole: 3 lots (38) to 46) acres, adjoining and near the west boundaries of J. Dalhunty's 2560 acres, and C. B. Clay's 250 acres, and the north boundary of T. Evernden's 2560 acres, about 12 miles south-weaterly from Eathurst, portions vit to xiv and v to xxvii; 2 lots (40 and 40) acres) between a quarter and three quarters of a mile northerly from 12, portions xxviii and xxii; 10 lots (40 to 42 acres) adjacent to the west boundaries of lots 23 to 32, portions xxi to xxxix. (Upset price, 21 per acre.) See Government Gazette, No. 197.

MURRURUDII (at the Police Office), onTURSDAY LA COTOBER.—COUNTRY LOT. County of Brisbane. Parish unnamed: 41 acres on Whelan's Cuek, opposite D. Murphy's 30 acres, about 8 miles easterly from Murrurundi, pertion 1-vt. (Upset price, 21 per acre.)—Sumurnax Lovs. County of Buckland. Parish of Quindi: 6 lots (4 acres 1 rood 12 perchee to 7 acres 2 roods 5 perchee) at Quirindi, allotments 1 and 2 of section 21, 1 ts 4 of section 22, 1 to 6 of section 42. Parish of Wallisadah: 6 lots (14 to 23 acres) at Wallabadah, allotments 1 to 6 of section 42. (Upset price, 22 los, 23, and 24 per ser.)—Town Lovs. County of Buckland. Parish of Willabadah: 20 lets (1 rood 30 perches to 2 roods) in the village of Wallabadah, allotments 1 to 20 of section 17. County of Brisbane. Parish of Murrurundi: 18 lots (2 toods each) in the village of Murrurundi, allotments 2 to 10 of section 14. (Upset price, 25 per acre.) Sec GOVERNEMIN GAPETTE, No. 197.

GOVERNMENT GATETTE, No. 197.

GRAFTON (at the Police Office), on WIDNESDAY, 2nd OCI OBER.—COUNTER LOTS.—County of Clarence. Parish of Woodford: 27 lots (26% to 99% acres) on Woodford Island, between Duck Creek and the south arm of the Clarence River, lying northerly from Smal's 250 acres, portions XXII to XIVII. Parish of Clarence: 2 lots (8% and 11% acres) on Alipou Creek, adjoining theeast boundary of H. Livingtone's 4% acres, portions 48 and 40. (Upset price, £1 per acre.)—Town Lorts. Count of Clarence. Parish of Lawrence: 16 lots (1 rood 24 percies to 28 roods 20 perches) in the town of Lawrence, allottant 2 of section 8, 1 of section 10, 10 of section 16, 9 of settion 17, 3 of section 76, 1 to 4 of settion 74, 2 and 4 of section 75. (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GARETTE, No. 197.

GUNNEDAH (at the Police Office), of WEDNES-DAY, 2nd October.—Town-Lots. County of Pottinger. Parish of Gunnedah: 56 lots (1 rood 30 perces to 2 roods) in the town of Gunnedah, allotanents 1 to 20 of section 30, 1 to 16 of section 31, 1 to 20 of section 32. Figure price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, NG 197.

SYDNEY (at the Land Sale Rooma, Colonial Transcury), en WEDNESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER.—SUBURRAN LOT. County of Cumberland, Parish of Willoughby: 3 roads 24 perches near Bell's Head Bay, adjoining the south boundary of F. Bellamy's 3 roads 24 perches, portion 3. Upset price, £10 per scre.)—Town Lorn. County of Cumberland. Parish of St. Philip: 12 lots (4) and 5) perches) in the city of Sydney, baying frontage to Clarence-street of 20 feet and 23 feet 3 inches, between Erskins and Margaret streets, alletments 16 to 24 and 29 to 31 of section 2. (Upset price, £10 per foot.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 206.

No. 205.

TAMWORTH (at the Police Office), on FRIDAY, 4th OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Inglis. Parish of Weolomol: 8 lots 68 to 114 acres) within the Weolomol Reserve, on the right bank of the Peel River, between Jenkins' 162 acres and Coulton's portions of 64 acres, about 4 miles below Tamworth, portions 23 to 30. Parish of Tamworth: 11 lots (28) to 56 acres) within the Tamworth Reserve, on the right bank of the Peel River, below W. Flemings' 212 acres and above G. Jonkins' 612 acres, portions 64 to 74. (Upset price, £1 per acres.)—Town Lovs.—County of Pottinger. Parish of Breeza 14 lots (2 roads each) in the town of Breeza, allotments 1 to 10 of section 4; 1, 2, 9, and 10, of section 7. County of Inglis. Parish of Tamworth: 19-lot (1 road 30 perches to 1 acre 31 perches) in the town of Tamworth, allotment 4 of section 28, 6 to 8 and 10 of section 36, 5 to 8 and 11 to 20 of section 31. (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GARRITTE, No. 197.

TAMWORTH (at the Police Office), on MONDAY, 7th OCTOBER.—Sunuman Lors. County of Darling. Parish of Barraba. 20 lots (1 acre 8 perches to 20 acres 3 roods) at the town of Barraba, allotments 3 and 4 of section 19, 1 to 3 of section 26, 1 to 6 of section 27, 1 to 4 of section 29, 1 to 4 and 7 of section 30. (Upset price, £2, £2 los., £3, and £4 per acre.)—Town Lors. County of Darling. Parish of Barraba. 20 lots (1 rood 30 perches to 2 roods) in the town of Barraba, allotments 5 to 10 of section 17; 2, 3, 5 to 8, and 13 to 20, of section 18. (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 206.

in the town of Barraba, allotments 5 to 10 of section 17: 2, 3, 5 to 8, and 13 to 20, of section 18: (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GUVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 206.

ST. ALBAN'S (at the Police Office), on TUESDAY, 8th OCTOBER.—COUNTY LOYS. County of Hunter. Parish unnamed 2 lots (21 and 21) acres) on the Mullen Malong branch of the Macdonald River, adjoining and near U. Canlon's 30 acres and J. Honery's 19 acres 1 rood, pertiens 1 and 11; 2 lots (21) acres and 23 acres 11 perches) near the Mullen Malong branch of Macdonald River, lying northerly from J. Merrick's 30 acres, portions 111 and 13; 2] lots (20 acres and 23 perches) near Macdonald River, lying northerly from J. Upton's 30 acres, portions 1 and 11; 29] lacres near Macdonald River, about three-quarters of a mile south-easterly from J. Upton's 30 acres, portions 1 and 11; 29] acres near Macdonald River, about 1 mile south-westerly from 10 (7), portion 10; 2 lots (20 acres 1 rood 2 perches) and 33 acres) on and near Btony Creek, Macdonald River, lying westerly and north-westerly from 10 (7), portion 10; 2 lots (20 acres 1 rood 2 perches and 33 acres) on and near Btony Creek, Macdonald River, lying westerly and north-westerly from 10 (7), portion 11; 23 acres on the road from Jerry's Plains to Sydney, about 1 mile north-westerly from C. Taggart's 30 acres on Wareng Creek, portion 11; 32 acres on the road from Richmond to the Hunter, adjacent to J. Taggart's 30 acres on Wareng Creek, portion 11; 10 acres 1 and 12 acres on the Bulga Road, about 3 quarter-mile westerly from 10 14, portion 1, 23 acres about a quarter-mile south-westerly from 1; 231 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 1; 321 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15; 41 acres on the Bulga Road, about a quarter from 15;

GLEN INNES (at the Police Office), on WEDNES-DAY, 9th OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Gough. Parish of Stonehenge: 31 lots (23 to 97 acres) within the Stonehenge Reserve, on sen near Rootbank and Stambange Crocks, at and above their confinence with the Beardy Waters, portions XXVI to LXXVI. (Upset price, £1 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAERTE, No. 206.

BRAIDWOOD (at the Police Office), on THURSDAY, 10th OCTOBER.—Town Lors. County of St. Vincent. Parish of Kiringt-m: 52 lots (1 rood 3) perches to 3 roods 13 perches in the town of Elrington, Major's Creek, about 9 miles south-westerly from Braidwood, allotments 1 to 6 of section 7; 1, 3, 4 to 9, and 12 to 14 of section 11; 5, 6, and 8 to 11 of section 12, 8 and 9 of section 13, 5 of section 14, 4, and 8 to 10 of section 16, 9 of section 18, 3 and 4 of section 20; 1, 2, and 9 of section 21, 1 and 10 of section 22; 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 10 of section 23, 1 to 8 of section 24. (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 206.

GLEN INNES (at the Police Office), on THURS-DAY, 10th OCTOBER.—SPECIAL COUNTRY LOTS. Country of Gough. Parish of Stenehenge: 13 lots (11 to 22 acres) within the Stonehenge Reserve, on and near the left bank of the Beardy Waters, lying southerly and south-westerly from Proctor's 27½ acres, portions LXXVII to LXXXIX. (Upset price, £1 and £2 10s, per sere.)—Town Lots. Country of Gough. Parish of Stonehenge: 47 lots (1 rood 37 perches 2 roods) in the town of Stonehenge, allotments 1 to 5, 9, 10, 13, 14, and 18 to 20 of section 17, 3 to 9 and 14 to 21 of section 22, 1 to 20 of section 31. (Upset price, £28 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTS, No. 206.

No. 206.

WINDSOR (at the Police Office), on THURSDAY, 10th OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. Country of Cumberland. Parish of Londonderry: 8 lots (25) to 41 acros) on and near the new read from Parsamatta to Richmond, mar South Creek, and adjacent to J. Larra's 600 acros, portions 1 to VIII. (Upset price, £1 per acre.)—Special. Country Lot. Country of Cumberland. Parish of Cornelia: 44 acres on the right bank of the Hawkesbury River, immediately below H. Moxam's 50 acres. (Upset price, £3 per acre.) See Government Gazette, No. 206.

ADELONG (at the Police Office), on THURSDAY, 17th OCTOBER.—SUNURRAN LOTS. County of Wynyard. Parish of Adelong: 4 lots (11 acres 2 roots 32 perches to 14 acres 1 root 8 perches) at Adelong, portions 15 to 18. (Upset price, £3 per acre.—Town Lots. County of Wynyard. Parish of Adelong: 31 lots (1 rood to 2 roods) in the town of Adelong, allotments 1 to 5 and 7 to 14 of section 8, 3 and 8 of section 11, 3 to 8 of section 17, 1 to 10 of section 20. (Upset price, £20 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, No. 212.

ALBURY (at the Police Office), on FRIDAY, 18th OCTOBER.—Country Lors. County of Goulburn. Patish of Germanton: 9 lots (45 to 102) acres) on and near Tep-Mile Creek, between T. H. Bardwell's 193 acres and G. Bardwell's 28 acres, near Germanton, portions 17 to 25. (Upset price, £1 per acre)—Town Lors. County of Denison. Parish of Mulwala: 48 lots (1 rood 5 perches to 3 roods 30 perches) in the town of Mulwala, allotments 1 to 9 of section 2, 1 to 10 of section 4, 1 to 8 of section 5, 3 to 9 of section 7, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 of section 8, 1 to 9 of section 10, 10 perchange (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See Government

BOCHOWA (at the Police Office), on FRIDAY, 18th OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of King. Parish unusmed: 304 acres at the head of Back Creek (Pudman Creek), about 14 mile south-easterly from John Britten's 30 acres, portion 1-vii; 103 acres on Harry's Creek (Pudman Creek), about 11 mile south-easterly from John Britten's 11 Howell's 1165 acres, portion 1-vi; 129 acres near the head of Harry's Creek (Pudman Creek), about three-quarters of a mile southerly from James Poplin's 30 acres, portion 1-vi; 2 lots (32 and 218 acres) on Boorowa River, adjoining and near W. Shelly's, B. Ryan's, and Harry's portions 1-vi and 1-vi. (Upset price £1 per acre.)—Town Lots. County of King. Parish of Boorowa: 4 lots (24 acres each) at the town of Borrowa; allotments 1 to 4 of section 40. (Upset price, £8 per acre.)—Town Lots. County of King. Parish of Boorowa: 5 lots (2 roods each) in the town of Boorowa; allotments 16 to 20 of section 2. County of King. Parish of Murrimboolla: 27 lots (1 rood each) in the village of Murrimboolla, allotments 11 to 29 of section 26, 1 to 20 of section 45. (Upset price, £8 per acre) See Government Gazette, Level of the Police Office), on FRIDAY, TENTERFIED (at the Police Office), on FRIDAY,

TENTERFIED (at the Police Office), on FRIDAY, 18th OCTOBER.—Schuiden Lots. County of Clive. Farish of Tenterfield: 28 lots (1 sere 9 perches to 7 seres 1 rood 18 perches) at Tenterfield allotment 3 of section 1, 5 and 4 of section 37, 1 and 2 of section 38, 1 and 2 of section 46, 1 to 6 of section 63; 1, 5, and 6 of section 93, 2 and 2 of section 46, 2 to 6 of section 63; 1, 5, and 6 of section 93, 2 and 2 of section 93, 2 and 3 to 7 of section 3, 1 and 8 to 10 of section 93, 2 to 8 and 18 of section 92. (Upset price, 28 per sect. (See Government Greetter, No. 212.)

TENTERFIELD (at the Police Office, on SATURDAY, 19th OCTOBER.—Suburban Lots. County of Clive. Parish of Tenterfield: 11 lots (2 scree to 2 scree

3 roods 35 perches) at Tenterfield, allotments 1 to 11 of section 36. (Upset price, £3 per acra.)—Town Lovs. County of Clive. Parish of Tenterfield; 40 lots (2 roods each) in the town of Tenterfield, allotments 1 to 20 of section 57, 1 to 20 of section 60. (Upset price, £8 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GARRITE, No. 212.

TUMUT (at the Police Office), on SATURDAY, 19th OCTOBER.—COUNTRY LOTS. County of Buccisugh. Parish of Killimicat: 38 lots (41 to 326 acres) on and near Killimicat Creek, lying westerly from Wwangle Village Reserve, about 5 miles north-easterly from Tumut, portions 1 to 37 and 78. (Upset price, £1 per acre.) See GOVERMMENT GARRYER, No. 212.

portions 1 to 57 and 78. (Upset price, £1 per acre.) See GOVERNMENT GAENTE, No. 212.

TO THE WOOL-GROWERS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—GENYLEMBE,—Referring to our circular of the 13th March last, urging on you the necessity of adepting steps for having the great staple cryport of the colony properly represented in the International Exhibition of 1865, and proposing on our own part to hold an exposition of wools in Sydney preparatory to their transmission to London, it is now our pleasure to announce to you that the New South Wales Commissioners have informed us that they will hold their colonial exhibition of wools in continuation with ours at our Rooms, on or about the 16th of January next, and transmit by the mail of that month those pareals intended for the Great Exhibition.

A preliminary meeting of flockmasters, and others connected with the wool trade, was held at our offices on the 29th April last, when it was recommended that the prisas which we propose to give (three gold medals) should be awarded as follows:—

1.—For the best sample of not less than six flocors of sheep's wool, washed on the sheep's buck.

3. For the best sample of not less than six flocors of sheep's wool, washed on the sheep's buck.

3. For the best sample of not less than lilbs. of scoured sheep's wool, washed on the sheep's buck.

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The August, 1861.

TO GENTLEMEN leaving the Colony and Partics whiching to DISPOSE of their HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.—The undersigned, having been for many years practically acquainted with AUCHONEERING in all its branches, undertake sales of household furniture, plate, glassware, books, carriages, horse, &c., and advance (when required) the probable amount the same will realise, without any extra charge for o doing, thus enabling gentlemen to occupy their houses until the day of their departure, the anctioners placing any surplus in the hands of their agents.

Having been favoured with many important sales from influential gentlemen, we have received many flattering testimonials from them expressing their entire satisfaction at sales thus effected; and from the very liberal support which we have undoubtedly received, we trust that the public have appreciated our endeavours to obtain the best prices possible for goods entrusted to us for sale.

Inventories taken and catalogues prepared without charge.

Sales effected privately, when parties object to the pub-

WALTER BRADLEY and CO., the old Bank of Australasia, 239, George-street.

CEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.—First arrival of Young South Color of the Color of

Novelities in ribbons in all the new colours, azuline, mauve, magenta
Buttons, trimmings, braid, &c.

The mantle and millinery departments have also had George Chisholm and Co.'s best attention; amongst the fifty new shapes the following are the most admired:—
Clotilds Australia Carour Victor Emmanuel
Heloise Auselie
Corso Cavour Eugenie Piccolomini
Gladagh
Attilia
Ladies' and children's straw and crinoline hats
Rice, chip, horsehair, and straw bonnets
White crape bonnets, with flowers, 22s 6d., a choice novelty
The stock of baby linen and underclothing is of a magnitude unsurpassed in Sydney
Train skirts, with 50 rows of steel, made to expand
Ladies' underclothing, in half-dozen papers at the whole-sale price
Infants' hoods, frocks, and cloaks, &c., with the greatly admired knickerbocker suits for young gentlemen.

M ESSRS. G. CHISHOLM and Co. bog to invite

M RSSRS. G. CHISHOLM and CO, bog to invite the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity to inspect their choice assortment of summer mantles, comprising Their long caseques of black glace Ditto sleeved manteau Ditto paletot, with cuffs a la mousquetaire

Ditto lace jackets, improv Ditto black silk jackets -

And various trimmed with quilting

Matelet,
And various triumed with quilting.

MURPHY'S CHEAP PAPERHANGING DEPOT,
Faint, Oil, and Colour Store, No. 23, Parramatiastreet, right opposite Tooth's Brewery gate, and about 100
yards from the Railway Station.—JOHN MURPHY begs
to inform his customers and the public in general that he
has reduced every article in his establishment to the lowest
possible prices, viz. .—Befiled and raw linesed oil, by
the single gallon, 4s. 9d., by the 5-gallon drum 4s. 9d. with
drum given in, by the 6-gallon drum (parties finding their
own drum) 4s. 6d., by the barrsi of about 30 to 54 gallons
4s. 5d.; colza and spear oil, 7s. 6d. per gallon; humpback, polar, and black oil, 4s. 6d. per single gallon, by
quantities (10 to 20 gallons) 3s. 9d. to 4s. per cwt.; green,
blue, yellow, black and red paint, 34s. to 60s. per cwt.;
dry eolours, 20s. per cwt.; window glass. 48 x 40, 44 z 36,
42 x 36, 40 x 30, 36 z 30, 32 x 28, 30 x 20, 30 z 24, 36 x
24, 24 x 20, of which are of the following prices:—Per
doren squares, 10 x 8, 2s.; 12 x 10, 2s. 6d.; 14 x 10, 3s.;
18 x 14, 7s.; 20 x 14, 7s. 6d.; 22 x 16, 8s. 6d.; 22 x 18,
10s.; 24 x 18, 12s. Painters' and plasterers' brushes, hairbrooms; hearth, stove, blacklead, and scrubbing brushes,
in great variety, and cheap; room paper of every variety of
pattern, 6d. to 6s. per roll of 12 yards in length.—N.B. All
goods delivered free of charge in and about the city. At
the same time, J. M. begs to intimate to those who may
favour him with their orders that all goods nust be paid for
before they lave his establishment, or on delivery, as he
intends to keep no more books.

J. M. begs to inform the public that he has extered into
arrangements for a regular supply of Noble and Hoars's
superior varnishes, consisting of every variety for coach
and house painter's use; also, superior Freich polish, the
whole of which he will sell at English cost price. The
trade may rely on gretting the genuine article, and not an
article falsely labelled.

Country and all other erders attended to with despatch

WAISON, druggist, 593, Brickfield-hill.

TO HOMGOPATHISTS.—Will arrive in a few days a fresh supply of Leath and Ross Home, potting the Medicines. These cases are furnished with all the globules used in the treatment of diphtheria. The supply being limited early application is necessary to A. CUBITT, Bridge-street, 87 days.

FOR SALE, all kinds of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Plants in Pots, English Box for edgings. Apple and Lemon Stocks for grafting on. JOHN PURCHASE, Paramenta.

Neville :—

Neville :—

Set elive oil, in jars and half-jars

Terturia, citric, and acetic acid

Hemp, rapa, and canary seed

Turkey and Patan opium

Julubes, gum pastiles, and refined liquorice

Gallipoli, coles, and linseed oil

Alum, pearlach, and borax

Essence lemon, rapborry, and pinesepole

Borwich's baking powder

Refined saltpotra, bay salt, and ealprunelle

Reviand's colonic, kalydor, and Macassar oil

Jamaica and African ginger

Cream tartar, carbonate soda

Sulphuric, nitric, and muristic seid

Dinneford's and Murray's magnesia

Hawkin's laundry blue

Langton's, and De Jough's cod liver oil

Helloway's pills and oilment

Oil assairas, cloves, and wintergreen

Cochineal, saftron, orris root

West India arrowood, taploca, and sago

Kesting's lonenges, insect powder, and bon bons

Dunn's essence coffee, Heckin's casence sucke

Barry's revelenta arabics

Strychnine, quinine, nitrate of silver

Hudson's washing crystals

Frice's and Field's night-lights

Rectified ether, chloroform

Chorodyne, ergotine salicine.

FOSS, SON, and CO., Piti-street North.

Rectified other, chloroform.

FOSS, SON. and CO., Pitt-street North.

Congou and hysomskin teas, cheest, half-cheets, and boxes

Coffee—whole or ground, in cannisters or tin lined cases
Sugars—ration and counter, snowdrop, and loaf

Tobacco—twist and honeydew, Havannah and Manila
cigars

Raisina, currents, figs, almonds and nuts

Salad and castor oils, pickles and mustard
Liverpool, coarse, fine, and rock salt
Oysters, lebsters, salmon, red and white herrings

Sperm and tallow candles, soap, first brands
Cheese, baccon, hams, starch, blue, and spices
Spilit peas, hops, vinegar, jama, and confectionery

Brandy, rum, geneva, old tom, whisky, champagne
Port and sherry wines, claret, hock, bitters

Ale and porter, in wood and bottle, and
Every requisite for a station or country store.

CHURCH, BROTHERS (successors to the late William

Barnett), 329, George-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE by the undersigned.—

Fine teas, cheets and halves, ox Norna, Shakespeare,
Marco Polo, Algernon, and Collingwood

Coffee, Manila
Sugars, loaf, Mauritius, crystals, No. 1 Price's yellows,
M. O. and A.

Raisina, Valencia, in boxes

Currants new, 120 barrels

Candide, sperm, 800 boxes

Ditto, moulds

Butter, Cork rose, 200 firkins

Soda crystals, 20 tons in small cashs

Whiting, 10 tons

Fine flour, California

Liverpool salt, coarse and fine

Saltpatre, in 1 owt. kegs

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EDE BUN

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N

Whiting, 10 tons
Fine flour, California
Liverpool salt, coarse and fine
Saltpetre, in 1 cwt. kegs
English cheese in cases
Patna rice, estmeal
Raglish blacking, in casks
Washing crystals, 20 cases
With a general stock of olimen's stores.
WILLIAM LOVE, grocer, 494, George-street, opposite
the Market.

ON SALE, by the undersigned.
Brandy, Martell's and Hennessy's, dark and pale
Geneva, JDKZ, and anchor brands
Port and sherry, in wood and bottle
Fulton's ale, in hogsbeads
Galvanised from, 24 and 26 gauge, 6, 7, and 8 feet
Blasting and sporting powders

a confectionery and jams

Fulton's ale, in hogsheads
Galvanised iron, 24 and 26 gauge, 6, 7,
Blasting and sporting powders
Wotherspoon's confectionery and jama
Munts metal, and patent felt
Woodpacks, 10 to 104 lbs.
3-bushel bags, 26-8.
Cearse Liverpool salt
Batty's hydraulic sperm candles
York hams, &c.
GLICHRIST, WATT GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

TWRPS.—Best English, white and coloured PAINTS.
Lineece, colza, and Chinese oil
Sheet zinc, 8 to 10 lbs.
Lead piving and gas tubing, † to 2 inch
Corrugated galvanised iron, of various makers
Building ironmongery.

RABONE, FEEZ, and CO.

O R S A L E, by the undersigned.— Jeffrey's als, in bulk Ditto ditto, in bottle Younger's Alloa als, in bulk Henneser's heardy dert and role. Hennessy's brandy, dark and pale. YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT, George and Mar-

HALL and ALDERSON, Tanners and Curriers,
manufacturers and importers of
SADDLERY, HARNESS
Mayne's Patent BREAKING SADDLES
Crimean and other PACKSADDLES
Crimean and other PACKSADDLES
BOOTS and SHOES of all kinds
ENAMELLED and JAPANNED LEATHER
MILL BELTS, ACCOUTREMENTS
GRINDERY and SADDLERS' IRONMONGERY.
221. Elizabeth-street.

BLACK and POLAR OIL always on hand. AND for SALE, at Lord's Forest, on the old Illawarra Road, four miles beyond the Dam, Cook's River: from 16 to 30 acros of excellent land, heavily timbered; running stream of good water; fenced in, and on easy terms. Apply to Mr. A. BARDEN, Cook's River.

River.

FOR SALE, eight BLOCKS of country, on the Warrego, in the colony of Queensland, adjoining each other, with 300 head of Horse Stock. Terms, libral. Apply to T. G. DANGAR, Ballerawa, Wee Waa; or to J. B. RUNDLE, 309, George-street, Sydney.

DGAN RIVER STATIONS for SALE.—West Bogan, Block No. 23.

Ditto ditto, Nos. 3, 4, and 5, containing 138,000 acres. Ditto ditto, No. 1, containing 47,000 acres.
Apply to J. B. RUNDLE, 309, George-street.

Apply to J. B. RUNDLE, 309, George-street.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.—A valuable section of good Land, containing 160 acres, situated on Quart Pot Creek, Queensland, on which is erected a good substantial licensed house, known as the Golden Fiecce Inn, containing two parlours, and three best bedrecoms; also large and commodious bar and taproom, with three large bedreoms, making up seven beds. Also landlerd's private sitting-room and bedroom. The whole house is in full working order, and doing a first-rate trade. It is the only inn on the main northern road, about half-way between Tenterfield and Warwick, distance eighty miles.

Detached is a good substantial store in two compartments, also a kitchen having brick oven and stone chluncy, with two rooms attached. The kitchen is flagged, and communicates to the house by a way which is flagged, and communicates to the house by a way which is flagged and

menta, also a kitchen having brick oven and stone chimney, with two rooms attached. The kitchen is flagged, and communicates to the house by a way which is flagged, and covered with a shingled roofing. The stable contains six stalls, together with harness-room and loose box. There is likewise a fowl-house, &c., and men's hut. The whole is enclosed with a good paling fence. All the buildings are erected substantially on alsespers, except the men's hut and fewl-house, and skingled with hardwood shingles. They are in thorough repair, not having been yet erected five years. No pine in any part of the buildings, secopt the ceiling. The whole front of the main building, parlours, hall, &c., being of sawn hardwood plank, one and-a-half inch thick, and nine feet ten inches from floor to ceiling all through, with three stone chimneys in main building. Furniture to be taken at a valuation at the option of the purchaser. The garden contains about two across, and is paled in. There is also a large stockyard with drafting yards, milking yard, and calf-pen. All these improvements are on the purchased land. Attached to these premises, on Government ground, are two extensive grass paddocks, the one two miles round, and the other three niles, with a never-failing creek running through. There are also two small cultivation paddocks, containing about eighteen acres. The northern mail changes horses at the house twice a-week.

This very destrable property is in the centre of extensive quanting stations, and from its favourable situation, cannot fall to ensure a rapid fortune to an enterprising landlord, well up to his business. A plan of the promises may be seen at the office of, and for terms, apply to Messarz. TUCKER and CO., George-street, Sydney.

FROM BARK GIRDERS and PILES in any quantity.

RONBARK GIRDERS and FILES in any quantity.

ROR SALE, Two excellent COWS; a choice of four given. Mr. CHIZLETT, Newtown Tollbar.

POR SALE, a Waterman's SKIFF, in good working order; mast, and, sculla, &c., complete. Price, £10.

Apply Paragon Hotel, Circular Quay.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, containing the "MONTHLY SYDNEY MAIL," will be forwarded to all parts of the world, in accordance with instructions as to address, on the following terms: "Single copies, including postage stamp, will be charged 64. each; or the twelve monthly numbers, also including postage stamps, the price will be 5s. per annum via Southampton, and 7s. per annum via Marseilles, payable in advance.